EDITORIAL BOARD

Editor

PROFESSOR P. MAHESHWARI

Associate Editors

Professor T. S. Sadasiyan

Professor A. Abraham

Dr. B. M. Joem

History of Botanical Researches in India, Burma and Ceylon

PART II. SYSTEMATIC BOTANY OF ANGIOSPERMS

By

Rev. H. SANTAPAU, S.J., Ph.D., F.N.I.

Director, Biology Section St. Xavier's College, BOMBAY







BANGALORE CITY

PRINTED AT THE HANGALORE PRESS, MYSORE ROAD
1958

Price: Rs. 4.20 (Postage 50 nP.)





To The Panjab University

Botany of Angiosperms by Rev. Dr. H. Santapau, S.J. in the series of the History of Botanical Researches in India, Burma and Ceylon, has been made possible by a generous subvention from the PANJAB UNIVERSITY, Chandigarh. The Executive Council and the Editorial Board of the Indian Botanical Society wish to record their deep appreciation and grateful thanks to the Vice-Chancellor and the authorities of the Panjab University for encouragement in this academic project.

PREFACE

It was about five years ago that some Members of the Indian Botanical Society discussed with the UNESCO Science Co-operation Office for South Asia the possibility of producing a review of the botanical researches carried out in India, Burma and Ceylon during the last hundred years. UNESCO encouraged the project and promised to help us financially in the publication of the report and indeed gave a generous grant of six hundred dollars.

The matter was placed before the Annual General Meeting of the Indian Botanical Society held in January 1953 and the Secretary was requested to work out the details in consultation with the Members of the Executive Council. In the summer of 1953 some definite assignments were made for the preparation of the reviews. Later, these were slightly modified and the present list is as follows:—

- 1. History of the Indian Botanical Society-M. O. P. Iyengar.
- Algæ—M. O. P. Iyengar, Y. Bharadwaja and T. V. Desikachary.
- 3. Mycology and Plant Pathology-S. N. Das Gupta.
- 4. Bryophytes-S. K. Pandé.
- 5. Pteridophytes-N. P. Chowdhury.
- 6. Gymnosperms-P. Maheshwari and B. M. Johri.
- 7. Systematic Botany of Angiosperms-H. Santapau.
- 8. Anatomy of Angiosperms-G. C. Mitra.
- 9. Floral Anatomy-V. Puri.
- 10. Wood Anatomy-K. A. Chowdhury.
- 11. Embryology of Angiosperms-P. Maheshwari and B. M. Johri.
- 12. Palæobotany-A. R. Rao.
- 13. Physiology-K. N. Lal.
- 14. Ecology-R. Misra and G. S. Puri.
- 15. Cytogenetics-P. N. Bhaduri and S. Ramanujam.

In the preparation of these reviews it was decided to keep the following objectives in mind: (1) The information should be of real value to scientists. (2) The bibliography should be as complete as possible.

At the Baroda Meeting of the Indian Botanical Society held in January 1954, it was decided to turn over the work of editing the

manuscripts to me. Later at my request the Society agreed to form an Editorial Board consisting of four persons: Prof. P. Maheshwari, Prof. T. S. Sadasivan, Prof. A. Abraham and Dr. B. M. Johri.

Further as a result of discussions between the Members of the Editorial Board and Members of the Executive Council, it was finally decided to give up the idea of bringing out one single volume as this would involve a lot of delay. It seemed more appropriate that the reviews of the various branches of botany be published separately as and when ready. Accordingly the third number, Mycology and Plant Pathology, written by Prof. S. N. Das Gupta, has been released. The seventh on the list on Systematic Botany is now presented. Palæobotany is also in press and it is hoped that henceforth we shall be able to publish three or four reviews every year completing the whole project in about four years from now.

DELHI UNIVERSITY, April 14, 1958. P. Maheshwari, Professor of Botany.

CONTENTS

							PAGE
	Intro	DUCTION	••	• •	• •	••	1
I.	Тне Е	Beginnings	• •		• •	••	1
II.	Deve	LOPMENTS UP TO	THE END	of the X	IX CENTUR	Y:	3
	1.	Flora of Britis	h India		• •		3
	2.	The Indian Bo	tanic Gar	den, Calc	utta		4
	3.	The Annals of	the Roya	l Botanic	Garden,		
		Calcutta		• •		• •	4
	4.	The Records of	of the Bot	anical Sur	vey of India	a	4
	5.	The Annals o	f the Ro	oyal Bota	nic Garder	1,	
		Peradeniya	• •		• •	• •	4
	6.	Provincial or I	Local Flor	as	• •	• •	5
III.	FROM	1900 то тне Р	RESENT		••		6
IV.	Тне І	PRESENT POSITIO	on	.,	• •		8
v.	Biblio	OGRAPHY					
	1.	National, Prov	incial an	d Local F	loras; Acco	unts	š
		of Botanica	al Explora	itions			11
	2.	On the Histor	y of Bota	ny in S. A	Asia		41
	3.	Botanical Gar	dens in I	ndia			43
	4.	Medicinal and	l Econom	ic Plants	• •		46
	5.	Genera and	Species of	f Plants	Described	or	
		Monograph	ied	• •	• • *		52
	6.	Supplement			• •		75

Introduction

This interesting subject has been dealt with in a masterly fashion by several authors (e.g., Agharkar, Biswas, King). In these introductory notes I shall limit myself to the more important developments in the field of Taxonomy or Systematics of Angiosperms, with particular attention to the progress made since the beginning of the present century.

The first half of this century has seen the completion of the regional or provincial floras envisaged after the publication of the *Flora of British India* by J. D. Hooker and his co-workers. In addition to State or Provincial floras, we have had a number of local ones, dealing with rather restricted areas; such works, whether published in book form or as a series of papers, will be listed in the bibliography under Part I.

With the attaining of Independence, India, Pakistan, Ceylon and Burma have taken their rightful place in the scientific world; as a proof of the spirit that animates the botanists of these countries, it is enough to point out to the large number of areas that have been or are being explored systematically, and to the large number of papers of great interest that are being brought out from various centres of learning.

While preparing the bibliography, I have had to struggle against a very serious difficulty, the almost complete impossibility of consulting many of the modern University journals, in which new research in this and other lines is being reported. It is regrettable that the exchange of publications among the countries covered by this paper is almost non-existent; further, even in India itself our Universities do not seem to take any step to make their journals known to other centres. On several occasions I have tried to consult some of the journals of the Universities of e.g., Madras, Travancore, Andhra, etc., and found but a few stray numbers in libraries of the Universities of Calcutta and This brings to my mind another important point, which refers to the validity of publication of new species or genera; in accordance with the International Code of Botanical Nomenclature, publication must be effective, and for this purpose we are strongly recommended to avoid publication in any journal "unlikely to reach the general botanical public"; unfortunately this is the case with many of our more recent publications!

I. THE BEGINNINGS

Plants have been studied in these parts of the world from times immemorial, mainly from the medicinal point of view; but here, as well as in the West, the systematic study of plants may only be said to date from Linne's publication of *Species Plantarum* (1753), and *Genera Plantarum* (5th edition, 1754).

Before 1753 we have several books deserving special mention, for they drew the attention of the learned men of the West to the vast potentialities of the South Asiatic flora. The first is Garcia da Orta's Os Coloquios, published in Goa in 1565; the author gave a detailed account of some of the more striking Indian medicinal plants from first-hand knowledge. The book became known in Europe mainly through the Latin summary of Clusius (Charles l'Escluse), published in 1567, which in the course of half a century went through several editions in the main European languages or in the original Latin.

A little over a hundred years later, Heinrich van Rheede tot Draakenstein, the Governor of the Dutch Possessions in India, started publishing his monumental Hortus Malabaricus. Linne saw this book when he was a student in Holland, and it is mainly on Rheede's Hortus that Linne based the nomenclature of Indian plants in his Species Plantarum. Rheede's book, thus, became a very important contribution to Indian Botany, for on the correct interpretation of its descriptions and diagrams depends the interpretation of Linne's names of Indian plants in Species Plantarum.

Other interesting books published prior to 1753 are listed in the bibliography; mention may be made in particular of Linne's Flora Zeylanica (1748); J. Burman's Thesaurus Zeylanicus (1737); P. Hermann's Paradisus Batavus (1687); etc.

The beginnings of post-Linnean botany in India may be said to date from the arrival of J. G. Koenig, a pupil of Linne, in 1768. Koenig joined the Tranquebar Mission as a surgeon and naturalist, and in union with some of the United Brethren such as Klein, Rottler, etc., made splendid collections in the neighbourhood of Madras; the Brethren sent their specimens to various botanists in Europe.

In Bengal the earlier works are associated with John Fleming, Sir William Jones, Roxburgh, Wallich, Buchanan-Hamilton, etc. In 1787, Robert Kyd founded the Botanic Garden of Calcutta, and from the very beginning even up to this day it has occupied a pre-eminent position in the development of botanical studies in India.

The initial progress of botany of Bombay is associated with the names of Alexander Gibson, John S. Law, J. E. Stocks and John Graham. Bombay can boast of being the first province in India to have had a Conservator of Forests in the person of A. Gibson (1847), whose main duty was to put a stop to the wasteful destruction of the forests within the province.

In the North and North-West parts of the country, the name of J. F. Royle stands out prominently; he did some exploration in the neighbourhood of Saharanpur Botanic Garden and on the Himalayas; he sent collectors to Kashmir. Other early explorers in the North-West are W. S. Webb, William Moorcroft, Alexander and James S. Gerard, Henry Strachey, Richard Strachey, etc. Many of their collections were gathered at the Saharanpur Garden (later on transferred to

Dehra Dun), and on these as well as on his own, Royle based his splendid Illustrations.

The botany of Madras was studied by the Tranquebar Brethren, by Roxburgh at the beginning of his service in India, and especially by Robert Wight. The latter has been rightly called the greatest collector of plants up to his time; he was indefatigable both in his field tours in the northern parts of Madras, in Tanjore and later in the South of India, and in the publication of the most magnificent books, which even today are indispensable to any serious worker in this branch of botany.

The flora of Nepal was studied by Wallich, Buchanan-Hamilton, and towards the middle of the century by J. D. Hooker. Nepal to this day remains still practically unexplored, with the exception of the district about Kathmandu and some parts of the eastern boundaries of the nation.

Ceylon has had a distinguished band of botanists from Paul Hermann, who was called "The Father of Ceylon Botany"; he worked in the island from 1670 to 1677, and made large collections and drawings of Ceylon plants, some of which were published in *Paradisus Batavus*. Carl P. Thunberg, one of the most distinguished of Linne's pupils, collected from Colombo down the coast to Galle for nearly a year in 1777–78. During 1817–25 Alexander Moon was the Superintendent of the Government Garden, and under his guidance and at his instigation it was transferred to Peradeniya, from where it has greatly influenced the development of botanical studies in Ceylon even to this day.

The botanical exploration of Burma is linked up with the names of Buchanan-Hamilton, Wallich, etc., but especially with that of the Rev. F. Mason. S. Kurz devoted much of his energies to the study of the flora of Burma from the Botanic Garden of Calcutta.

The extreme north-western parts of the area under study were explored by J. S. Stocks, who was the first collector to gather plants from Baluchistan; the area, however, seems not to have attracted many botanists, perhaps on account of the very dry conditions of Sind and adjacent provinces.

II. DEVELOPMENTS UP TO THE END OF THE XIX CENTURY

The salient features of Systematic Botany in India and neighbouring States during the second half of the century are the following:

1. The publication of the Flora of British India by Sir J. D. Hooker and his co-workers. In 1855 Hooker and Thomson published the first volume of Flora Indica; but this work was soon given up in favour of the more comprehensive Flora of British India. Publication of the latter started in 1872; the seventh and last volume came out in 1897. The work is a pioneer one, and therefore suffers from the defects of such works; Hooker himself acknowledged that "in a work of this scope, neither fullness nor completeness are attainable in the present

state of science. Under these circumstances an exhaustive Flora would be a work of many years and many volumes; and it is as a hand-book to what is already known, and a pioneer to more complete works, that the present is put forward". In spite of its defects and deficiencies, the Flora of British India is a monument to the ingenuity and diligence of Hooker and his assistants, and has formed the basis of all the later Provincial floras published up to the present.

2. The Indian Botanic Garden, Calcutta.—From the beginning this Garden has been a centre of intense activity in the taxonomic study of plants. The Garden with its Herbarium is second to none in India, nay in the East. The development of the Garden can be followed from the reports of successive superintendents, among which the following stand out prominently:

Roxburgh, W. .. Hortus bengalensis, 1814.

Voigt, J. O. .. Hortus suburbanus Calcuttensis, 1845.

Anderson, T. .. Catalogue, 1865. Gage, A. T. .. Catalogue, 1911-12.

The Herbarium contains the most valuable collection of plants from India and adjacent countries; many of the types of Indian plants are carefully preserved there. On account of the large number of specimens (calculated in several millions) and of the type materials, the Herbarium forms the most valuable nucleus of specimens in India, and deserves every attention from Indian botanists.

- 3. The Annals of the Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta.—From their inception under the energetic direction of Sir George King in 1887, the Annals have maintained a very high standard not only for India but also for the world in general; they are often cited in botanical works among the most authoritative books. For this reason it is to be hoped that the Annals will continue to come out more regularly and will retain the honourable position they have attained in the past.
- 4. The Records of the Botanical Survey of India.—These, too, owe their inception to the zeal of Sir George King; the Botanical Survey of India was started in 1890; three years later the Records came out for the first time. Up to the present 16 volumes have appeared and they record the names of some of the more distinguished botanists of the last 60 years. The Records and the Annals are the best systematic publications in India, and both have attained an honoured position in the world of botany. It was a sad day when the Botanical Survey of India was allowed to die out on account of shortage of funds; by 1930 the Survey was to all purposes dead, but for a nominal head without any assistants and funds. It is to be hoped that with the revival of the Botanical Survey of India, the Records will also be revived and will start publication in a more regular form than in the first era of their life.
- 5. The Annals of the Royal Botanic Garden, Peradeniya.—The first volume appeared only in 1901, under the expert editorship of J. C. Willis. It is enough to say here that the Annals of the Royal

Botanical Gardens, Peradeniya, have done for Ceylon, what the *Annals* of Calcutta have done for India; the presentation, however, is not on the same lavish scale as the Indian counterpart.

6. Provincial or local floras.—Even before the publication of Hooker's Flora of British India, a number of local floras had appeared, and several others came out in the course of the second half of the century. The following list records the names of provinces or smaller areas for which floras had been published before the end of the century; the full title of the books or papers can be seen in the bibliography.

		1044	3.4
• •	• • .		Munro, W.
• •	• •		Beddome, R. H.
• •	• •		Elliot, W.
• •		1852, 1867	Edgeworth, M. P.
			Long, J.
			Graham, J.
		1861	Dalzell, A. N. and
			A. Gibson,
		1894	Talbot, W. A.
		1851	Mason, F.
		1877	Kurz, S.
		1840	Masters, J. W.
		1862	Anderson, R.
		1824	Moon, A.
		1858-64	Thwaites, G. H. R.
			Trimen, H.
			Pearson, H. H. W.
			Roxburgh, W.
			Gamble, J. S.
			Prain, D.
			King, G.
			Dalgado, D. G.
			Royle, J. F.
			Watson, J. F.
			Prain, D.
			Aitchison, J. E. T.
		-	Anderson, T.
- •			Beddome, R. H.
lochwar			Birdwood, H. M.
10311 Wat			Macadam, Miss
• •			
Talanda			Van Someren, C. J.
			Prain, D.
	• •		Wallich, N.
			Don, D.
• •	• •		Kurz, S.
7 . 7 - 1 T			Duthie, J. F.
entrai ind	11a		Brandis, D.
• •	• •		Kurz, S.
••	• •		Powell, B. H.
		1869	Stewart, J. L.
		leshwar	1859 1852, 1867 1857–58 1839 1861 1894 1851 1877 1840 1862 1824 1858–64 1893 1899 1795–1819 1878 1890 1882 1898 1893 1892 1863 1859 1863 1859 1863 1859 1863 1879 Islands 1890 1879 Islands 1893 1824 1896 1879 Islands 1893 1824 1896 1879 Islands 1893 1824 1875

Punjab-Sind	 1869	Aitchinson, J. E. T.
Simla	 1897	Bruce, Lady E.
South India	 1861	Cleghorn, H.
	1869-	
Western India	 1894	Nairne, A. K.
	1897	Woodrow, G. M.

III. From 1900 to the Present

The details of this part of the history of Botany have been given by Agharkar and Biswas (see bibliography, Pt. II); following are the more important points:

The first half in this period saw the fulfilment of the plan to publish local or provincial floras for the various Peninsular provinces that did not have them. Intensive exploration went on all over the country, but the work was mainly done by the Botanical Survey of India, with little help from the Universities. The latter seemed to be more attracted towards other branches of Botany, such as Embryology, Physiology, etc. After the disappearance of the Botanical Survey of India, taxonomical work practically came to a standstill throughout the country. A few centres of activity kept on in spite of difficulties, and mention must be made of some of them.

Calcutta has continued to be at the head of Systematic Botany in the Peninsula in this century, as it was also during the previous one. At the beginning of the century D. Prain published his Bengal Plants and several other important contributions. The Records of the Botanical Survey of India, which had published but one volume up to the end of the previous period, brought out Vols. 2 to 16 after 1900. The Annals of the Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta, published six volumes between 1900 and 1950, the latest being on Dioscorea by I. H. Burkill and D. Prain. The successive superintendents of the Botanic Garden and their assistants have kept up the traditions of the Garden, in spite of the great handicaps imposed on them by the shortage of funds and the small number of assistants.

Madras.—In 1915 J. S. Gamble published the first part of his Flora of Madras, and from the outset the book was received in the botanical world as one of the best floras of India; Gamble supervised the publication of the first seven parts; after his death in 1925, C. E. C. Fischer, who had done intensive study on the flora of the province, completed the work in 1936. P. F. Fyson studied the flora of the Nilgiris and other high hills of South India; P. V. Mayuranathan in 1929 brought out Flowering Plants of Madras City and Its Immediate Neighbourhood, one of the best local or restricted floras of this century. In 1938 E. Barnes brought a supplement to Mayuranathan's book. During the last few years great promise has been shown by a school of young and energetic botanists, who have been working in Bangalore and Mysore; it is to be hoped that their enthusiasm will not fade until the flora of Mysore is fully known.

Dehra Dun.—The Forest Research Institute has been one of the most active centres of India; naturally the Dehra Dun botanists were mostly and primarily concerned with the flora of our forests; but their work has extended to other parts, to the great advantage of Indian Botany. Notable contributions have been made to the flora of the Upper Gangetic Plain and other parts of Northern India by J. F. Duthie, R. N. Parker, C. E. Parkinson, M. B. Raizada, N. L. Bor and others. The Indian Forester and Indian Forest Records have continued to hold their position among the leading botanical journals of the country.

Bombay.—At the beginning of the century Poona was the centre of the Botanical Survey of India for the western parts of the country. Outstanding contributions were made by T. Cooke, G. A. Gammie, R. K. Bhide, G. M. Woodrow, etc. W. A. Talbot concentrated his attention to the forest flora, particularly that of the North Kanara districts. Gujerat was explored by Saxton and Sedgwick; the latter also collected extensively about Dharwar. In Bombay itself E. Blatter formed a school of Systematic Botany, and together with his pupils made extensive explorations in various parts of the province. Bombay can boast of Jayakrishna Indraji Thaker who after long apprenticeship in Bombay went to Saurashtra and explored the Barda hills; his results are embodied in a monumental book, the first scientific book on Systematic Botany written in a regional language (Gujerati) in India.

Central India.—H. H. Haines did much work in Chota Nagpur and in general in Bihar and Orissa; his work has been continued by H. F. Mooney, who recently brought out a comprehensive supplement to Haines' Botany. At present there is a great interest in the study of the vegetation of Madhya Pradesh, and the preparation of the regional flora is well advanced.

Assam.—The last of the great provincial floras to come out is that of Assam; it took a large team of botanists, under the energetic direction of U. Kanjilal, several years to bring out the series of volumes on Assam. Independently C. E. C. Fischer has published a number of papers on Assam novelties; N. L. Bor has done very good work on the grasses of the province. Assam, however, still has many districts of which the botany is but little known.

Pakistan.—Some work has been done on the Indus Delta by Blatter and his pupils; in Waziristan by Blatter and J. Fernandes; in Baluchistan by Blatter and the present writer. But on the whole the botany of West Pakistan needs much more intense and careful study. East Pakistan has been worked out by Prain and other botanists from Bengal; recently an interesting list of plants of Dacca has been published by Datta and Mitra (1955).

Ceylon.—With the Annals of the Royal Botanic Garden, Peradeniya, there came into being an enthusiastic band of botanists, who have kept working on the exploration of Ceylon and neighbouring islands in the Indian Ocean. Mention must be made of J. C. Willis, A. H. G. Alston, E. J. Livera, C. H. Holmes, etc., who have published considerable works on the botanical exploration of Ceylon.

Burma.—In this century, C. E. C. Fischer has done pioneer work of great value on the botany of the country from the herbarium of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew. Of late the University of Rangoon seems to have taken a leading part in the study of Systematic Botany in Burma, and the various papers published show great promise.

IV. THE PRESENT POSITION

The latest developments in the study of Systematic Botany are very encouraging. The world at large, and our own National Laboratories in particular, have come to realise the great dependence of many branches of science on raw materials from the vegetable kingdom. This has moved the authorities in India to try and revive the Botanical Survey of India to the splendour of former times. The general scheme of the revived Survey is to divide the country into several regions, and to place each under the care of a competent team of botanists; each region will have its own herbarium, with a garden where the more interesting plants may be tested. In addition there is a plan for the erection of a national or central herbarium and garden together with a botanical laboratory. The Records of the Botanical Survey of India will also be revived and made to come out more frequently than in the past, so as to enable field workers to publish their results without delay.

One of the best signs of interest in Systematic Botany in this area is to see the growing attention that is being paid to it by our Universities. Of late, papers have appeared from Banaras, Annamalai, Allahabad, etc., in India; from Rangoon in Burma; and from Karachi and other universities in Pakistan. Intensive work goes on in some of the best Universities of the various countries under survey.

Before concluding these introductory remarks, it is appropriate to mention the great hardship felt by many students in these countries on account of the scarcity of books on Systematic Botany; all the great provincial floras have been out of print for many years, and without them students cannot devote themselves to the study of Systematic Botany. The Government of India, through the Botanical Survey, have planned to republish the more important floras at an early date. This decision is most welcome, and such floras cannot be published too early to satisfy the needs of the country.

Finally it would be unfair in this short recension not to mention some of the journals that have contributed so much to the knowledge of the flora of the region. In addition to those mentioned before (Records of the Botanical Survey of India, Annals of the Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta and Peradeniya, Indian Forester and Indian Forest Records) the following stand out prominently:

The Journal (and Proceedings) of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.

The Journal of the Bombay Natural History Society.

The Journal of the Indian Botanical Society.

Among the newcomers to this field of botany, the Bulletin of the Botanical Society of Bengal shows great promise. Among foreign journals,

Kew Bulletin has always shown a partiality for India; in America, the Journal of the Arnold Arboretum has brought out some very interesting papers on Indian Botany.

The following is a summary of the many books and papers published from 1900 onwards on the flora of the various States and other small areas in India and adjacent countries. The full title and reference is given in the bibliography.

·				
Abor Hills			1924	Burkill, I. H.
Agra			1953	Watts, N. A.
Aka Hills			1938	Bor, N. L.
		• •	1941	Biswas, K.
Allahabad			1928	Srivastava, G. D.
Annamalai Hills			1921	Fischer, C. E. C.
Andaman Islands			1903	Gamble, J. S.
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	• •	1923	Parkinson, C. E.
Annamalainagar			1941	Pillai, S. K.
Assam			1929	Fischer, C. E. C.
		•	1934	Kanjilal, U., et al.
Bailadilla Range			1942	Mooney, H. F.
Bangalore			1946	Venkatesh and Govindu.
		•	1949	Govindu, H. C.
Barda Hills			1910	Indraji Thaker, J.
Bengal			1903	Prain, D.
24118412	••	• •	1929	Cowan, A. M., B. A. and J. M.
Bihar and Orissa			1921	Haines, H. H.
Billar alla Oribba	• •	• •	1950	Mooney, H. F.
Billigirangam Hill	s		1944	Barnes, E.
Bombay			1901	Cooke, T.
Domeay	• •	• •	1909	Talbot, W. A.
Burma			1926	Fischer, C. E. C.
Calcutta			1946	Benthall, A. P.
Calcutta Calcutta, South			1950	Biswas, K.
Caracorum	.,		1930	Pampanini, R.
Cevlon	.,		1911	Willis, J. C.
Chota Nagpur	.,		1902	Wood, J. J.
Onota Tuebpar	• •	• •	1910	Haines, H. H.
Coimbatore			1915	Tadulingam, C.
Combatore	• •	• •	1950	Chandrasekhara Ayyar, S. N.
			1000	and G. Lakshman
Coimbatore, Nor	th		1908	Blatter, E.
Central Provinces			1908	Witt, D. D.
College I To villoos		••	1916	Haines, H. H.
Cutch			1908	
Dacca	. •	• •	1955	Blatter, E. Datta, R. M. and J. M. Mitra
Dangs	• •	• •	1954-55	Santapau, H.
Dangs	• •	• •	1929	
Darjeeling Dehra Dun	• •	• •	1935	Cowan, J. M., B.A., A. M.
was 14 t	• •	• •	1953	Raizada, M. B.
	• •	• •		Mukherjee, S. K.
Ganjam, North	• •	• •	1904-05	Fischer, C. E. C.

		1052	Misra, R.
Ghatera	• •	1953	Souza, J. C. D.'E.
Goa	• •	1944	Sahni, K. C.
Great Nicobar Islands	• •	1952	Saxton, W. T. and
Gujerat, North	• •	1918	L. J. Sedgwick
		1924	Kenoyer, L. A.
Gwalior	• •	1935	Biswas, K.
Hazaribagh	• •		Smith, W. W.
Himalaya, Eastern		1911	Syeed-ud-Din, M.
Hyderabad	• •	1936	Blatter, E. and F. Hallberg
Indian Desert	• •	1918	Discos W E
Indian Desert Indore Indus Delta	• •	1910	Biscoe, W. F. Blatter, E., C. McCann and
Indus Delta	• •	1927	T. S. Sabnis
r 1. Division		1902	Betham, G. K.
Jerruck Division	• •	1951	Sarup, S.
Jodhpur Jubbulpore	• •	1904	Hole, R. S.
Jubbulpore	• •		Joshi, A. C.
Kailas and Manasarovar Kalimpong	• •		Cowan, J. M.
Kalimpong		1929 1938	Alston, A. H. G.
Kandy	• •		Coventry, B. O.
Kashmir	• •	1923	
		1927–28	
		1933	Lambert, W. J.
Khandala	• •	1953	Santapau, H.
Kumaon	• •	1906	Duthie, J. F.
Ladakh		1916–17	Stewart, R. R.
Lahul		1952	Joshi, A. C.
Lahore		1936	Joshi, A. C. and S. R. Kashyap
Lonavla and Karla		1903	Gammie, G. A.
Lohargal		1951	Ratnam, B. V.
Lushai Hills		1938	Fischer, C. E. C.
Madras City		19 2 9	Mayuranathan, P. V.
1414414005		1938	Barnes, E.
Madras Presidency		1915	Gamble-Fischer
Madras Trees		1911	Butterworth, A.
Mahableshwar		1952	Santapau, H.
Maldive Islands		1901	Willis-Gardiner
Matheran		1905	Oliver, A. K.
Mount Abu		1941	Sutaria, R. N.
Monte 1104		1953	Raizada, M. B.
Mussoorie		1909	Marten, J.
Mysore		1946	Razi, B. A.
Nagpur		1911-13	
Nandi Hills	• •	1942	Tirumalachar, M. J., et al.
		1952-54	Bannerji, M. L.
Nepal, East Nilgiri and Pulney Hills		1915	Fyson, P. F.
North-Western Provinces		1901	Kanjilal, U.
		1909	Blatter, E.
Panchgani	• •	1933	Kanjilal, P. C.
Philibit, etc.	• •	1955	Bakshi, T. S.
Pilani	• •	1952	Razi, B. A.
Poona		1934	Nazi, D. A.

Punjab			1901 1916	Coventry, E. M. Bamber, C. J.
			1918	Parker, R. N.
Punjab Plains			1940	Sabnis, T. S.
Rajasthan	• •	• •	1951	Sankhala, K. S.
Ranchi	• •	• •	1944	Mooney, H. F.
Ranchi District		• •	1951	Bressers, J.
Rangoon	* -		1950	Kwa, N. G.
Ritigala			1907	Willis, J. C.
Salaragamuya		• •	1902	Lewis, F.
Salt Lake, Calcutt			1926	Biswas, K.
Saugar			1953	Pandeya, S. C.
Saurashtra			1953	Santapau, H.
Sikkim			1911	Smith, W. W. and G. H. Cave
Sikkim Himalaya			1951	Ghosh, B. N.
Simhagadh Hill			1951	Santapau, H.
Simla			1902	Collett, H.
Sind			1923-24	Sabnis, T. S.
			1941	Rao, R.
South India			1932-40	Fischer, C. E. C.
South Indian Hill	Stations		1932	Fyson, P. F.
Sunderbuns			1903	Prain, D.
			1928	Cowan, J. M.
Tibet	••		1902	Hemsley, W. B and H. H. W.
				Pearson.
Tinnivelly Hills		· ,	1914	Ramaswami, S.
Torna Hill			1953	Vartak, V. D.
Travancore			1914	Rama Rao, M.
Uttar Pradesh			1928	Kanjilal, U.
			1928	Gupta, B. L.
Upper Gangetic P	lain		1903-22	Duthie, J. F.
Waziristan	• •		1930-33	Blatter, E.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

PART I

National, Provincial and Local Floras, Accounts of Botanical Explorations

- ACHART, A. D. 1905. Quinze cents plantes dans l'Inde, Pondichery.
- Adams, A. L. 1867. Wanderings of a Naturalist in India, the West Himalayas and Cashmere, Edinburgh.
- AGHARKAR, S. P. 1923. The present position of our knowledge of the aquatic flora of India. J. Indian bot. Soc. 3: 252-60.
- AND GHOSH, A. K. 1931. The composition of the Bengal Flora. Proc. 18th Indian Sci. Congr. Nagpur 278.
- Attension, J. E. T. 1864. Flora of the Jhelum District of the Punjab. J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 8: 55-75.
- Soc. Beng. N.S., 33: 290-320, maps 3.

- Afficiation, J. E. T. 1868. Lahul, its flora and vegetable products. J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 10: 69-101.
- _____. 1868. Flora of Hoshiarpur District of the Punjab. Ibid. 11: 17-22.
 - . 1869. A Catalogue of the Plants of the Punjab and Sindh, London.
- 5: 179-88. The vegetation of the Kuram and Hariab valleys. Indian For.
- AIYAR, T. V. V. 1932. The sholas of the Palghat division. A study in the ecology and silviculture of the tropical rain-forests of Western Ghats. *Ibid.* 58: 414-32. 473-86, map.
- ALCOCK, A. W. 1898. Report on the Natural History Results of the Pamir Boundary Commission; with a list of plants by J. F. Duthie, Calcutta.
- ALISON PHILLIPS, C. 1936. Letters from India 1829-32, being a selection from the correspondence of Victor Jacquemont, translated with an introduction, London.
- ALLARDYCE, J. 1836. Remarks on the vegetation of the Neilgherries. Madras J. Litt. and Sci. 4: 67-73.
- ALSTON, A. H. G. 1938. The Kandy Flora, Colombo.
- ------. 1929. Names published in Moon's Catalogue. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Peradeniya 11: 203-05.
- _____. 1931. (Supplement to Trimen's Handbook). See under Trimen.
- Anderson, G. 1888. Forest Trees in the Coffee Lands of South Mysore, Bangalore.
- Anderson, R. 1862. Catalogue of Plants Indigenous in the Neighbourhood of Calcutta with Directions for the Examination and Preservation of Plants, Calcutta.
- Anderson, T. 1859. Notes on the flora of Lucknow with catalogues of the cultivated and indigenous plants. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. N.S., 28: 89-120.
- ------. 1863. On the flora of Bihar and the mountain Parasnath, with a list of the species collected by Messrs. Hooker, Edgeworth, Thomson and Anderson. *Ibid.* 32: 189-218.
- ATKINSON, D. J. 1948. Forests and forestry in Burma. J. R. Soc. Arts 96: 478-91.
- BAIKIE, R. 1857. The Neilgherries: including an Account of Their Topography, Climate, Soil and Productions, Calcutta. (This is the Second edition.)
- BAKSHI, T. S. 1955. The vegetation of Pilani and its neighbourhood. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 52: 484-514, map.
- Balfour, E. 1862. The Timber Trees, Timber and Fancy Goods, as also the Forests of India and of Eastern and Southern Asia, Madras (Second edition).
- Ball, V. 1869. Notes on the flora of Nanbhum. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. N.S., II, 38: 112-24.
- BAMBER, C. J. 1916. Plants of the Punjab. A Descriptive Key to the Flora of the Punjab, North-West Frontier Province and Kashmir, Lahore.
- BANERJI, K. 1948. The Tamur Valley expedition. Indian For. 74: 96-101.
- BANERJI, M. L. 1952. Some noteworthy plants from East Nepal. J. Indian bot. Soc. 31; 152-53.
 - , 1953-54. Plants from East Nepal. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 51: 407-23, map; 543-60, 1953; 773-88, 1954.

- BANNERJI, S. C., RAMASWAMI, M. S. AND SMITH, W. W. 1913. Two decades of new Indo-Burmese species. *Rec. bot. Surv. India.* 6: 29-40.
- Barnes, E. 1938. Supplement to the Flowering Plants of Madras City and its Immediate Neighbourhood. *Bull. Madras Govt. Mus.* N.S. (Nat. Hist. Sect.), 4(2): i-ii, 1-46, tt. 1-7.
- ——. 1944. Flowering plants of Billigirangan Hills. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 44: 436-59.
- Beddome, R. H. 1858. Flora of the Pulney Hills, as observed in September and October 1857. *Madras J. Litt. Sci.* N.S., 3: 169-202.
- 1861. Contributions to the Botany of Southern India. *Ibid.* 6: 70-75, 1861; *Ibid.* ser. 3, 1: 37-59, 1864.
- . 1863. Trees of the Madras Presidency, etc., Madras.
- . 1866. A list of the exogenous plants found in the Anamallay Mountains, in Southern India, with descriptions of new species. *Trans. Linn. Soc.*, Lond. 25: 209-25, tt. 21-27.
- . 1869-74. The Flora Sylvatica for Southern India: containing quarto plates of all the principal timber trees in Southern India and Ceylon, accompanied by a Botanical Manual, with descriptions of every known tree and shrub, and analysis of every genus not figured in the plates, Madras.
- - ---. 1877. The Forest and Flora of the Tinnivelly District. Ibid. 3: 19-24.
- District in the Madras Presidency, 98-132.)
- BENTHALL, A. P. 1946. The Trees of Calcutta and Its Neighbourhood, Calcutta.
- Betham, G. K. 1902. List of trees, shrubs, etc., to be found in the Jerruck Division, Sind Forest Circle. *Indian For.* 28, 73-84.
- BHARADWAJA, R. C. AND JAIN, S. K. 1949. On a botanical trip to the Parbatti Valley. *Ibid.* 75: 302-15, tt. 1-4; reprinted in book form, pp. 14, 1951.
- BIDIE, G. 1862. The Timber Trees of India, Madras.
- 1880. The useful plants of the Nilgiris. In H. B. Grigg's A Manual of the Nilagiri District in the Madras Presidency, Chapter 8, pp. 133-49.
- Birdwood, H. M. 1886. A catalogue of the flora of Matheran. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 1: 203-14.
- ______, 1887. A catalogue of the flora of Mahableshwar and Matheran. *Ibid.* 2: 107-32.
- ———. 1887. A Catalogue of the Flora of Matheran and Mahableshwar...with a note by Dr. Theodore Cooke, Bombay.
- ——. 1896. A Catalogue of the Flora of Matheran and Mahableshwar. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 10: 394-439.
- 1897. A Catalogue of the Flora of Matheran and Mahableshwar (Revised edition) by H. M. Birdwood... with a note by Theodore Cooke.... (Reprinted with additions and corrections from Vol. X of the Bombay Natural History Society's Journal), Bombay.
- _____. 1899. The hill forests of Western India. Indian For., 25: 458-62; J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 12: 659-74.

- BISCOE, W. F. 1910. A List of Trees and Shrubs of the Indore State, Bombay.
- Biswas, K. 1934. The vegetation of the neighbouring areas of the Raniganj and Jharia coalfield. Trans. Mining and geol. Inst. India 29: 61-63.
- _______. 1934. Some foreign weeds and their distribution in India and Burma. Indian For. 60: 861-65.
- bagh District, Bihar, India. Trans. Mining and geol. Inst. India 30: 59-64.
- ______. 1941. The flora of the Aka Hills. Indian For. Rec. 3(1): 1-62.
- Burma. Proc. 30th Indian Sci. Congr. (Calcutta): 101-52.
- ———. 1950. Study of the Flora of South Calcutta with Special Reference to the Flora of the University College of Science Compound, Ballygunge, Calcutta, Calcutta.
- AND CALDER, C. C. 1936. Hand-book of Common Water and Morsh Plants of India and Burma, New Delhi (Second edition, 1955).
- AND SESHAGIRI RAO, R. 1953. Rajputana desert vegetation. Proc. nat. Inst. Sci. India 19: 411-21, f. 1, t. 1.
- BLATTER, E. 1908. Contributions to the flora of North Coimbatore (from materials supplied by C. E. C. Fischer...). J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 18: 390-429.
- ______. 1908-09. On the flora of Cutch. *Ibid.* 18: 756-77, 1908; 19: 157-76, 1909.
- _____. 1909. The flora of Panchgani. Ibid. 19: 314-32.
- ______. 1911. A bibliography of the botany of British India and Ceylon. *Ibid.* 20: lxxix-clxxxv.
- 1926-35. Revision of the flora of the Bombay Presidency. *Ibid.* 31: 547-57, 1926.... (In all 27 parts were published, of which 21 jointly with McCann).
- -----. 1928; Beautiful Flowers of Kashmir...illustrated by Mrs. G. A. Wathen and Haldar Joo Walli, London (Second edition, 1954).
- . 1930. Plantæ novæ Waziristanenses collectæ a Josepho Fernandes et descriptæ ab E. Blatter. J. Indian bot. Soc. 9: 199-207.
- N.S., 26: 339-66.
- AND FERNANDES, J. 1933-34. The Flora of Waziristan. *Ibid.* 36: 665-87, 950-77, 1977; 37: 150-71, 391-424, 604-19, 1934.
- —— AND HALLBERG, F. 1918. Contributions towards a flora of Baluchistan and Makran. From materials supplied by Capt. J. E. B. Hotson..... *Ibid*, 25: 723-39.
- . 1918-21. The Flora of the Indian Desert (Jodhpur and Jaisaimer). Ibid. 26: 218-46, tt. 1-12, 1918; 525-51, tt. 13-25, 811-18, tt. 26-31, 1919; 968-87, 1920; 27: 40-47, 270-79, tt. 32-34, 1920; 506-19, tt. 35-37, 1921.
- ——. 1921. Species Novæ Indiæ Orientalis. Decas I. J. Indian Bat. 2: 44-54, ff. 1-5.

- BLATTER, E., HALLBERG, F. AND McCANN, C. 1919-20. Contributions towards a flora of Baluchistan. From materials supplied by Col. J. E. B. Hotson...., J. Indian Bot., Madras 1: 54-59, 84-91, 128-38, 1919; 169-78, 226-36, 263-70, 1920.
- ----. McCann, C. and Sabnis, T. S. 1927-29. The Flora of the Indus Delta. *Ibid.* 6: 31-47, 57-78, 115-32, 1927; 7: 22-43, 70-96, 168-75, 1928; 8: 19-77, 1929. (Issued in book form, 1929.)
- —— AND MILLARD, W. S. 1929. Some beautiful Indian Trees. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 33: 624-35, 1929. (14 parts published, profusely illustrated; issued in book form in 1937, Second edition, 1954.)
- Boissier, E. 1875-84. Flora Orientalis sive Enumeratio plantarum in Oriente a Græcia et Aegypto ad Indæ fines hucusque observatarum, Basel.
- Bor, N. L. 1936. A transfrontier tour in the Naga Hills. Indian For. 62: 69-79.
- . 1938. The vegetation of the Nilgiris. Ibic. 64: 600-09.
- Indian For. Rec. (Bot.), N.S., 1: 103-221, maps 2, tt. 1-22.
- ----. 1941. New Indian and Burmese species. Ibid. 3 (5): 144-50, tt. 1-4.
- Kasi hills, 150th Ann. Vol. R. bot. Gns. Calcutta 129-35.
- ——. 1942. The relict vegetation of the Shillong plateau, Assam. *Indian For. Rec.* 3(6): 152-95.
- _____. 1953. Manual of Indian Forest Botany, Bombay.
- ---- AND RAIZADA, M. B. 1939-48. Some beautiful Indan climbers and shrubs. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 41: 1-11. (In all 28 parts were published in this series profusely illustrated; irsued in book form in 1954.)
- BÖRGESEN, F. 1929. Notes on the vegetation at Dwarka on the West Coast of India with reference to Raunkaier's "Life-forms" and statistical methods. J. Indian bot. Soc. 8: 1-18, tt. 1-3.
- BORRADAILE, J. W. 1928. A journey across the Himalayas. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 32: 163-68.
- BOTTING HEMSLEY, W. AND STRACHEY, R. 1894. On two small collections of dried plants from Tibet... with introductory note by Lieut.-Gen. R. Strachey. J. Liun. Soc. (Bot.) 30: 101-40, tt. 4-5.
- —— AND LACE, J. H. 1891. A sketch of the vegetation of British Baluchistan with descriptions of new species. *Ibid.* 28: 288-327, tt. 38-41, map.
- BOURDILLON, T. F. 1893. Report on the Forests of Travancore, Trivandrum.
- Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 12: 349-53, tt. 1-6.
- ______. 1908. The Forest Trees of Travancore, Trivandrum.
- Brands, D. 1862. List of Specimens of Some of the Woods of British Burmah Sent to England for the International Exhibition of 1862, Rangoon.
- 1872. On the distribution of the forests in India. Ocean Highways, 1872: 88-113.
- _____. 1879. Vegetation and Country from Narkanda to Pangi, Simla.

- Brandis, D. 1884. Progress of forestry in India. Indian For 10: 399-410, 452-62, 501-10.
- ______. 1887. The forest of the Outer North-West Himalaya. (Translated from the German.) *Ibid.* 13: 51-70.
- 1906. Indian Trees. An Account of Trees, Shrubs and Woody Climbers, Bamboos and Palms Indigenous or Commonly Cultivated in the British Indian Empire, London.
- _____, STEWART, J. L. AND FITCH, W. See under Stewart, Brandis and Fitch.
- Bressers, J. 1951. The Botany of the Ranchi District, Bihar, India. With the local names of plants, and the use made of them by the aborigines especially for medicinal purposes, Ranchi.
- BRUCE, LADY E. 1897. Simla Flowers; an annotated list of flowers collected in the neighbourhood of Simla and Mashobra, Simla (2nd edit. under the name of Lady E. Smith and H. B. Smith, 1899).
- Brühl, P. 1908. Recent plant immigrants. J. and Proc. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 4: 603-56.
- —— AND KING, G. 1896. A century of new and rare Indian plants. Ann. R. bot. Gdns. Calcutta 5: 71-170, tt. 102-200.
- BUCHANAN, F. 1807. A Journey from Madras through the Countries of Mysore Canara and Malabar..., London, 2 vols.
- Buchanan, W. J. 1917. In the Footsteps of Hooker through Sikkim and Nepal. Calcutta.
- Buck, E. C. 1885. Twenty trees of the Simla neighbourhood. J. Simla nat. Soc. 1: 27-43.
- BURKILL, I. H. 1907. Alpine notes from Sikkim. Kew Bull. 1907: 92-94.
- Beng. 4: 197-231, ff. 1-16.
- 1910. Notes from a journey to Nepal. Rec. bot. Surv. India 4: 59-140, map.
- J. and Proc. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 12: 267-72.
- 1924. The botany of the Abor expedition. Rec. bot. Surv. India 10: 1-154, 1924; 155-420, tt. 1-10, 1925.
- Burman, J. 1769. Flora Malabarica, sive index in omnes tomos Horti Malabarici, quem juxta normam a botanicis hujus ævi receptam conscripsit et ordine alphabetico digessit..., Amsterdam.
- Burman, N. L. 1768. Flora Indica: cui accedit series zoophytorum Indicorum et Prodromus sloræ Capensis, Lugd. Batav.
- BUTTERWORTH, A. 1911. Some Madras Trees, Madras.
- CALDER, C. C. AND BISWAS, K. See under Biswas and Calder.
- & M. S. AND NARAYANASWAMI, V. 1926. List of species and genera of Indian phanerogams not included in Sir J. D. Hooker's Flora of British India. Rec. bot. Surv. India 11: i-ii, 1-157.
- Cambessèdes, J. 1844. Plantæ rariores quas in India orientali collegit Victor Jacquemont. (In V. Jacquemont's "Voyage dans l'Inde" 4: 1-56.)

- CAMERON, J. 1894. The Forest Trees of Mysore and Coorg, Bangalore. (This is the Third edition; previous editions have not been seen.)
- CAMPBELL, T. J. 1896. Notes on the Goalpara Forest Division, Assam, Calcutta.
- CARTER, D. N. AND H. G. 1921. Useful plants of the district of Lakhimpur in Assam. Rec. bot. Surv. India 6: (I have not seen this paper).
- CARTER, H. G. AND NARAYANASWAMI, V. 1922. List of plants from the Barkuda and the adjacent islands in the Chilka Lake, Ganjam. Mem. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 7: 257-309.
- CAVE, G. H. AND SMITH, W. 1911. The vegetation of the Zemu and Llonakh valleys of Sikkim. Rec. bot. Surv. India 4: 141-260, map, tt. 2.
- CHAMPION, H. G. 1936. A preliminary survey of the forest types of India and Burma. *Indian For. Rec.* N.S., 1 (1): map. ix, 1-286, i-viii, map, tt. 1-38.
- --- AND LAMBERT, W. J. 1921. Notes on a visit to the Pindari Glacier, Kumaon. *Indian For.* 47: 11-21.
- CHAMPION, CAPTAIN. 1843. Remarks on the state of botany in Ceylon with reference to the knowledge of it in April 1843, and an attempt at arranging its flora as known to Moon and resident botanists according to locality and elevation, commonly called geographical distribution of a flora. J. agric. hort. Soc. India 2 (2): 371-87.
- CHANDRASEKHARA AYYAR, S. N. AND LAKSHMAN, G. 1950. Trees in and around Coimbatore. Madras Agric. J. 37: 448-58.
- CHANNER, F. F. R. 1908. The forest of the Terai and Bhabar Government estates, in the United Provinces. *Indian For.* 34: 393-406.
- CHATTERJEE, D. 1939. Studies on the endemic flora of India and Burma. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. II, 5: 19-67, maps 11.
- ——. 1946-49. New records of plants from India and Burma. Kew Bull, 1946: 49-50; 1949: 563-64.
- _______, 1948. New plants from India and Burma. Ibid. 1948: 57-65, 373-74.
- CHATTERIEE, D. AND MUKERIEE, S. K. 1940. Some new plants from India and Burma. J. Indian bot. Soc. 19: 77-89, ff. 1-7.
- AND RANDHAWA, G. S. 1952. Standardised names of cultivated plants in India. *Indian J. Hort.* 9: 24-36, 64-84.
- CHATTERJI, R. N. AND RAIZADA, M. B. 1948. New or little known plants from Assam. *Indian For.* 74: 385-92, tt. 2.
- CHERIAN JACOB, K. 1947. Some new species of South Indian plants. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 47: 48-51, tt. 1-3.
- CHIBBER, H. M. 1916. A list of the natural orders and genera of Bombay plants with derivations of the names. *Ibid.* 24: 244-90, 431-67, 783-814.
- CHOPRA, R. N. AND KAPOOR, L. D. 1952. Some botanical aspects of Kashmir. Palaebot. 1: 115-20.
- Christie, A. T. 1836. Sketches of the metereology, geology, agriculture, botany and zoology, of the Southern Mahratta country. *Macras J. Litt. Sci.* 4: 185-93, 452-83.
- CLARKE, C. B. 1875. Botanical notes from Darjeeling to Tonglu. J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 15: 116-51.
- ----. 1884. On the Indian species of Cyperus: with remarks on some others that specially illustrate the subdivisions of the genus. *Ibid.* 21: 1-202, tt. 1-4.

- CLARKE, C. B. 1884. Notes on the flora of Parasnath, North-Western Bengal J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 21: 252-55.
- 1885. Botanical notes from Darjeeling to Tonglu and Sandakphoo.

 1885. Botanical notes from Darjeeling to Tonglu and Sandakphoo.

 1886. Botanical notes from Darjeeling to Tonglu and Sandakphoo.
- Assam and Muneypore) in a letter addressed to Sir J. D. Hooker, *Ibid.* '22: 128-36.
- ______. 1889. On the plants of Kohima and Muneypore. Ibid. 25: 1-107, tt. 1-44.
- CLEGHORN, H. 1856. General Index of the Plants Described and Figured in Dr. Wight's work entitled "Icones Plantarum Indiæ Orientalis," Madras.
- Madras beacl. Madras J. Litt. Sci. N.S., 1: 85-90, tt. 2-5.
- _____. 1861. The Forests and Gardens of South India, London.
- Roorkee. 1864. Report upon the forests of the Panjab and the Eastern Himalaya,
- CLUSIUS, C. 1567. Aromatum et simplicium aliquot medicamentorum apud Indos nascentium historia; ante biennium quidem lusitanica lingua per dialogos conscripta, D. Garcia ab Horto, proregis Indiae medico, auctore; nunc vero primum latina facta et in epitomem contracta a Carolo Clusio Atrebate, Antwerp.
- COFFEE, T. M. 1940. The Chittagong hill tracts forest division. *Indian For.* 66: 16-29.
- COLLETT, H. 1902. Flora Simlensis. A handbook of the flowering plants of Simla and the neighbourhood by the late Col. Sir Henry Collett, With an introduction by W. Botting Hemsley... and 200 illustrations in the text drawn by Miss M. Smith... and a map, Calcutta and Simla.
- COLTHURST, I. 1927. Familar Flowering Trees in India. With sixty-one illustrations from photographs in colour and half-tone, Calcutta. (This is the second edition.)
- Cooke, T. 1887. Note on the flora of Mahableshwar and Matheran. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 2: 133-40 (Complementary to Birdwood's paper of 1887).
- 1896. Supplementary note on the flora of Matheran and Mahableshwar. *Ibid.*, 10: 440-48.
- COPLESTON, W. E. 1925. The Bombay Forests, Bombay.
- COVENTRY, B. O. 1923. Wild Flowers of Kashmir, London, 3 vols.
- COVENTRY, E. M. 1901. A Catalogue of the Trees and Shrubs of the Punjab.
- COWAN, A. M., B. A. AND J. M. 1929. The Trees of Northern Bengal, including shrubs, woody climbers, bamboos, palms and tree ferns being a revision of the list of ... J. S. Gamble, Calcutta.
- Cowan, J. M. 1928. Flora of the Chakaria Sunderbans. Rec. bot. Surv. India 11: 197-225.
- 1929. The forest of Kalimpong, an ecological account. *Ibid.* 12 (1):
- Cowen, D. V. 1950. Flowering Trees and Shribs of India, Bombay.

- Culshaw, J. C. 1950. Some West Bengal plants. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 49: 188-96.
- CUNNINGHAM, J. D. 1844. Notes on Moorcroft's travels in Ladakh, and on Gerard's account of Kunawar, including a general description of the latter district. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 13: 172-253.
- DALGADO, D. G. 1894. "Classificação Botánica das Plantas e Drogas Descriptas nos Coloquios da India" de Garcia d'Orta," Bombay.
- DALZELL, N. A. 1850-52. Contributions to the botany of Western India. *Hook. J. Bot. and Kew Gdns. Miscell.* 2: 33-41, 133-45, 257-65, 336-44, 1850; 3: 33-39, 89-90, 120-24, 134-39, 178-80, 206-12, 225-33, 279-82, 343-46, 1851; 4: 107-14, 289-95, 341-47, 1852.
- --- AND GIBSON, A. 1861. The Bombay Flora, Bombay.
- Das, A. 1934. Some new species of Assam. Assam For. Rec. 1: 1-24.
- DATTA, R. M. AND MITRA, J. N. 1955. Common plants in and around Dacca. Bull. bot. Soc. Beng. 7 (1-2): map, 1-110.
- DATTA, S. K. 1954. Some common weeds of Darjeeling and their control. Sci. and Cult. 20: 18-22.
- De, S. N. 1952. Plant Introduction: Its Utility and Its Relation to the Economic Structure of India, Calcutta.
- Decaisne, J. 1844. Plantæ rariores quas in India orientali collegit Victor Jacuemont. (In V. Jacquemont's Voyage cans l'Inde 4: 57-183.)
- DENNSTEDT, A. W. 1818. Schlüssel zum Hortus Indicus Malabaricus, oder dreifaches Register zu diesem Werke, Weimar.
- Deogun, P. N. 1950. Forest and State of Saurashtra, Rajkot.
- DE ROSAYRO, R. A. 1954. A reconnaissance of Sinharaja rain forest. Ceylon For. 1: 68-74.
- DILLWYN, L. W. 1839. A Review of the References to the Hortus Malabaricus of H. van Rheede van Draakenstein, Swansea.
- Don, D. 1825. Prodromus floræ Nepalensis sive enumeratio vegetabilium, quæ in itinere per Nepaliam prope dictam et regicnes conterminas, ann. 1802-03 detexit atque legit D. D. Franciscus Hamilton (olim Buchanam) M.D....... Accedunt plantæ a D. Wallich nuperius missæ, secundum methodi naturalis normam disposuit atque descripsit David Don.... London.
- DRURY, H. 1858. The Useful Plants of India Alphabetically Arranged with Botanical Descriptions, Vernacular Synonyms, and Notices of Their Economical Value in Commerce, Medicine, and the Arts, Madras. (Second edit., Madras and London, 1873.)
- . 1884. A Supplement to Drury's Useful Plants of India, Madras.
- ——. 1864-69. Hand-book of the Indian Flora: being a guide to all the flowering plants hitherto described as indigenous to the continent of India, Travancore and London, 3 vols.
- Dufrene, H. 1887. La flora Sanscrite. Essai d'explication des noms sanscrits servant à designer les principales plantes de l'Inde d'après leur étymologie, Paris.

- DUNN, S. T. 1916. Notes on the Flora of Madras. Kew. Bull. 1916: 57-65.
- DUTHIE, J. F. 1875. Plants Found in Kumaon, Garhwal and Tibet by Strachey and Winterbottom, Allahabad.
- _____. 1881. List of North-Western Indian Plants, Roorkee.
- Tibet by R. Strachey and J. Winterbottom. (In Atkinson's Gazetteer, North-West. Prov. 10: 403-670.)
- ______. 1886. Report on a Botanical Tour in Merwara (Rajputana) made in January 1886, Calcutta.
- 1893. Report on a botanical tour in Kashmir, 1892. Rec. bot. Surv. India 1 (1): 1-18.
- _____. 1894. Report on a botanical tour in Kashmir, 1893. *Ibid.*, 1 (2): 25-47, maps.
- _____. 1894. A botanical tour in Kashmir. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 9: 69-84.
- ______. 1903-22. (1952) Flora of the Upper Gangetic Plain and of the adjacent Siwalik and Sub-Himalayan Tracts, Calcutta, 3 vols, 1903-22; index, 1952.
- DUTHIE, J. F., et al. 1906. Catalogue of the Plants of Kumaon and of the Adjacent Portions of Garhwal and Tibet, London.
- --- King, G. and Prain, D. 1901. A second century of new and rare Indian plants. Ann. R. bot. Gdns., Calcutta 9: 1-80, tt. 1-93.
- EDGEWORTH, M. P. 1838. Botanico-agricultural account of the protected Sikh States. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 7: 751-66.
- Sikh States. *Ibid.* 11: 26-27.
- ———. 1846. Descriptions of some unpublished species of plants from North-Western India. Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond. 20: 23-91, tt. 2.
- ----. 1862. Florula Mallica. J. and Proc. Linn. Soc. (Bot.), 6: 179-210, t. 1.
- _____. 1867. Florula of Banda. J. Linn, Soc. Lond. 9: 304-26.
- EDWARDS, M. V. 1950. Burma Forest Types (according to Champion's classification). Indian For. Rec. 7: 135-73.
- ELLIOT, W. 1859. Flora Andhrica: a vernacular and botanical list of plants commonly met with in the Telegu districts of the Northern Circars, Madras.
- ENERS, D. V. 1907. The evergreen forests of the Manjarabad Forest Range, Mysore State. Indian For. 33: 324-28.
- FERNANDES, J. AND BLATTER, E. See under Blatter, E. and J. Fernandes.
- FERNANDES, R. R., RANDERIA, A. J. AND SANTAPAU, H. 1954. New plant records for Bombay. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 52: 661-63.
- FISCHER, C. E. C. 1904. Notes on the flora of Northern Ganjam. *Ibid.* 15: 537-56.
- 1905. Further notes on the flora of Northern Ganjam. *Ibid.* 16: 473-83.

- FISCHER, C. E. C. 1906. Shrubs and trees of the evergreen sholas of North Coimbatore. *Indian For.* 32: 481-88.
- -----. 1918. Preliminary note on the flora of the Anaimalais. J. and Proc. Asiat. Soc. Beng. N.S., 14: 379-88.
- -----. 1921. A survey of the flora of the Annamalai Hills in the Coimbatore District, Madras Presidency. Rec. bot. Surv. India 9: 1-218.
- ———. 1928-35. Notes on the Flora of Madras. Kew Bull. 1928: 281-85; 1931: 257-66; 1935: 143-50.
- ——... 1929-38. Plants new to Assam. *Ibid.* 1929: 247-54 (jointly with G. H. Spare); 1930: 239-41; 1931: 281-85; 1932: 198-203 348-49; 1934: 90-94; 1935: 319-22; 1936: 280-86; 1937: 473-75; 1938: 210-13.
- ——. 1932-40. New or little-known plants from South India. *Ibid.* 1932: 245-47; 1933: 339-57, ff. 1-7; 1934: 165-72, 389-94; 1935: 92-97, 157-60; 1936: 274-78; 1938: 32-37, 123-27; 1939: 247-51, 659-62; 1940: 44-46, 300-02.
- ———. 1938. The flora of the Lushai Hills. Rec. bot. Surv. India 12 (2): 75-161.
- _____. 1939. New plants from Bhutan and Tibet. Kew Bull. 1939: 663-66.
- FISCHER, C. E. C., et al. 1926-40. Contributions to the flora of Burma. *Ibid.* 1926: 446-68. (In all there are 18 papers in this series, which is mostly written by Fischer.)
- AND GAMBLE, J. S. See below under Gamble, J. S., Flora of Madras.
- Fuller, G. L. C. 1913. List of Trees and Shrubs and Useful Herbs of the Jammu and Kashmir Forests Prepared from Working Plans and Other Sources, Allahabad.
- Fyson, P. F. 1914-21. Madras Flowers. (Issued as separate bulletins under the title "Presidency College Botanical Bulletin"; plates 100, text independently paginated for each plate.)
- 1915. The Flora of the Nilgiri and Pulney Hill-tops (above 6,500 feet) being the wild and commoner introduced flowering plants round the hill-stations of Ootacamund, Kotagiri and Kodaikanal. With 286 full page illustrations and 4 maps, Madras, 3 vols.
- _____. 1932. The Flora of the South Indian Hill Stations..., Madras, 2 vols.
- GAGE, A. T. 1901. A botanical tour in the South Lushai Hills. Rec. bot. Surv. India 1 (13): 331-69, map.
- -----. 1904. The vegetation of the district of Minbu in Upper Burma. *Ibid.* 3: map, 1-141, i-vii.
- GAMBLE, J. S. 1875. The Darjeeling forests. Indian For. 1: 73-99.
- ——. 1878. List of Trees, Shrubs and Large Climbers Found in the Daijeeling District, Bengal, Calcutta. (Second edit. 1896.)
- ——. 1881. A Manual of Indian Timbers: An Account of the Structure, Growth, Distribution, and Qualities of Indian Woods, Calcutta. (Second edit., London, 1902; reprint of Second edit. London, 1922.)
- Gamble, J. S. 1884. A short account of the forests of the northern forest Circle, Madras Presidency. *Indian For.* 10: 543-53.
- ——. 1885. Preliminary list of the trees of the Ceded Districts. Ann. Admin. Rep. For. Dept. Madras 1884-85: 303-16.

- Gamble, J. S. Revised list of the trees and shrubs of the Northern Circars, recorded on tour in 1883-84 and 1884-85. Ann. Admin. Rep. For. Dept. Madras 1884-85: 317-31.
- . 1885. An excursion to Sukmanri Hills. Indian For. 11: 229-33, map.
- 1898. The hill route from Mussoorie to Simla. Ihid. 24: 105-11, map.
 - _____. 1903. A Preliminary List of the Plants of the Andaman Islands, Port Blair.
- 1918-24. Notes on the Flora of Madras. Kew Bull. 1918: 222-28; 1920: 49-57; 1921: 312-16; 1924: 235-39.
- GAMMIE, G. A. 1893. Account of a botanical tour in Sikkim during 1892. Ibid. 1893: 297-314.
- ______. 1894. Vegetation of temperate and alpine Sikkim, Calcutta. (In Gazetteer of Sikkim by H. H. Risley, pp. 95-111.)
- ______. 1894. Report on a botanical tour in Sikkim. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 9: 197-216; also in Rec. bot. Surv. India 1(2): 1-24.
- 1895, Report on a botanical tour in the Lakhimpur District, Assam. *Ibid.* 1 (5): 61-88.
- ______. 1898. A botanical tour in Chamba and Kangra. Ibid. 1 (10): 183-214.
- Bombay nat, hist. Soc. 15: 279-93.
- GAMMIE, J. 1891. Vegetation, Calcutta. (In H. H. Risley's Gazetteer of Sikkim, pp. 80-94.)
- GARCIA D'ORTA. See under Clusius.
- GARDINER, J. S. AND WILLIS, J. C. See under Willis and Gardiner.
- GARDNER, G. 1845-47. Contributions towards a flora of Ceylon. Calcutta J. nat. hist. 6: 343-52, 471-93, 1845; 7: 1-11, 441-63, 1846; 8: 1-16, 223-34, 1847.
- Gell, F. 1863. A Hand-Book for Use in the Jungles of Western India: being a catalogue of native names of trees and plants, with references to their scientific descriptions..., Bombay.
- GHOSE, B. N. 1951. Plants of Sikkim Himalaya. J. Beng. nat. hist. Soc. 25: 22-36.
- 1953-55. A catalogue of the plants of Sikkim Himalaya. *Ibid.* 26: 127-41, 1953; 186-95, 1954; 27: 104-22, 1955.
- GHOSH, A. K. AND AGHARKAR, S. P. See under Agharkar and Ghosh.
- GIBSON, A. 1863. A Handbook to the Forests of the Bombay Presidency, Bombay.
- AND DALZELL, N. A. See under Dalzell and Gibson.
- GOVINDU, H. C. 1947-48. Some Compositæ of Bangalore and their economic importance. J. Mysore Univ. 8 B: 19-32.
- . 1949. Additions to the flowering plants to Bangalore. Ibid. 10: 1-8.
- 1951. Study of weeds on our farm lands. Mysore Agric. J. 26: 54-56.

- GOVINDU, H. C. AND RAZI, B. A. 1949. Some aspects of the flora of Sreerangapatna, South India. J. Indian bot. Soc. 28: 221-27.
- —— AND VENKATESH, C. S. 1946. Enumeration of flowering plants round about Bangalore. J. Mysore Univ. 7 B (3): 21-38.
- GRACIAS, C. F. X. 1912. Flora sagrada da India ou mythologia das plantas indianas. Com sua classificação, nomenclatura, descripcião, propriedades e usos medicinales, económicos e industriaes e composição chimica, Margao.
- Graham, J. 1837. Catalogue of plants collected at Bombay. Madras J. Litt. Sci. 5: 178-83, 367-70. (Reprinted from Records of General Science, July-Oct., 1836.)
- ———. 1839. A Catalogue of the Plants Growing in Bombay and Its Vicinity, Spontaneous, Cultivated or Introduced, as far as they have been ascertained, Bombay.
- GRAHAM, R. J. D. 1911. List of wild plants found on the Nagpur and Telinkheri farms, Nagpur.
- Gray, W. 1886. Botany of the Bombay Presidency, Bombay. (In Gazett. Bombay Pres., 25: 311-81.)
- GRIFFITH, A. L. 1946. The vegetation of the Thar desert of Sind. *Inclian For.* 72: 307-09 tt. 2
- GRIFFITH, W. 1836. Remarks on a collection of plants made at Sadiya, Upper Assam, from April to September, 1836, J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 5: 806-13.
- ----. 1837. Journal of a visit to the Mishmee Hills in Assam. Ibid. 6: 325-41.
- Captain R. Boileau Pemberton. *Ibid.* 8: 208-41, map; 251-91.
- hist, 3: 361-67.
- ______, 1847. Notes on the botanical geography of the Tennaserim Coast. Ibid. 8: 72-86.
- 1847. Journals of Travels in Assam, Burma, Bootan, Afghanistan and the Neighbouring Countries, Calcutta.
- 1848. Itinerary Notes of Plants Collected in the Khashya and Bootan Mountains, 1837–38, in Afghanistan and Neighbouring Countries, 1839–41, Calcutta.
- Gupta, B. L. 1919-22. New Indian species of forest importance. *Indian For.* 45: 388-91, 1919; 48: 247-58, 1922.
- ______. 1928. See under Kanjilal, U.
- HAINES, H. H. 1910. A Forest Flora of Chota Nagpur, Calcutta.
- ———. 1916. Descriptive List of Trees, Shrubs and Economic Herbs of the Southern Circle, Central Provinces, Allahabad.
- ——. 1919. Some new species of plants from Bihar and Orissa. J. and Proc. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 15: 309-17.
- ---- 1921-25. The Botany of Rihar and Orissa..., London.

- HALLBERG, F. AND BLATTER, E. See under Blatter and Hallberg.
- ----, ---- AND McCANN, C. See under Blatter, Hallberg and McCann.
- HANNAY, S. E. 1845. Observations on the timber trees of Jeypore in Upper Assam. J. agric. and hort. Soc. India 4: 117-35.
- HASSKARL, J. C. 1867. Horti malabarici rheediani clavis locupletissima, Dresden.
- HAY, T. 1934. Plants of Nepal. J. R. hort. Soc. 59: 459-62.
- Heinig, R. L. 1907. List of Plants of the Chittagong Collectorate and Hill Tracts. (Place of publication?)
- HEMSLEY, W. B. AND PEARSON, H. H. W. 1902. The flora of Tibet or High Asia; being a consolidated account of the various Tibetan collections in the Herbarium of the Royal Gardens, Kew, together with an exposition of what is known of the flora of Tibet. J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 35: 124-265, map.
- Hill, J. 1774. Horti Malabarici pars prima de varil generis arboribus et fruticibus siliquosis..., London.
- HOHENACKER, R. F. 1849. Plantæ e territoriis Canara, Mahrattarum australiori et Malayalim. Flora 32: 556-60.
- Hole, R. S. 1904. A contribution to the forest flora of Jubbulpore division, C.P. *Indian For.* 30: 499-514, 566-92.
- . 1911. Forest flora of the Siwalik and Jaunsar Forest divisions.... A review. Also suggestions regarding the preparation of Indian Forest Floras. *Ibid.* 37: 537-52.
- 1913. New Indian species of forest importance. Ibid. 39: 413-20.
- _____. 1933. A forest flora of the Punjab. *Ibid.* 59: 379-99. (This is a criticism of Parker's Forest Flora.)
- Holmes, C. H. 1942. Flowering and fruiting of forest trees of Ceylon. *Ibid.* 58: 411-20, 499-509, 580-87.
- Ceylon geogr. Soc. 5 (4)-6 (1): 145-53.
- Hooker, J. D. 1848. Observations made when following the Grand Trunk Road across the hills of Upper Bengal, Parus Nath, etc., in the Soane valley; and on the Kymaon branch of the Vindhya Hills. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 17: 355-411.
- . 1848-50. Botanical mission to India. Hook. London J. Bot. 7: 237-68, 297-321, 1848; Hook. Kew J. Bot. 1: 1-14, 41-56, 81-89, 113-20, 129-36, 161-75, 226-33, 274-82, 301-08, 331-36, 337-44, 361-70, 1849; 2: 11-23, 52-59, 88-91, 112-18, 145-51, 161-73, 213-18, 244-49, 1850.
- to Tonglo, a lofty mountain on the confines of Sikkim and Nepal.... J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 18: 419-46, 1849. J. Hort. Soc. 7: 1-23, 1852.
- of East Nepal and the Sikkim Himalaya Mountains. *Ibid.* 7: 69-131, 1852. J. Agric. Soc. India 8: 35-65, 73-95, 1854.
- ——. 1854. Himalayan Journals: or Notes of a Naturalist in Bengal, the Sikkim and Nepal Himalayas, the Khasia Mountains, etc., London. (Second edit., 1855; reprints 1891, 1905.)
- . 1855. Illustrations of Himalayan Plants chiefly selected from drawings made for the late J. F. Cathcart, Esq., of the Bengal Civil Service. The descriptions and analyses by J. D. Hooker...the plates executed by W. H. Fitch, London.

- HOOKER, J. D. 1904. Sketch of the Flora of British India, London. (Note: this is an advance copy of the Imperial Gazett. India, edit. 3, vol. 1, chapter 4, pp. 157-212, 1907.)
- ——. AND THOMSON, T. 1855. Flora Indica: being a systematic account of the plants of British India, together with observations on the structure and affinities of their natural orders and genera, London.
- 1857-61. Praecursores ad Floram Indicam: being sketches of the natural families of Indian plants, with remarks on their distribution, structure and affinities. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 2: 1-29, 54-103, 1857; 163-80, 1858; 4: 106-57, 1859; 5: 128-81, 1861.
- HOOKER, J. D. et al. 1872-97. The Flora of British India. By J. D. Hooker... assisted by vorious botanists..., London, vols. 7 [See (a) Supplementary Note to the Flora of British India. Kew Bull., 1894: 200-06; (b) C. E. C. Fischer: Summary of genera and species described in the Flora of British India. Indian For. 33: 355-62, 1907; (c) See above under Calder, C. C., M. S. and V. Narayanaswami.]
- HUNTER, W. W. 1886. The botany and zoology of Madras. In Imper. Gazett. India 9: 80-88.
- HUTTON, J. H. 1923. Some economic plants of the Naga Hills. Agric. J. India 18: 567-71.
- INDER, R. W. 1932. Flora of Sind. Plants flowering in the Indus Valley December to April. J. Sind. nat. hist. Soc. 1 (2): 1-10.
- 1933. Plants in flower, December to March. Ibid. 1(3): 1-28.
- ISAACS, M. 1927. The Commoner Flowering Plants of Western India, Bombay.
- IYENGAR, M. O. P. 1927. Krusadai Island flora. Bull. Madras Govt. Mus. 1 (1): 185-88.
- IYPPU, A. I. 1955. Forestry in Travancore-Cochin. Indian For. 81: 19-25.
- IYYAR, S. N. C. AND REDDY, T. V. 1942. Some common fodder-yielding trees in the Madras Presidency. *Ibid.* 68: 435-38, 536-45.
- JACQUEMONT, V. 1834. Letters from India: describing a journey in the British Dominions of India, Tibet, Lahore and Cashmere, during the years 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, London, 2 vols.
- Paris, 4 vols, text; 2 vols., atlas. ... pendant les annèès 1828 à 1832...,
- --- AND MERIMÉE, P. 1867. Correspondance inédite de Victor Jacquemont avec sa famille et ses amis 1824-32. Precedée d'une notice biographique par V. Jacquemont neveu et d'une introduction par Prosper Merimée, Paris.
- JAIN, S. K. 1952. Index to the Flora of the Upper Gangetic Plain, New Delhi. (This is the Index to Duthie's Flora,)
- . 1956. On a botanical trip to Naini Tal. Indian For. 82: 22-38.
- JAIN, S. K. AND BHARADWAJA, R. C. See under Bharadwaja and Jain.
- JAMIESON, A. 1869. Nilgiris (Ootacamund). Catalogue for 1869-70 of Timber and ornamental trees, etc., Madras.
- JOSHI, A. C. 1949. Botany in India: present position and prospects. Sci. and Cult. 14: 395-401; also in J. Indian bot. Soc. 28: 1-15.
- . 1952. Aquatic vegetation of Lahul. Palaobot. India 1: 277-80.

- Joshi, A. C. 1952. The flowering plants of Kailas and Manasarovar. The Himalaya 1 (1): 54-63. t. 1.
- AND KASHYAP, S. R. 1936. Lahore District Flora, Lahore.
- JOSHI, N. K. AND MISRA, R. 1952. The forest complex of Patharia Hill, Sagar. J. Indian bot. Soc. 31: 154-70.
- JOUGET, H. 1928. Weeds of the Indian wayside. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 32: 810-12.
- KANJILAL, P. C. 1933. A Forest Flora of Pilibhit, Oudh, Gorakhpur and Bundelkand.
- Kanmal, U. 1901. Swamp forests in Dehra Dun, N.-W. Province. Indian For. 27: 228-30.
- ----. 1901. Forest Flora of the School Circle, N.-W.P., Calcutta.
- . 1911. Forest Flora of the Siwalik and Jaunsar Forest Divisions of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, being a revised and enlarged edition of the Forest Flora of the School Circle, N.-W. P., Calcutta.
- ——. 1928. Forest Flora of the Chakrata, Dehra Dun and Saharanpur Forest Divisions, United Provinces (being a revised and enlarged edition of the Forest Flora of the Siwalik and Jaunsar Divisions, U.P. by Upendtanath Kanjilal...)
 Third edition, by Basant Lal Gupta, Calcutta. (For a review of this book see Indian For. 55: 361-63, 1929.)
- et al. 1934-40. Flora of Assam (Vols. 5 published).
- KAPOOR, L. D. AND CHOPRA, R. N. See under Chopra and Kapoor.
- KARNIK, C. R. 1955. A contribution to biogeographical studies of Khandesh with special reference to Satpuda Range. *Bombay geogr. Mag.* 2: 65-72.
- Kashyap, S. 1924. Notes on some foreign plants which have recently established themselves about Lahore. J. Indian bot. Soc. 3: 68-71.
- AND JOSHI, A. C. See under Joshi and Kashyap.
- Kenover, L. A. 1924. Weed Manual of Gwalior State, Calcutta.
- KHAN, K. B. A., SWAMY, G. G. L. AND THIRUMALACHAR, M. J. 1942. Some common flowering plants of Nandi Hills. J. Mysore Univ. 3 B: 73-88.
- KING, G. 1871. Report on the Dehra Dun Forests, Allahabad.
- 1877. List of the principal plants growing in the Bengal Presidency and As am. (In Hunter, W. W., A Statistical Account of Bengal 20: 121-227.)
- Dun. (In Atkinson's Gazetteer N.-W. Prov., Himalayan Districts 1: 299-322.)
- N.S., II, 65: 114-17.
- KING, G. AND BRÜHL, P. See under Brühl and King.
- ---, DUTHIE, J. F. AND PRAIN, D. See under Duthie, King and Prain.
- AND KURZ, S. 1877. List of the principal plants growing in the Bengal Presidency and Assam. In N-W. Hunters Statistical Account of Bengal 20: 121-27.
- AND PRAIN, D. 1898. Descriptions of some new plants from the North-Eastern Frontiers of India. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. N.S., II, 67: 284-305.

- KITAMURA, S. 1954. New species from Nepal collected by Sasuke Nakao, a member of the Japan Himalayan Expedition. Act. Phytotax. Geobot. 15 (5): 129-34.
- Koenig, J. G. 1783. Descriptiones Monandrarum pro annis 1778 et 1779. (In Retz. Observ. Bot. 3: 45-76.)
- 6: 41-67. Descriptiones Epidendrorum in India orientali factæ. *Ibid.*
- Krishnaswam, K. 1939. The montane evergreen forest, Bisale region. *Indian For.* 65: 189-201.
- . 1941. The evergreen ghat rain forest: Agumbe Kilandur Zone. *Ibid*. 67: 184-203.
- . 1942. The evergreen ghat rain forest of Tunga and Bhadra river sources, Kadur District. *Ibid.* 68: 233.
- ----. 1943. The forest of Rangurg State (Deccan). Ibid. 69: 2-10.
- . 1950. Evergreen, montane forest of the Western Ghats of Hassan District, Mysore State. *Ibid.* 76: 18-30, 69-82, 132.
- Krishnaswamy, M. H. and Rao, N. S. 1941. List of the More Important Trees, Shrubs, Climbers and Herbs Occurring in the Forests of Madras Presidency, Madras.
- KUMAR, L. S. S. AND SOLOMON, S. 1941. A list of phanerogamic root parasites attacking economic crops in India. Proc. Indian Acad. Sci. 13 B: 151-56.
- Kurz, S. 1867. Plantæ nonnullæ novæ Indiæ orientalis. J. Bot. 5: 240-41.
- by a report on the forest with a map, Calcutta.
- ----. 1874. Descriptions of a few Indian plants. Ibid. 43: 181-89.
- -----. 1875. Notes on a few new Oaks from India. Ibid. 45: 196-98, t. 14.
- _____. 1875. Descriptions of new Indian plants. *Ibid.* 45: 199-206, t. 15.
- 1875. Preliminary Report on the Forest and other Vegetation of Pegu, Calcutta.

- --- AND KING, G. See under King and Kurz.
- Kwa, N. Gladys. 1950. A key to the trees and shrubs of the University of Rangoon. J. Burma Res. Soc. II, 33: 131-68.
- LACAITA, C. C. 1916. Plants collected in Sikkim, including the Kalimpong District, April 8th to May 9th, 1913. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 43: 457-92.
- LACE, J. H. AND BOTTING HEMSLEY, W. See under Botting Hemsley and Lace.
- LAKSHMAN, G. AND CHANDRASEKHARA AYYAR, S. N. See under Chandrasekhara Ayyar and Lakshman.
- LAMBERT, W. J. 1933. List of Trees and Shrubs for the Kashmir and Jammu Forest Circles, Jammu and Kashmir State, Calcutta. For. Bull. No. 80, Bot. Ser.

- LAMBERT, W. J. AND CHAMPION, H. G. See under Champion and Lambert.
- LAWSON, M. A. 1894. Notes of a tour in Travancore. Rec. bot. Surv. India 1 (3): 58-60.
- LESCHENAULT DE LA TOUR. 1820. Rapport sur les résultats d'un voyage fait à Salem, ville de l'intérieur de la Péninsule de l'Inde, située à cinquante lieues dans l'ouest de Pondichéry en mai 1818. Mem. Mus. Paris 6: 349-60.
- . 1820, Mémoir sur les cultures des environs de Pondichéry. *Ibid*. 6: 300-28.
- Lewis, F. 1902. A descriptive catalogue of the more useful trees and Flowering plants of the Western and Sabaragamuva Provinces of Ceylon. J. R. Asiat. Soc. Ceylon 17: 89-256.
- _____. 1902. Notes on a visit to the Maldive Islands. Indian For. 28: 211-17.
- J. R. Asiat. Soc. Ceylon 21: 165-80.
- ______, 1926. The altitudinal distribution of the Ceylon endemic flora. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Peradeniya 10: 1-130.
- LISBOA, J. C. 1877. Some plants undescribed in the Bombay Flora by Dr. Gibson and Mr. Dalzell. J. Bombay Br. R. Asiat. Soc. 13: 131-49.
- ______, 1878. Notes on some plants undescribed in the Bombay Flora by Dr. Gibson and Mr. Dalzell. Ibid. 14: 117-46.
- Dr. Gibson and Mr. Dalzell found by K. Nairne, Esq... Ibid. 14A: 246-66.
- 1881-82. List of plants seen at Mahableshwar at the end of the last hot season; or a small contribution to the botany of the hill. *Ibid.* 15: 203-24.
- Pres. 25: i-iii, 1-307.
- Long, J. 1857-59. The indigenous plants of Bengal. J. Agri.-Hort. Soc. India 9: 424, 1857; 10: 1-43, 1858; 338-64, 1859; 11: 48-75, 1859.
- LOUREIRO, J. DE. 1790. Flora Cochinchinensis sistens plantas in regno Cochinchina nascentes. Quibus accedunt aliæ observatæ in Sinensi imperio, Africa orientali, Indiæque variis locis... Lisbon. (Second edit., 2 vols. 1793.)
- Lowis, L. 1878. Familar Indian Flowers. With coloured plates, London.
- LUSHINGTON, A. W. 1902. Hill forests of North Coimbatore, Indian For. 28: 134-50.
- ------. 1915. Vernacular List of Trees, Shrubs and Woody Climbers in the Madras Presidency, Madras.
- MACADAM, Miss. 1890. A List of Trees and Plants of Mount Abu, Jodhpur.
- MACPHAIL, J. M. 1907. The Santals of Bengal. (Their trees, plants and cercals.) Proc. Glasgow phtll. Soc. 38: 70-80.
- MARQUAND, C. V. B. 1929. The botanical collection made by Captain Kingdon Ward in the Eastern Himalaya and Tibet in 1924-25. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 48: 149-229.
- Marriot, R. G. 1917. The Sal forests of the Gorakhpur Division. *Indian For.* 43: 442-56.
- MARTEN, J. 1909. Plants gathered in and about Mussoorie during 1908. J. Bembay nat. hist. Soc. 18: 475-501.
- MASON, F. 1850. The Natural Productions of Burma, Moulmein, 2 vols.

- MASTERS, J. W. 1840. Calcutta flora, containing a synopsis of plants indigenous to, or cultivated in the vicinity of Calcutta. *Trans. Agri. Hort. Soc. India* 7: 39-85.
- . 1844. Observations on the flora of the Naga Hills. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 13: 707-34.
- -----. 1845. Botanical observations in Upper Assam; being part 6th of a report on the operations of the Assam Company in the Southern Division, to the month of February, 1843. J. Agric. and Hort. Soc. India 4(1): 197-234.
- 1846. Extract of letter from J. W. Masters, Esq., respecting his travels and the collections in Assam. Calcutta J. nat. Hist. 7: 364-68.
- Naga Hills, and other parts of Upper Assam. J. Agric. and Hort. Soc. India, 6: 34-55.
- MATEER, S. 1873. Remarks on the Tamil popular names of plants. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 13: 25-30.
- MATHAUDA, G. S. 1953. The tree species of the tropical evergreen ghat forests of Kanara (Bombay) and their rate of growth. *Indian For.* 79: 208-33.
- MAYURANATHAN, P. V. 1929. The flowering plants of Madras City and its immediate neighbourhood. Bull. Macras Govt. Mus. N.S., Nat. Hist. Sect. 2: 1-345, tt. 1-38.
- McCann, C. 1941. Two naturalists visit Karwar, North Kanara. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 42: 602-10.
- _____. 1942. A Busman's holiday in the Abu hills. Ibid. 43: 206-17.
- _____. 1943. The rains came to the Abu Hills. Ibid. 43: 641-47, t. 1.
- -----. 1947. Trees of India, A Popular Handbook...illustrated with 78 coloured plates and 17 black and white illustrations, Bombay.
- AND BLATTER, E. See under Blatter and McCann.
- AND HALLBERG, F. See under Blatter, Hallberg and McCann.
- ---. AND SABNIS, T. S. See under Blatter, McCann and Sabnis.
- MEEBOLD, A. 1909, Eine botanische Reise durch Kashmir. Engl. Bot. Jahrb. 43: Beibl. 99: 63-90.
- ———. 1909. Die Vegetationsverhalnisse von Maisor. Jahr. Schl. Gess. Vaterl. Kultur 87: 35-46.
- Mennis, S. A. 1950. List of the principal timber trees in Ceylon. *Trop. Agric.* 106: 162-77.
- MERRILL, E. D. 1921. A review of the new species of plants proposed by N. L. Burman in his Flora Indica. Philip. J. Sci. 19: 329-88.
- 1935. A commentary on Loureiro's Flora Cochinchinensis. Trans. American phil. Soc. N.S. 24 (2): 1-445.
- on the Vernay-Cutting expedition, 1938-39. Brittonia 4: 20-188, ff. 3.
- ——. 1941. A note on the dates of publication of Wight's "Icones Plantarum Indiæ Orientalis." J. Arnold Arb. 22: 222-24.

- MERRILL, E. D. 1946. Plant Life of the Pacific World. (Many of our Indian plants are described and figured.)
- -----. 1948. An overlooked Flora Indica. J. Arnold Abor. 29: 186-92, t. 1.
- AND WALKER, E. H. 1938. A Bibliography of Eastern Asiatic Botany, Massachussets. (One of the most comprehensive modern bibliographies dealing with Indian plants.)
- U.S. Nat. Herb. 30 (1): i-v, 1-404.
- MILLARD, W. S. AND BLATTER, E. See under Blatter and Millard.
- Mirashi, M. C. 1954. Studies in the hydrophytes of Nagpur. A preliminary study. J. Indian bot. Soc. 33: 299-308.
- MISRA, R. 1944. The vegetation of the Rajghat ravines. Ibid. 23: 113-21.
- ______. 1946. A botanical chart of the Benarcs Hindu University grounds.

 J. Benarcs Hindu Univ. 9: 49-72,
- ______. 1953. The vegetation of Ghatera. Bull. bot. Soc. Univ. Saugar 3: 12-18.
- _____ AND JOSHI, N. K. See under Joshi and Misra.
- MITRA, J. N. AND DATTA, R. M. See under Datta and Mitra.
- Moon, A. 1824. A Catalogue of the Indigenous and Exotic Plants Growing in Ceylon. Colombo. (See also above under Alston.)
- MOONEY, H. F. 1933. The forests of the Orissa State. Indian For. 59: 200-21.
- Rec. 3(2): 63-119.
- ______. 1941. A short account of the geology and flora of hill zamindaries in Kalahandi State. *Ibid.* 3 (4): 131-43, tt. 1-4, map.
- 1942. A sketch of the flora of the Bailadila Range in Bastar State. 1bid. 3(7): i-ii, 197-253, maps 2.
- ———. 1944. A list of plants recorded from the parts of Ranchi and Palamau Districts and the States of Jashpur and Surguja. J. R. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 10: 59-118.
- ______. 1950. Supplement to the Botany of Bihar and Orissa, Ranchi. (For a review of this book, see Santapau in J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 49: 768-70, 1951).
- MUKERIEE, S. K. 1947. A botanical tour in Chota Nagpur. Bull. bot. Soc. Beng. 1: 27-28.
- AND CHATTERIEE, D. 1940. Some new plants from India and Burma. J. Indian bot. Soc. 19: 77-89, ff. 1-7.
- MUKHERJEE, D. B. 1935. Notes on a collection of plants from Mahendragiri. *Ibid.* 14: 305-11.
- Munro, W. 1844. Hortus Agrensis, or a catalogue of all plants. . . in the neighbourhood of Agra. . . Agra.
- NAIRNE, A. K. 1877. List of trees, shrubs and creepers growing in a small jungle close to the Mandeva Bander, at the mouth of the Nagotna River. J. Bombay Br. Asiat. Soc. 13: 150-51.
- ----. 1889. Elementary botany of the Bombay Presidency. Ibid. 4: 264-76.

- NAIRNE, A. K. 1894. The Flowering Plants of Western India, Bombay and London.
- NARAYANASWAMI, M. S. AND CALDER, C. C. See under Calder and Narayanaswami.
- NARAYANAYYA, D. V. 1928. The aquatic weeds in Deccan irrigation canals. J. Ecol. 16: 123-33.
- Nelson, J. H. 1868. The flora of Madura. (In Madura Country, a Manual, pp. 98-145; some of the list of plants supplied by "Mr. Turnbull".)
- NICEVILLE, L. DE. 1900. The food-plants of the butterflies of the Kanara District of the Bombay Presidency, with a revision of the species of butterflies there occurring. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. N.S., II, 69: 187-278.
- Nisber, J. 1907. The chief timber trees of India. *Indian For.* 33: 40-48, 105-07, 159-62, 205-11.
- OLIVER, A. K. 1905. The Hill Station of Matheran. . . Bombay. (Part 2, Ch. 1. pp. 141-89: The Plants of Matheran.)
- OSBECK, P. 1757. Dagbok öfwer en Ostindsk Resa. Aren 1750-52. Stockholm.
- ______, 1771. A Voyage to China and the East Indies, London.
- Osmaston, A. E. 1922. Notes on the forest communities of the Garhwal Himalaya. J. Ecol. 10: 129-67.
- . 1927. A Forest Flora for Kumaon, Allahabad.
- Pampanini, R. 1930. La Flora del Caracorum. Spediz. Ital. de Filip. nell'Himalaya . . . (1913-14), ser. II, 10: 1-285. tt. 1-7, ff. 1-32, Bologna.
- PANDEYA, S. C. 1952. Grasslands of Sagar, Madhya Pradesh. Indian For. 78: 638-54.
- . 1953. Flora of the University area and neighbourhood. Bull. bot. Soc. Saugar 3: 32-38. (This is a continuation of a series, which has not been seen by me.)
- PANDYA, S. P. 1948. Report on Junagadh Forests, Junagadh.
- PARKER, R. N. 1918. A Forest Flora for the Punjab with Hazara and Delhi, Lahore.

 ————. 1924. Botanical notes on some plants of the Kali valley. Indian For. 50: 397-400.
- . 1931. List of plants collected in West Nepal. For. Bull. bot. ser. No. 76, Calcutta.
- _____. 1931. Name changes in important Indian trees. Indian For. 57: 485-90.
- _____. 1938. Collett's Flora Simlensis. *Ibid*. 64: 3-7. (Additions to Collett's).
- —— AND GANGA SINGH. 1933. Common Indian Trees and How to Know Them. Delhi. (Text by Parker, illustrations by Ganga Singh.)
- ---- AND GUPTA, B. L. 1924. New Indian species of forest importance. *Indian For.* 50: 572-87.
- PARKINSON, C. E. 1923. A Forest Flora of the Andaman Islands, Simla,
- ---- AND RAIZADA, M. B. 1930. New Indian species of forest importance. *Indian For.* 56: 426-40.
- PARTRIDGE, E. A. 1911. Forest flora of H.H. the Nizam's Dominions, Hyderobad, Deccan, Hyderabad.
- PEAL, S. E. 1897? Botanical names of some of the timber trees of Assam. (No place of publication indicated.)
- Pearson, H. H. W. 1889. The botany of the Ceylon patanas. J. Linn. Soc. Lond. 34: 300 foll., 35: 430 foll., 1903.

- Pearson, H. H. W. and Botting Hemsley, W. See under W. B. Hemsley and Pearson.
- Perrottet, M. 1858. Plantæ Pondicerianæ. Flora 1858, p. 244, seq.
- Persson, C. 1938. A list of flowering plants from East Turkestan and Kashmir. Bot. Notis. 1938: 267-317.
- Petch, T. 1925. Bibliography of Books and Papers Relating to Agriculture and Botany to the End of the Year 1915, Peradeniya Manuals, III, Ceylon.
- PFLEIDERER, I. 1908. Five Hundred Indian Plants, Mangalore.
- PIDDINGTON, H. 1832. English Index to the Plants of India, Calcutta.
- . 1836. A Tabular View of the Generic Characters in Roxburgh's Flora Indica, Calcutta.
- PILLAI, S. K. 1941. Flora of Annamalainagar. J. Annamalai Univ. 11 (1): 9-24.
- POTTINGER, B. AND PRAIN, D. 1898. A note on the botany of the Kachin Hills, North-East Myitkyina. Rec. bot. Surv. India 1 (11): 215-310.
- Powell, Baden H. 1868-72. Hand-book of the Economic Products of the Punjab, with a Combined Index and Glossary of Technical Vernacular words, Vol. 1: Roorkee, 1868; 2: Lahore, 1872.
- Prain, D. 1890. A list of Laccadive plants, Sc. Mem. Med. Off. Army India 5: 47-70.
- Soc. Beng. II, 59: 235-61. (Reprinted in Mem. and Memor. 25-51, 1894.)
- ______. 1890. A list of Diamond Island plants. Ibid. 59: 271-94. (Reprinted in Mem. and Memor. 53-76, 1894.)
- . 1891. The vegetation of the Coco Group. *Ibid.* II, 60: 283-406. (Reprinted in *Mem. and Memor.* 93-261, 1894.)
- Asiat. Soc. Beng., Dec. 1891: 156-75. (Reprinted in Mem. and Memor. 216-35, 1894.)
- 1892-94. Botany of the Laccadives, being natural history notes from H.M.I.M. Survey steamer *Investigator*... J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 7: 268-95, 1892; 460-86, 1893; 8: 57-86, 1893; 488, 1894. (Reprinted in Mem. and Memor. 301-89, 1894.)
- Beng. II, 62: maps 2, 39-86. (Reprinted in Mem. and Memor. 253-300, maps 2, 1894.)
- ---- 1900. Some new plants from Eastern India. Ibid. 69: 168-74.
- . 1903. Flora of the Sundribuns. Rec. bot. Surv. India 2: map, 231-370.
- ——. 1903. Bengal Plants. A list of the phanerogams, ferns and fern allies indigenous to or commonly cultivated in the lower provinces and Chittagong with definitions of the natural orders and genera, and keys to the genera and species, Calcutta, vols. 2.
- II, 73: 189-91.
- _____. 1904. Some new Indian plants. Ibid. 73: 192-207. tt. 7-8.
- Parganas. Rec. bot. Surv. India 3: map, 143-339, i-v.
- AND KING, G. See under King and Prain.

- PRAIN, D. AND POTTINGER, B. See under Pottinger and Prain.
- RAIZADA, M. B. 1931. Contribution to Duthie's Flora of the Upper Gangetic Plain, from the neighbourhood of Dehra Den. J. Indian bot. Soc. 10: 155-58.
- 1932. New Indian species of forest importance. Incian For. 58: 133-40.
- ——. 1934–41. New or little-known plants from Kumaon. *Ibit*. 60: 299–38; 1934; 67: 15–23, 1941.
- ——, 1935. List of Plants Grown in the Forest Research Institute Grounds, Dehra Dun, Dehra Dun.
- from the Upper Gangetic Plain. J. Indian bot. Soc. 14: 339-48, 1935; 15: 149-67, 1936; Indian For. Rec. Bot. 1(5): 223-36, 1939.
- -----. 1941. On the flora of Chittagong. Indian For. 67; 245-54.
- Rec. 3(3): 121-28, tt. 1-5.
- . 1942. Name changes in important Indian plants. *Indian For.* 68: 206-07.
 - _____. 1948. Botanical name changes. Ibid. 74: 333-36.
- ——. 1950-51. New or noteworthy plants from the Upper Gangetic Plain. Indian For. 76: 489-97, tt. 4, 1950; Indian For. Rec. Bot. 4 (3): i-ii, 65-72, tt. 4, 1951.
- 1954. A botanical visit to Mount Abu. Indian For. 80: 207-15, t. 1.
- AND BOR, N. L. See under Bor and Raizada.
- --- AND CHATTERJI, R. N. See under Chatterji and Raizada.
- AND PARKINSON, C. E. See under Parkinson and Raizada.
- —— AND SAHNI, K. C. 1955. Observations on the vegetation of Panch Chulhi. *Indian For.* 81: 300-17, tt, 4, maps 2.
- RAM, B. S. 1955. Forests and forestry in Himachal Pradesh. *Ibid.* 81: 7-13. RAMA RAO, RAO SAHIB M. 1914. *Flowering Plants of Travancore*, Trivandrum.
- RAMASWAMI, M. S. 1914. A botanical tour in the Tinnivelly Hills. Rec. bot.
- Surv. India 6: map, 105-71, tt. 1-2, i-vi.

 BANNERJI, S. C. AND SMITH, W. W. See under Bannerji, Ramaswami and
- Smith.

 RANDERIA, A. J. AND SANTAPAU, H. 1956. The botanical exploration of the Krishnagiri National Park, Borivili, near Bombay. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc.
- Krishnagiri National Park, Borivili, near Bombay. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 53: 185-200, tt. 1-3, maps 2.
- RANDHAWA, G. S. AND CHATTERJEE, D. See under Chatterjee and Randhawa.
- RANGACHARIAR, K. 1919. Note on the flora of Tirunelveli District. Madras. Agric. Year-Book 1919: 95-109.
- RAO, N. S. AND KRISHNASWAMY, M. H. See under Krishnaswamy and Rao, wight
- RAO, R. 1941. A List of Some of the More Common Plants of the Desert Areas of Sind, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Kathiawar and South-West Punjab, with their local names as far as available, Misc. Bull. Indian Counc. agric. Res. No. 43.

- RATNAM, B. V. 1951. The vegetation of Lohargahl. Proc. Rajasthan Acad. Sci. 2(1): 26-36.
- RAZI, B. A. 1946. A list of Mysore plants. J. Mysore Univ. 7 B (4): 39-81.
- _____. 1950. An account of the forests of Mysore. Ibid. 10 (6): 47-58.
- 1950. A bibliographical account of systematic botany in Mysore. *Ibid.* 10: 59-66.
- _____. 1950. An index to collections of flowering plants of Mysore as represented in herbaria. *Ibid.* 11: 1-55.
- 1952. Some aspects of the vegetation of Poona and neighbouring districts. Poona Univ. J. (Sci.) 1 (2): 1-57.
- 1953. Recent names of some South Indian plants with particular reference to those of Mysore. J. Mysore Univ. 14 B (1): 1-12.
- their distribution. Proc. nat. Inst. Sci. India 21 B: 79-89.
- AND GOVINDU, H. C. See under Govindu and Razi.
- —— SWAMY, B. G. L. AND THIRUMALACHAR, M. J. 1949. Contributions to the flora of the Nandi Hills. J. Mysore Univ. 9 B (5): 73-83.
- REDDY, T. V. AND IYYAR, S. N. C. See under Iyyar and Reddy.
- RICE, L. 1877. Mysore and Coorg. A Gazetteer compiled for the Government of India, Bangalore. (Pp. 46-144 on the flora.)
- . 1897. Mysore, a Gazetteer compiled for Government. Revised edition. (Pp. 68-100 on flora.)
- ROBINSON, W. 1847. Description of the Laccadive Islands. Madras J. Litt. Sci. 14: 5-46.
- Roth, A. W. 1821. Novæ plantarum species, præsertim Indiæ orientalis ex collectione B. Heynii..., Halberstad.
- ROTTLER, J. P. 1803. Botanische Bemerkungen auf der Hin- und Rückreise von Trankebar nach Madras vom Herrn Missionair Rottler zu Trankebar mit enmerkungen von Herrn Professor C. L. Willdenow. Ges. Naturf. Freuende Berlin Neue Schrift 4: 180-224, tt. 3-5. (Botanical observations of the journey to and from Trankebar near Madras of the Missionary Rottler at Trankebar, with notes from Prof. C. L. Willdenow.)
- ROWNTREE, J. B. 1955. Introduction to the vegetation of Assam valley. *Indian* For. Rec. 9 (1): iv, 1-87, tt. 4.
- ROXBURGH, W. 1795-1819. Plants of the Coast of Coromandel..., London; 1: 1795; 2: 1798; 3: 1819.
- . 1814. Hortus Bengalensis, or a catalogue of the plants growing in the Honourable East India Company Botanic Garden at Calcutta, Scrampore.
- 1820-24. Flora Indica: or descriptions of Indian plants by the late William Roxburgh... Edited by William Carey... to which are added descriptions of plants more recently discovered by Nathaniel Wallich, Scrampore; 1: 1820; 2: 1824.
- . 1832. Flora Indica: or descriptions of Indian plants, Scrampore, vols. 3. (A review of this book appeared in J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 1: 131-39, April 1832; an interesting review giving data on the history of botany in India.)
- . 1874. Flora Indica... Reprinted literatim from Carey's Edition of 1832, Calcutta. (This edition is by C. B. Clarke.)
- ROY CHOUDHURY, K. C. 1951. Sikkim—the country and its forests. *Indian For.* 77: 676-83.
- ROYLE, J. F. 1833-40. Illustrations of the Botany and Other Branches of the Natural History of the Himalayan Mountains and of the Flora of Kashmir, London,

- ROYLE, J. E. 1842. Observations on the vegetation and products of Afghanistan, Kashmir and Tibet. (In G. T. Vigne's *Travels in Kashmir*, Ladak, Iskardo..., 2: 440-62, London.)
- Sabnis, T. S. 1923-24. The flora of Sind. *J. Indian Bot.* 3: 151-53, 178-80, 204-06, 227-32, 277-84, 1923; 4: 25-27, 50-70, 101-15, 134-48, 1924.
- SAGREYA, K. P. 1938. List of common forest plants of the Central Provinces and Berar. C.P. and Berar For. Bull. 1: 1-20.
- Sahni, B. 1927. A note on the floating island and vegetation of Kathiar, near Chamba in the N.-W. Himalaya. J. Indian bot. Soc. 6: 1-7.
- SAHNI, K. C. 1953. Botanical exploration in the Great Nicobar Island. *Indian For.* 79: 3-16, maps 2, tt. 3.
- --- AND RAIZADA, M. B. See under Raizada and Sahni.
- SALDANHA, C. AND SANTAPAU, H. 1956. New plant records for Bombay. III. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 53: 210-13, tt. 1-5.
- SANKHALA, K. S. 1951. Enumeration of the flowering plants of N.-W. Rajasthan. Rajasthan Univ. Stud. (Biol.) 1: 43-56.
- Santapau, H. 1944-46. New plant records for Bombay Presidency. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 45: 445-48, 1945; 46: 377-81, 1946.
- _______ 1949, Novitates Bombaienses. Kew Bull. 1948: 485-92.
- ______. 1950. Iter Kathiawarense, being notes on a botanical tour in Nawanagar State, Oct.-Nov. 1945. J. Gujerat Res. Soc. 11-12: 226-37, tt. 1-4.
- ———. 1952. Excursión botánica a Mahableshwar, Estado de Bombay (India) durante el mes de agosto de 1951. Ann. Jard. bot. Madrid 11 (1): 281-317, map, ff. 1-6.
- Poona agric. Coll. mag. 41: 270-84.
- ______. 1952. Contributions to the bibliography of Indian botany. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 50: 520-48, 1952; 51: 205-59, 1953.
- ______. 1952. Report of the Second Field Season in the Botanical Survey of Saurashtra, Rajkot.
- bot. Surv. India 16(1): xxvii, 1-396. map, tt. 3.
- _____, 1953. Plants of Saurashtra. A Preliminary List, Rajkot.
- ______, 1954. Annual excursion of the Indian Botanical Society—Hyderabad, Deccan, 1954. J. Indian bot. Soc. 33: 78-92.
- State. J. Gujerot Res. Soc. 16: 285-320, 1954; 17: 1-59, 1955. (Published in book form in May 1955.)
- near Baroda, on January 7th, 1955. J. Indian bot. Soc. 34: 158-89, t. 1.
- _____. 1955. A botanical excursion to North Kanara, Bornbay State, in May 1954. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 53: 10-28.
- ----, FERNANDES, R. R. AND RANDERIA, A J. See under Fernandes, Randeria and Santapau.

- SANTAPAU, H. AND RAIZADA, M. B. See under Raizada and Santapau.
- AND RANDERIA, A. J. See under Randeria and Santapau.
- AND SALDANHA, C. See under Saldanha and Santapau.
- SAXTON, W. T. 1924. Phases of vegetation under monsoon conditions. J. Ecol. 12: 1-38.
- AND SEDGWICK, L. J. 1918. Plants of Northern Gujerat. Rec. bot. Surv. India 6: 207-323, i-xiii, map.
- SAYEED-UD-DIN, M. 1935. Some of the common flowering plants of the Hyderabad State; their distribution, economic and medicinal importance. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng., Sci. 1: 9-92, 1935; 2: 73-94, 1936.
- 1938. A further contribution to some of the common flowering plants of the Hyderabad State: their distribution and economic importance. J. Bombav nat. hist. Soc. 40: 191-212.
- 1940. Preliminary notes of a recent tour to Amrabad forest reserve. Ibid. 41: 907-10.
- ___. 1941. Additions to our knowledge of the flowering plants of H.E.H. the Nizam's Dominions, Hyderabad, Deccan. Ibid. 42: 903-24, t. 1.
- et al. 1937. Catalogue of Plants Cultivated in the Botanical Garden. Osmania University Hyderabad-Dn. Collections 1935-37.
- SCHLICH, W. 1875. Remarks on the Sunderbuns. Indian For. 1: 6-11.
- Schmid. B. and Jenker, J. C. 1835. Plantæ indicæ quas in montibus Coimbaturicis cæruleis, Nilagiri s. Neilgherries dictis, collegit Rev. Bernhardus Schmid. Illustravit Dr. Jonathan Carolus Zenker....Decas. I, Jena and Paris. (See review in Madras J. Lit. Sci. 4: 156-57, 1836.)
- SCHMID, E. 1938. Contribution to the knowledge of flora and vegetation in the Central Himalayas. J. Indian bot. Soc. 17: 269-78.
- SEDGWICK, L. J. 1921. New Bombay species. J. Indian Bot. 2: 123-31, tt. 3.
- AND SAXTON, W. T. See under Saxton and Sedgwick.
- SENARATNA, J. E. 1948. The correct botanical names of certain economic plants cultivated in Ceylon. Trop. Agric. 104: 205-09.
- -. 1951. Wild flowers of Ceylon. Ibid. 108: 176-80.
- -. 1954. Brief notes on some wild flowers of Ceylon. Ibid. 110: 289-91.
- SEN GUPTA, J. N. 1937. The forests of Upper Assam. Indian For. 63: 734-45.
- SESHAGIRI RAO, R. AND BISWAS, K. See under Biswas and Seshagiri Rao.
- SHANTI SARUP, 1951. A list of some common plants of Jodhpur and its neighbourhood. Rajasthan Univ. Stud. Biol. 1: 29-36,
- -. 1954. Revised List of Plants from Jodhpur and Environs, Jaipur.
- SINHA, S. 1951. The vegetation of the glacial moraines of the Pindari glacier, Kumaon, India. Proc. nat. Acad. Sci. India 21: 91-98.
- SMITH, LADY E. AND SMITH, H. B. See under Bruce, Lady E.
- SMITH, H. 1857. Specimens of Nature Printing from Unprepared Plants, Madras.
- SMITH, J. Y. 1871. Matheran: Its People, Plants and Animals, Edinburgh. (Second edit., Bombay, 1881.)
- SMITH, W. W. 1911. Some additions to the flora of the Eastern Himalaya. Rec. bot. Surv. India 4: 261-72.
- tarum decas. J. and Proc. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 7: 69-75.

- SMITH, W. W. 1911. Some additions to the flora of Burma. Rec. bot. Surv. India 4: 272-85.
- 1913. The alpine and sub-alpine vegetation of South-East Sikkim. *Ibid.* 4: 323-431, i-x.
- SMITH, W. AND CAVE, G. H. See under Cave and Smith.
- SMYTHE, F. S. 1947. The Valley of Flowers, London (ed. 2).
- SMYTHES, E. A. 1921. Note on the miscellaneous forest of the Kumaon Bhabar. For. Bull. No. 43, Calcutta.
- Indian For. 50: 15-27.
- SOLOMON, S. AND KUMAR, L. S. S. See under Kumar and Solomon.
- Someren, C. J. van. 1879. List of the Forest Trees of Mysore and Coorg, Bangalore. (See review in Indian For. 4: 389-90, 1879.)
- . 1887. List of trees in the Melghat Forests. Indian For. 13: 119-22.
- Sothers, D. B. 1941. Riverain forests in Sind, 1936-41. Ibid. 67: 637-43.
- Souza, J. C. D'E. 1944. Catalogo botanico das plantas de Goa e terras vizinhas. Bol. Inst. Vasco Gama, No. 60: 54-186, 1944; No. 61: 69-79, 1944.
- SPARE, G. H. AND FISCHER, C. E. C. See under Fischer and Spare.
- SRIVASTAVA, G. D. 1938. Flora of Allahabad. Univ. Allahabad Stud. Bot. Sect. 14: 87-133; 15: 51-127, 1938; Supplement I. Ibid. 1-20, 1949.
- Srivastava, J. C. 1955. A botanical tour to Parasnath Hill, Bihar. J. Indian bot. Soc. 34: 196-206, map.
- ———. 1955. Some recently introduced or newly recorded plants from Patna District and its neighbourhood. J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. 52: 659-60.
- ——. 1955. A note on the flora of Mirzapur (U.P.). Ibid. 53: 152-53.
- Stebbing, E. P. 1901. The forests of Arakan, Burma. *Indian For.* 27: 127-31, 182-82, 235-39.
- Stewart, J. L. 1869. Punjab Plants, Comprising Botanical and Vernacular Names and Uses of Most of the Trees, Shrubs and Herbs of Economical Value Growing within the Province, Lahore.
- AND BRANDIS, D. 1874. The Forest Flora of North-West and Central India: a handbook of the indigenuos trees and shrubs of those countries. Commenced by the late J. Lindsay Steward, M.D., continued and completed by Dietrich Brandis, London.
- STEWART, R. R. 1916-17. Flora of Ladakh. Bull. Tarrey bot. Cl. 43: 571-90, 1916; 625-59, 1917.
- STRACHEY, R. AND BOTTING HEMSLEY, W. See under Botting Hemsely and Strachey.
- AND DUTHIE, J. F. See under Duthie et al.
- SUBRAMANIA IYER, V. 1909. Sand-binding plants. Indian For. 35: 82-97.
- SUTARIA, R. N. 1941. Flora of Mount Abu. J. Univ. Bombay N.S. 9 B (5): 64-68.

- SWAMY, B. G. L., KHAN, K. B. A. AND THIRUMALACHAR, M. J. See under Khan, Swamy and Thirumalachar.
- ---, RAZI, B. A. AND THIRUMALACHAR, M. J. See under Razi, Swamy and Thirumalachar.
- SYMONDS, W. P. 1901. Vernacular Names of Plants in the Presidency Proper, Bombay, Bombay,
- TADULINGAM, C. 1915. Some Weeds of the Central Farm, Coimbatore, Coimbatore.
- AND VENKATANARAYANA, G. 1932. A Handbook of Some South Indian Weeds Containing Complete Descriptions and Short Notes on Some of the Common Weeds Indigenous and Introduced in South India (With illustrations), Madras.
- .TALBOT, W. A. 1894. The Trees, Shrubs and Woody Climbers of the Bombay Presidency, Bombay. (2nd edit., 1902; 3rd edit., 1949.)
- . 1897. New Species of Western Peninsular plants from North Kanara and Mysore. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 11: 234-38, tt. 1-10.
- Bombay. *Ibid.* 11: 690-93, tt. 11-14.
- and Sind. Indian For. 32: 8-24, 56-64, 126-41. (Reprinted in book form, pp. 1-40.)
- 1: 1909-11. Forest Flora of the Bombay Presidency and Sind, Poona 1: 1909; 2: 1911.
- THAKER, J. I. 1910. Botany. A Complete and Comprehensive Account of the Flora of Barda Mountain (Kathiawad), Bombay.
- THOMSON, T. 1852. Sketch of the climate and vegetation of the Himalayas. J. Agric. Hort. Soc. India 8: 44 seq.
- ——... 1852. Western Himalaya and Tibet: A Narrative of a Journey through the Mountains of Northern India during the years 1847-48, London.
- THOMSON, T. AND HOOKER, J. D. See under Hooker and Thomson.
- THWAITES, G. H. K. 1858-64. Enumeratio plantarum Zeylaniæ, an enumeration of Ceylon plants, with descriptions of the new and little-known genera and species, observations on their habitats, uses, native names, etc. By ... assisted by J. D. Hooker... London.
- TRIMEN, H. 1885. Notes on the flora of Ceylon. J. Bot. 23: 203-08,
- 1885. A systematic catalogue of the flowering plants and ferns indigenous to or growing wild in Ceylon. J. Ceylon Br. Asiat. Soc. 9: 1-137.
- 1885. Remarks on the composition, geographical affinities, and origin of the Ceylon flora. *Ibid.* 9: 139-59.
- _____. 1889. Note on the botany of Ritigala. Ibid. 11: 6-9.
- 1893-1931. A Handbook to the Flora of Ceylon Containing Descriptions of all the Species of Flowering Plants Indigenous to the Island, and Notes on Their History, Distribution and Uses... with an atlas of plates. (Vols. 5 by Trimen, Supplement by A. H. G. Alston.)
- 3-6. A preliminary list of plants of the Maldive Island. J. Rot. 34:
- TRIMURTI, N. 1955. The forests of Coorg State. Indian For. 81: 3-6, tt. 1-4. VARTAK, V. D. 1953. Contribution to the flora of Torna Hill, Poona District.
- J. Univ. Poona 4: 1-10.
 VENKATESH, C. S. AND GOVINDU, H. See under Govindu and Venkatesh.

- VENKATESHWARLU, V. 1944. The estuarial flora of the Godavari. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 44: 431-35.
- VENKATESWARLU, J. 1940-41. Flora and plant resources of the Andhra area, Waltair, in The Natural Resources of Andhra Area and Allied Topics, 1-17.
- VINCENT, F. D'A. 1884. Report on the forests of Ceylon. *Indian For.* 10: 13-50, 65-68.
- VRAT, S. 1954. Forest types in Jubbal forest division of Himachal Pradesh. *Ibid.* 80: 582-87.
- WALKER-ARNOTT, G. A. 1836. Pugillus plantarum Indiæ orientalis. Nov. Act. Phys.-Med. Acad. Cæs. Leopold.-Carol. Nat. Curios. 18 (1): 321-56 d.
- --- AND WIGHT, R. 1834. Prodromus floræ Peninsulæ Indiæ Orientalis, containing abridged descriptions of the plants found in the Peninsula of British India arranged according to the Natural System... Lenden.
- Wallich, N. 1820. Descriptions of some rare Indian plants. Asiat. Res. 13: 369-415, tt. 12.
- ———. 1824-46. Tentamen floræ nepalensis illustratæ, consisting of botanical descriptions and lithographic figures of select Nipal plants, Calcutta and Serampore.
- ———. 1828-49. A Numerical List of Dried Specimens of Plants in the East India Company's Museum, collected under the superintendence of Dr. Wallich, of the Company's Botanic Garden at Calcutta, London.
- -----. 1829-32. Planta Asiatica rariores: or, Descriptions and figures of a select number of unpublished Eost Indian plants, London, 3 yols.
- ——, 1833. List of Indian woods collected by N. Wallich... J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 2: 167-94, 1833. (Reprinted from Trans. Soc. Arts. 48: 1831.)
- WARBURG, O. 1890. Die Flora des asiatischen Monsungebietes. Ein pflanzengeschichtliche Studie. Verh. Ges. Deutsch. Naturf. Leipzig.
- WARD, F. KINGDON. 1927. The Sino-Himalayan flora. Proc. Linn. Soc. 139th Session: 67-74.
- . 1931. Botanical exploration: Mishmi Hills, Assam. Proc. Linn Soc. 142nd Session: 60-64.
- for a flora of that country. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 50: 239-65, maps 2.
- 1937. Exploring for plants in Southern Tibet. Indian For. 63: 58-59, 1937 (Reproduced from Nature, 2nd May 1936).
- ______. 1944-45. A sketch of the botany and geography of Burma. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 44: 550-74; 45: 16-30, 1944; 133-48, 1945.
- ________ 1946. Additional notes on the botany of North Burma. *Ibid.* 46: 381-90.
- _____. 1952. Plant Hunter in Manipur, London.
- WATSON, J. F. 1874. Plants of Kumaon, Roorkee.
- WATT, G. 1881. Notes on the vegetation of Chumba State and British Lahul; with descriptions of new species. J. and Proc. Linn. Soc. 18: 368-82, tt. 9-14.
- _____. 1888. The forests of Manipur. Indian For. 14: 291-99, 338-44, 387-94.

- WATTS, N. A. 1953. Flora of Agra District: A Descriptive Key to the Flora of Agra District, Calcutta.
- . 1954. Common Indian Herbs, Calcutta.
- ______. 1954. Summer flowers of Darjeeling. J. Beng. nat. hist. Soc. 27: 27-46.
- WEBBER, W. 1902. The Forests of Upper India and Their Inhabitants, London.
- Wight, R. 1831. Illustrations of Indian botany, principally of the Southern parts of the Peninsula. *Hook. Bot. Misc.* 2: 344-60, tt. 11-19, 1831; 3: 84-104, suppl. tt. 21-32, 1833.
- ______, 1833. Catalogue of Indian Plants, London.
- . 1834. Contributions to the Botany of India, London.
- -----. 1835-36. Observations on the flora of Courtallum. *Madras J. Lit. Sci.* 2: 380-91, 1835; 3: 84-96; 4: 57-66, 1836.
- ————. Contributions to Indian botany. *Madras J. Litt. Sci.* 5: 1–15, tt. 1–5; 309–13, tt. 19–20.
- ..., Madras. (General Index by H. F. C. Clegtorn, Madras, 1856.)

- drawn and coloured from nature with brief descriptions of each..., Madras.
- AND WALKER-ARNOTT, G. A. See under Walker-Arnott and Wight.
- WILLIS, J. C. 1901. Note on the flora of Minikoi. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Peradeniya .. 1: 39-43.
- Province of Ceylon; a study in endemism. *Ibid.* 3: 271-302.
- _____. 1908. The floras of hill tops in Ceylon. Ibid. 4: 131-38.
- of Ceylon. Peradeniya Manuals of Botany, No. 2, Colombo.
- ---. AND GARDINER, J. C. 1901. The botany of the Maldive Islands. Ann. R. hot. Gdn. Peradeniya 1: 45-164, map.
- WITT, D. D. 1908. List of Trees, Shrubs and Climbers and Other Plants of Economic Importance Found in the Berar Forest Circle of the Central Provinces, Nagpur. (The outer title of this book is: Forest Flora of the Berar Circle.)
- Woon, J. J. 1902. Plants of Chutia Nagpur, including Jaspur and Sirguja. Rec. bot. Surv. India 2 (1): 1-170.
- Woodrow, G. M. 1894. Notes on a journey from Haveri to Kumta. *Ibid.* 1 (3): 49-57.
- . 1895. Notes on a journey from Poona to Nagotna. Ibid. 1 (6): 89-97.
- _____. 1897. Plants of a Bombay swamp, J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 11: 88-94.
- 1897-1901. The flora of Western India. *Ibid.* 11: 118-30, 265-73, 1897; 420-30, 635-51, 1898; 12: 162-76, 1898; 354-73, 515-26, 1899; 13: 427-42, 1901.
- WRIGHT, H. L. 1931. The forests of Kashmir. Empire For. J. 10: 182-289.

List of Anonymous Papers on Systematic Botany

- 1885. Notes on some plants and birds found in the hill forest of South-East Kumaon. *Indian For.* 11: 367-73.
- 1886. Gujarat Trees. (Compiled from materials supplied by Mr. G. H. D. Wilson. C. S., and Leiutenant-Colonel J. G. McRae). Bombay Gazetteer 25: 385-401, 1886.
- 1893. Botanical exploration of Sikkim-Tibet frontier. Kew Bull. 1893: 297-315.
- 1894. Vegetable resources of India, Ibid. 1894; 315-28,
- 1895. List of the principal crops grown in Bengal. Dept. Land. Rec. Agric. bull. No. 1. (Second edition in 1896.)
- 1901. Preliminary List of Vernacular Names of Trees, Shrubs and Woody Climbers Found in the Forests of Madras Presidency, Madras.
- 1907. Note on the Banda forests. Indian For. 33: 35-40, 156-58, 200-03.
- Alphabetical list of common trees and plants of the Zhob district. Baluchistan Dist. Gazet. 1: 321-28.
- Alphabetical list of common trees and plants of the Loralai district. Ibid.
 357-70.
- 1913. Names of the field and market garden crops of the principal fruit and timber trees of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, Dept. Land Rec. Agric. U.P., bull. no. 30 (Agric. series).
- 1914? Plants from the Pulney Hills, Trichinopoly. (Note: the catalogue of the library of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, gives A. Saulière as the author, and 1914 as the date of publication; neither is shown on the title page of the copy at the disposal of the author.)
- 1916. Decades Kewenses.. Kew Bull. 1916: 131-36 (ten plants from South India described by Gamble).

Ibid. 1921: 118-22, 216-21, 307-12.

Ibid. 1922: 117-22.

Ibid. 1925: 279-85, 329-33, 426-33.

- 1948. The Wealth of India: A Dictionary of Indian Raw Materials and Industrial Products, Delhi.
- 1949. Bibliography of Scientific Publications of South-East Asia (India, Burma, Ceylon), Delhi, UNESCO office, 1949... (Published twice yearly; a very valuable contribution to botanical recent literature).

PART II

On the History of Botany in S. Asia

- AGHARKAR, S. P. 1938. Progress of Botany during the past twenty-five years. In B. Prasad's Progress of Science in India, pp. 742-67, Calcutta.
- Anderson, T. 1856. Notes on the Herbarium of the Calcutta Botanic Garden, with especial reference to the completion of the Flora Indica. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. N.S. 25: 405-18.
- Biswas, K. 1943. Systematic and Taxonomic studies on the flora of India and Burma. Proc. 30th Indian Sci. Congr. (Calcutta) 2: 101-52, ff. 1-11.
- BRANDIS, D. 1878. Obituary of S. Kurz, in Indian For. 4: 14.
- ______. 1888. Dr. Cleghorn's services to Indian Botany. Ibid. 14: 395-401.
- BRITTEN, J. 1896. In Memory of Henry Trimen (with portrait). J. Hot. 34: 489-94.

- BRITTEN, J. AND BOULGER, G. S. 1893. A Biographical Index of British and Irish Botanists, London. (With supplements.)
- BURKILL, I. H. 1951. Obituary notice of C. E. C. Fischer in Sci. and Cult. 17: 250.
- CAMPBELL, A. 1849. Journal of a trip to Sikkim in December 1848 with sketch map. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 18: 482-541, maps 2 (important for the history of J. D. Hooker's explorations in Sikkim).
- 1852. Diary of a journey through Sikkim in the frontiers of Tibet. *Ibid.* 21: 407-28.
- D'CRUZ, R. AND SANTAPAU, H. 1952. A note on the Jayakrishna Indraji Thaker collection of plants preserved in the herbarium, Agricultural College, Pecca. *Poona agric. Coll. mag.* 42: 210-33, ff. 1-2.
- FISCHER, C. E. C. 1932. The Keenig collection in the Lund Herbarium. Kew Bull. 1932: 49-76.
- FOULKES, T. 1861. Biographical memoir of Dr. Rottler. Madras J. Lit. Sci., N.S. 6: 1-17.
- GAMBLE, J. S. 1922. Obituary notice of J. F. Duthie. Kew Bull. 1922: 125-28.
- Gңозн, A. K. 1946. Professor Shankar Purushottam Agharkar. Sci. and Cult. 11: 678-89.
- ———. 1947. William Carey. *Ibid.* 13: 218-25. (A footnote states that this is the full text of a talk by the author entitled *Carey as a Botanist.*)
- GOKHALE, A. V. AND GODBOLE, S. R. 1954. The herbarium at the Poona Agricultural College. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 51: 963-64.
- HOOKER, J. D. AND THOMSON, T. 1855. Summary of the labours of Indian Botanists and of the materials at our disposal for prosecuting the Flora Indica (Flora Indica, 45-74).
- King, G. 1899. The Early history of Indian Botany. Rep. Brit. Assoc. Adv. Sci. (Dover) 1899: 904-19; reprinted in J. Bot. 37: 454-63.
- MAHESHWARI, P. 1952. Professor Birbal Sahni's contribution on living plants. Palæbet. 1: 17-21.
- McCann, C. 1934. Obituary: Ethelbert Blatter, S. J. J. Bembay nat. hist. Soc. 37: 466-73, portrait.
- M'CLELLAND, J. 1845. Memoir of the late William Griffith... J. Agric. and Hort. Soc. India 4: 1-39.
- Obituaries, published anonymously:

BEDDOME, R. H. Kew Bull. 1911: 164-65.

CLARKE, C. B. Ibid. 1906: 271-81.

COOKE, T. Ibid. 1910: 350-52.

DRUMMOND, J. R. Ibid. 1921: 123.

Gamble, J. S. Ibid. 1925: 433-39.

GRIFFITH, W. Calcutta J. nat. hist. 6: 294-306.

———. Madras J. Litt, Sci. 14: 187-97.

HAINES, H. H. Indian For. 72: 485.

HOOKER, J. D. Kew Bull. 1912: 1-34, 439-40.

King, G. Ibid. 1909: 68-72, 193-97.

STOCKS, J. E. Madras J. Litt. Sci. N.S. 3: 271-74.

STRACHEY, R. Kew Bull. 1908: 127-29.

- Parker, R. N. 1931. The herbarium of the Forest Research Institute. For. Bull. No. 73, Calcutta.
- Peiris, E. 1952. Paul Hermann, the Father of Ceylon Botany. J. Roy. Asiat. Sac. Ceylon N.S. 2: 1-20, t.1.
- SANTAPAU, H. 1954. John Forbes Royle and the Himalayas. The Himalaya 1: 52-58, tt. 1-2.
- ——. 1954. The Blatter Herbarium, Bombay. Madras State Herb. Cent. Souv. 38-47; reprinted in booklet form, 1954.
- Soares, A. X. 1923. Garcia d'Orta, a little known owner of Bombay. J. Bombay Br. R. Asiat. Soc. 26: 195-229.
- Srivastava, J. G. 1954. E. J. Woodhouse—His contributions to our knowledge of the flora of Bihar. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 52: 663-65.
- STANSFIELD, H. 1953. The Royle Herbarium. A classic collection of plants from N.-W. India and the Himalaya. North-West Natur. 24: 250-65, t. 1.
- _____. 1954, William Roscoe, Botanist. Ibid. 5: 19-61, tt. 1-16.
- TEIGNMOUTH, LORD. 1907. The Works of Sir William Jones, with the Life of the Author, London, Vols. 13. (5: 1-162, reprints of the botanical papers of Sir William Jones.)
- THISELTON-DYER, W. T. 1902. Obituary notice of H. Collett. Kew Bull. 1902: 18-23.
- THOMSON, T. AND HOOKER, J. D. See under Hooker and Thomson.
- TRIMEN, H. 1887. Hermann's Ceylon herbarium and Linnaeus's Flora zeylanica. J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 24: 129-55.
- WILSON, H. 1841. Travels in the Himalayan Provinces of Hindustan and the Punjab: in Ludakh and Kashmir: in Peshawar, Kabul, Kunduz and Bokhara: ... from 1819 to 1825. Prepared for the press from original Journals and correspondence, London. (In the introduction the author gives lengthy details of the life and travels of W. Moorcroft.)
- Anonymous. 1955. J. F. Duthie. Bull. bot. Soc. Univ. Saugar 7: 102-03.
- ______ 1926. The Gamble herbarium. Kew Bull. 1926: 12-17.
- ______, 1926. Mr. Gamble's Herbarium. Indian For. 52: 209-12
- 1926. The Rottler Herbarium. Kew Bull. 1926: 221-22.
- ______ 1913. The Wallichian Herbarium. Ibid. 1913: 255-63.

PART III

Botanical Gardens in India

Agra

Anonymous. 1903. Catalogue of Fruit, Timber and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, etc., procurable at the Taj and other Government Gardens, Agra, Agra.

Annamalai University

of Annamalai). J. Annamalai Univ. 16: 110-14,

Bangalore

- BLACK, A. A. 1864. Report on the Mysore Government Garden at Bangalore for 1863-64, with a list of plants growing therein, Bangalore.
- CAMERON, J. 1880. Catalogue of Plants in the Botanical Garden, Bangalore, and Its Vicinity, Bangalore. (Second edit., Bangalore, 1891.)
- GOWDA, M. H. MARI. 1949. Early history of the Botanic Garden, Bangalore. Sci. and Cult. 15: 181-83.
- KRUMBIEGAL, G. H. 1948. List of Economic Plants Imported in Lal Bagh Botanic Garden, Bangalore, Bangalore.
- New, W. 1862. Catalogue of Plants in the Public Garden, Bangalore, June 1861, Edinburgh.

Calcutta

- Anderson, T. 1864. Catalogue of Seeds... Botanical Gardens, Calcutta, Calcutta.

 ————. 1865. Catalogue of Plants Cultivated in the Royal Botanic Gardens, Calcutta, from April 1861 to September 1864, Calcutta.
- BISWAS, K. 1940. The Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta. Sci. and Cult. 6: 26-33.
- CHATTERJEE, D. 1948. Early history of the Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta, Nature 161: 362.
- FALCONER, H. 1843. Report on the Hon'ble Company's Botanic Gardens, Calcutta, Calcutta.
- GAGE, A. T. 1911-12. Catalogue of non-herbaceous phanerogams cultivated in the Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta. Rec. bot. Surv. India 5: 1-115, i-iii, map; 115-274, i-iii, 1911; 275-367, 1912.
- GRIFFITH, W. 1843. On some remarkable plants in the H. C. Gardens, Calcutta. Calcutta J. Nat. Hist. 4: 231-56, t. 1.
- ———. 1843. On some plants, mostly undescribed, in the H. C. Botanic Gardens, Calcutta. *Ibid.* 4: 375-90.
- ——. 1844. On some plants in the H. C. Botanic Gardens. *Ibid.* 5: 355-73, tt. 24-26.
- King, G. 1895. A Guide to the Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta, Calcutta.
- McClelland, J. 1847. Plan..., with List of Plants in the Natural and Medicinal Gardens (Calcutta), Calcutta.
- Masters, J. W. 1844. A catalogue of plants growing in the Honourable East India Company's Botanic Garden, Calcutta, alphabetically arranged, with authorities and Natural Families annexed. J. agric. and hort. Soc. India 3 (2): 10-32, 103-26. (The catalogue is dated Sept. 1837.)
- Voigt, J. O. 1845. Hortus suburbanus calcuttensis. A catalogue of the plants which have been cultivated in the ... Botanical Gardens, Calcutta, and in the Serampore Botanical Garden... from the beginning of both establishments (1786 and 1800) to the end of August 1841..., Calcutta.
- WALLICH, N. 1842. Effects of the late gale at the Botanic Garden, Calcutta. J. Agric. and Hort. Soc. India 1: 3-7. (Note: to this communication is appended an unsigned "Statement of trees and shrubs in the... Botanic Garden, Calcutta, which were injured or destroyed during the gale on the 3rd June 1842,"

- pp. 8-18; in all trees or shrubs more or less damaged 1186; blown down and completely ruined 363 trees.)
- Anonymous. 1843. General catalogue of plants in the Honourable Company's Botanic Garden, Calcutta. J. Agric. and Hort. Soc. India 2(2): 517-35, 562-87.

Cuttack

DUNLOP, W. W. 1844. A list of plants in the garden of the branch Agri-Horticultural Society of Cuttack. J. Agric. and Hort. Soc. India 3 (2): 93-95.

Darjeeling

Biswas, K. 1940. Plants of the Lloyd Botanic Garden, Darjeeling. Rec. bot. Surv. India 5: iii-iv, 369-478, map.

Dapooree, etc.

FALKE, T. 1862. List of Trees and Plants Growing in the Botanical Gardens at Dapooree and Hewra, and Government House Gardens, Parel, Bombay.

Ganeshkhind

PATWARDHAN, G. B. 1915. Plants, Seeds and Bulbs Available for Distribution in the Ganeshkhind Botanical Gardens, Kirkee, India, Poona.

WOODROW, G. M. 1876. List of Drugs Grown in the Botanical Gardens, Ganesh-khind, Poona, Bombay.

Madras

- Brown, R. N. 1862. Handbook of Trees, Shrubs and Herbaceous Plants Growing in the Madras Agri-Horticultural Society's Gardens, Madras.
- ———. 1866. A Hand-book of the Trees, Shrubs, and Herbaceuos Plants Growing in the Madras Agri-Horticultural Society's Garden and neighbourhood of Madras, Madras. (This is the 2nd edition of the previous entry, with supplement by J. J. Wood.)
- CLEGHORN, H. 1853. Hortus madraspatensis—Catalogue of Plants Indigenous and Naturalised in the Agri-Horticultural Society's Garden, Madras.
- GLESON, J. M. 1898. Catalogue of the Trees, Shrubs and Herbaceous Plants in the Gardens of the Agri-Horticultural Society of Madras and in the Neighbourhood, Madras.

Ootacamund

CLEGHORN, H. F. C. 1857. Memorandum on the Government Garden of Ootacamund, Madras.

Peradeniya

- DAVID, J. S. 1949. Orchids at the Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya (Ceylon). Orchid. Zeylan. 16: 58-60.
- Morris, D. 1879. Royal Botanic Gardens, Ceylon. A Catalogue of the most interesting forest trees, ornamental trees and shrubs, fruit trees, palms, foliage plants, etc., etc., suitable for distribution, Colombo.
- TRIMEN, H. 1888. Hortus zeylanicus, a Classified List of the Plants...Growing in the Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya, Ceylon, Colombo.
- WILLIS, J. C. 1898. Official Hand-guide to the Royal Botanic Gardens, Peradeniya, Colombo, 5th edit.

Saharanpur and others

DUTHIE, J. F. 1885. Report on the...Government Botanical Gardens of Saharan-pur and Mussoorie...1885, Allahabad.

- GOLLAN, W. 1900. Some Results of Acclimatization Work at the Saharanpur Botanical Gardens, Allahabad.
- JAMESON, W. 1855. Report upon the Botanic Gardens of the North-Western Provinces, Roorkee.
- ROYLE, J. F. 1832. Account of the Honourable Company's Botanic Garden at Saharanpur. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 1: 41-58, map.

Trivandrum

- Anonymous. 1901. List of Plants in the Trivandrum Public Gardens and Neighbourhood, Trivandrum.
- _____. 1903. Price List of Trees, Plants, etc. for Sale, Trivandrum.

Victoria Gardens, Bombay

- MAHALAXMIWALA, C. D. 1902. Notes on some of the plants introduced into the Victoria Gardens, Bombay, during the past 8 years. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 14: 128-31, 356-61, 1902; 776-81, 1903; 15: 674-78, 1904.
- Anonymous. 1870. List of Trees, Shrubs, Climbers, Perennials, Fruit Trees, Herbs, etc., for Sale at the Victoria Gardens, Bombay.

Yanam

GANGLOFF, A. 1954. The Botanic Garden of Yanam. Yanam.

PART IV

Medicinal and Economic Plants

- Acosta, C. 1578. Tractado de las drogas y medicinas de las Indias orientales Burgos.
- AGHARKAR, S. P. 1953. Botany. Part I-Medicinal Plants. Revised edition of Bombay Gazetteer, Bombay.
- AHLUWALIA, K. S. 1952. Medicinal plants of Kangra valley. *Indian For.* 78: 188-94.
- AHMAD CHOWDHURY, K. 1951. West Bengal timbers (their identification, properties and uses). *Indian For. Rec.* N.S. 1(3): 1-96.
- Ainslie, W. 1813. Materia Medica of Hindoostan and Artisans' and Agriculturists' Nomenclature, Madras.
- ———. 1826. Materia Medica: or, some account of those articles which are employed by the Hindoos, and other Eastern nations, in their medicine, arts and agriculture..., London, 2 vols.
- Ambekar, G. 1927. The crops of the Bombay Presidency, their geography and statistics. Dept. Agric. Bombay Buil. No. 146.
- ARJUN, S. 1879. Catalogue of the Bombay Drugs Including a List of the Medicinal Plants of Bombay Used in the Fresh State, Bombay.
- ATKINSON, E. C. 1881. Memoirs of the Economic Products of N.-W. Provinces of India, Allahabad.
 - BADHWAR, R. L. AND CHOPRA, R. N. 1940. Poisonous plants of India. Indian J. Agric. Sci. 10: 1-44.
 - AND GHOSH, S. 1949. Poisonous Plants of India, New Delhi.
 - , Chopra, I. C. and Nayar, S. L. 1946. Reputed abortifacient plants of India. Indian J. agric. Sci. 16: 342-55.

- BADHWAR, R. L., CHOPRA, I. C. AND NAYAR, S. L. 1945. Indian plants liable to produce dermatitis. *Indian J. agric. Sci.* 15: 155-71.
- BADHWAR, R. N., CHOPRA, R. N. AND NAYAR, S. L. 1941. Insecticidal and piscidial plants of India. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 42: 854-902.
- BADHWAR, R. L., DEY, A. C. AND EDWARDS, M. V. 1952. The vegetable tanning materials of India and Burma. *Indian For. Rec.* N.S. 1 (2): 1-191.
- Ball, S. N. 1940. An Outline of Pharmacopaial Drugs of Vegetable Origin, Calcutta.
 Bald, C. 1906. The Cultivation of Ficus elastica, the India Rubber of the East, Calcutta.
- BANERJI, M. L. 1955. Some edible and medicinal plants from East Nepal. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 53: 153-55.
- Basu, B. D. and Kirtikar, K. R. 1918. Indian Medicinal Plants, Allahabad, vols. 2. plates 4 vols. (2nd edition revised, enlarged and mostly rewritten by E. Blatter, J. F. Caius and K. S. Mhaskar; Allahabad, 1933; text 4 vols., plates 4 vols.)
- ABATTEN, J. H. 1878. Notes and recollections on Tea cultivation in Kumaon and Gahrwal. J. Roy. Asiat. Soc. N.S. 10: 131-55.
 - Beddome, R. H. 1858. Extract from Report on the vegetable products of the Pulney Hills. *Madras J. Litt. Sci.* N.S. 3: 163-69.
 - Bseson, C. F. C. 1919-22. Food plants of Indian Forest insects. *Indian For.* 45: 49-56, 139-52, 312-23, 488-95, 1919; 47: 21-25, 247-52, 1921; 48: 494-500, 1922.
 - BENNETT, A. W. 1875. On the Medicinal Products of the Indian Simurabew and Burseracew, London.
 - Berl, R. M. AND RAO, P. S. 1953. Non-cereal foods: Tubers of *Dioscorea* species. *Indian For.* 79: 568-71.
 - BHASIN, C. D. AND ROONWAL, M. K. 1954. A list of insect pests of forest plants in India and the adjacent countries (arranged alphabetically according to the plant genera and species, for the use of forest officers). *Indian For. Bull.* No. 171.
 - BHAT, S. S., CHEEMA, G. S. AND NAIK, K. C. 1954. Commercial Fruit Trees of India with Special Reference to Western India..., Bombay.
 - Bidie, G. 1862. The Timber Trees of India...with Vernacular names, Qualities, etc., Madras.
 - _____, 1878. Raw Products of Southern India, Madras.
 - Birdwood, G. C. M. 1862. Catalogue of the Economic Products of the Presidency of Bombay; being a catalogue of the Government Central Museum. Division I—Raw produce (Vegetable), Bombay.
 - —, 1865. Catalogue of the Vegetable Productions of the Presidency of Bombay, including a list of the drugs sold in the bazaars of Western India, Bombay (2nd edition).
 - Bose, R. D. AND SHAW, F. J. F. 1930. Studies in Indian Pulses. I. Lentil (Ervum lens, Linn.). Mem. Dept. agric. India (Bot.) (16 (6): 159-89, tt. 1-4.

 - Brown, H. P. and Pearson, R. S. 1932. Commercial Timbers of India, Their Distribution, Supplies, Anatomical Structure, Physical and Mechanical Properties and Uses, Calcutta.
 - Budhiraja, K. L. and Griffith, A. L. 1943. Some common latex-bearing woody plants of India. *Indian For.* 69: 305-10.
 - Carus, J. F. 1935. The medicinal and poisonous palms of India. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 37: 917-41... (This is a series, which later on was published under the general title The Medicinal and Poisonous Plants of India; in all 23 parts were published in the same journal, 1935-45.)

- Catus, J. E. and Radha, K. S. 1939. The Gum arabic of the bazaars and shops of Bombay. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 41: 261-71.
- --- AND MAHSKAR, K. S. 1930. Therapeutic Notes on Some Plants Used Medicinally in India, Bombay.
- CAPPER, J. 1849. A descriptive catalogue of the woods of Ceylon. J. Ceylon Br. Asiat. Soc. 2 (1): 135-43.
- ---- 1849. Catalogue of Ceylon woods. *Ibid*. 143-55.
- CARDOSO, J. 1905. Subsidios para a materia medica e therapeutica das possessoes ultramarinas portuguesas..., Lisbon, 2 vols.
- CHAKRAVARTY, H. 1955. Introduction of food and vegetable plants in India. Sci. and Cult. 21: 242-45.
 - CHEEMA, G. S., BHAT, S. S. AND NAIK, K. C. See under Bhat, Cheema and Naik.
 - CHOPRA, I. C., BADHWAR, R. L. AND NAYAR, S. L. See under Badhwar, Chopra and Nayar.
 - —, CHOPRA, R. N. AND KAPOOR, K. L. Survey of economic vegetable products of Jammu and Kashmir. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 50: 101-27.
 - —, HANDA, K. L. AND KAPOOR, L. D. 1946-47. A preliminary note on the essential oil-bearing plants growing in Kashmir. *Indian J. agric. Soc.* 16: 302-05, 1946; 17: 100-03, 389-92, 1947.
 - AND NAYAR, S. L. 1951. Distribution of British Pharmacopoeial Drug Plants and Their Substitutes Growing in India, New Delhi.
 - CHOPRA, R. N. 1933. Indigenous Drugs of India. Their Medical and Economic Aspects, Calcutta.
 - _____. 1940. Medicinal plants. Sci. and Cult. 5: 620-21,
 - AND BADHWAR, R. L. See under Badhwar and Chopra.
 - AND GHOSH, S. See under Badhwar, Chopra and Ghosh.
 - ____ AND NAYAR, S. L. See under Badhwar, Chopra and Nayar.
 - ---, CHOPRA, I. C. AND KAPOOR, K. L. See under Chopra, Chopra and Kapoor.
 - CHOWNHURY, K. A. 1951. West Bengal commercial timbers, their identification, properties and uses. *Indian For. Rec.* (Wood Anatomy) 1: (3) 1-68, illustr.
 - For, Bull. No. 84.
 - CHURCH, A. H. 1886. Food-grains of India, London.
 - CLUSIUS, C. 1567. Aromatum et simplicium aliquot medicamentorum apud Indos nascentium historia..., Antwerp. See in Part I under Clusius.
 - Collins, J. 1872. Report on the caouchouc of commerce, being information on the plants yielding it, their geographical distribution, climatic conditions and the possibility of their cultivation and acclimatization in India..., London.
 - COOKE, M. C. 1874. Report by Dr. M. C. Cooke, on the Gums, Resins, Oleo-resins, and Resinous Products in the India Museum, or produced in India, London.
 - DHARGHALKAR, L. B. 1899. Notes on the Therapeutics of Indigenous Vegetable Drugs, Bombay.
 - DASTUR, J. F. 1951. Useful Plants of India and Pakistan, Bombay.
 - ______. 1952. Medicinal Plants of India and Pakistan, Bombay.
 - DAVIES, R. H. 1862. Report on the Trade and Resources of the Countries on the North-Western Boundary of British India, Lahore.
 - DEY, A. C., BADHWAR, R. L. AND EDWARDS, M. V. See under Badhwar, Dey and Edwards.

- DUTHIE, J. F. 1888. The Fodder Grasses of Northern India, Roorkee.
- _____. 1889. Note on Himalayan fodder grasses. Indian For. 15:416-19.
- Govt. of India, Central Printing Office.
- _______ 1893. Field and Garden Crops of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with Illustrations. Part III, Roorkee.
- —— AND FULLER, J. B. 1882-83. Field and Garden Crops of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with Illustrations, Parts I and II, Roorkee.
- Dutt, U. C. 1900. The Materia Medica of the Hindus. With a glossary of Indian plants by Sir George King. Revised edition. With additions and alterations by K. B. L. and K. A. Sen, Calcutta.
- Dymock, W. 1890. Notes on the economic botany of the Cucurbitaceæ of Western India. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 5: 286-95.
- EDWARDS, M. V., BADHWAR, R. L. AND DEY, A. C. See under Badhwar, Dey and Edwards.
- Engineer, M. R. and Gaijar, M. J. 1919. Bibliography on the Development of Indigenous Drugs (including oriental and antiquarian works), Monograph No. III, Chem. and Techn. Lab., Gwalior Govt., Gwalior.
- FERGUSON, W. 1888. The Palmyra Palm, Borassus flabelliformis: a popular description of the palm and its products, having especial reference to Ceylon..., Colombo. (This is the 2nd edition of the original, which appeared in 1850.)
- FLEMING, J. 1810. A catalogue of Indian medicinal plants and drugs with their names in the Hindustani and Sanskrit languages. *Asiat. Rec.* 11: 153-96.
- FLÜCKIGER, F. A. AND HANDURY, D. 1874. Pharmacographia: a history of the principal drugs of vegetable origin met with in Great Britain and British India, London.
- FOTIDAR, M. R. 1942. Pyrethrum in Kashmir. Indian For. 58: 49-53.
- GAIJAR, M. J. AND ENGINEER, M. R. See under Engineer and Gajjar.
- GAMMIE, G. A. 1902. A note on plants used for food during famines and seasons of scarcity in the Bombay Presidency. Rec. bot. Surv. India 2: 171-96.
- GARCIA D'ORTA. See in Part I under Clusius.
- GHOSH, S., BADHWAR, R. L. AND CHOPRA, R. N. See under Badhwar, Chopra and Ghosh.
- GODBOLE, S. R. 1934. Some forest trees and shrubs from the Bombay Presidency used as fodder for animals. *Poona agric. Coll. Mag.* 26: 19-25, 70-77.
- GOPAL, P. 1874. A Catalogue of Drugs Indigenous to the Bombay Presidency, Bombay.
- GRACIAS, C. 1899. Os legumes e os cereais de Goa e Damac. Suos propriedades usos economicos e therapeuticos e analyse chimica..., Bombay.
- ——. 1927. Cataloge descritivo dos produtos uteis da Flora de Goa e do distrito de Damao, Goa.
- GRIFFITH, A. L. AND BUDHIRAJA, K. L. See under Budhiraja and Griffith.
- Gupta, B. 1952. On cultivation of medicinal plants in Bengal and Andaman Islands. *Indian Pharm.* 7: 385-88.
- HANDA, K. L., CHOPRA, I. C. AND KAPOOR, L. D. See under Chopra, Handa and Kapoor.
- HASSLETT, J. P. 1919. Plants used as ingredients in the manufacture of country spirits in Sonthal Parganas. *Indian For.* 45: 530-51.
- HOLE, R. S. 1913. Note on the chief fodder grasses of Indian forests. *Ibid.* 39: 69-81.

- HOOPER, D. 1906. Composition and trade forms of Indian Cutch. Agric. Ledg. 1906: 23-50.
- ________. 1907. The seeds and oil of the Mexican Poppy (Argemone Mexicana). Ibid. 1907 (5): 36-39.
- INNES, T. E. D. 1908. List of jungle products used by the poor during the famine 1896-97. (Append. to *Indian For.*, February 1908.)
- IRVINE, R. H. 1848. Short Account of the Materia Medica of Patna, Calcutta.
- KABIR, S. A. 1944-45. Commercial trees of Mysore. Quart. J. Mysore For. Dept. 12 (2-3): 12-52.
- KAPOOR, L. D., CHOPRA, I. C. AND R. N. See under Chopra, Chopra and Kapoor.
- ----, Chopra, I. C. and Handa, K. L. See under Chopra, Handa and Kapoor.
- KAUL, S. N. Forest Products of Jammu and Kashmir. (Not seen by me; reviewed in Indian For. 55: 173-74.)
- KERR, H. C. 1874. Report on the Cultivation of, and Trade in, Jute in Bengal, ar on Indian Fibres Available for the manufacture of Paper, Calcutta.
- Kirtikar, K. R. 1894. Poisonous plants of Bombay. J. Bombay Nat. hist. So. 9: 42-60...(Twenty papers were published in this series, each paper with one or more coloured plates.)
- --- AND BASU, B. D. See under Basu and Kirtikar.
- Krishnamoorty Naidu, G. 1918. Commercial Guide to the Forest Economic Products of Mysore.
- Krishnamurthi, S. 1953. Horticultural and Economic Plants of the Nilgiris.
- Liotard, L. 1880. Memorandum. Materials in India suitable for the manufacture of paper, Calcutta.
- LUTHRA, J. C. 1950. Some important economic plants and their cultivation. *Indian Farm.* 11: 10-14.
- MALIK, H. C. AND SAINI, H. R. 1949. Some of the important forage grasses in the Murree Hills. *Ibid.* 10: 49-53.
- Mann, H. H. 1916. Fodder crops of Western India. Dept. agric: Bombay bull. 77: 1-142 + index.
- M'CANN, H. W. Report on the Dyes and Tans of Bengal, Calcutta.
- MHASKAR, K. S. AND CAIUS, J. F. See under Caius and Mhaskar.
- MOHAN, B. S. 1930. Medicinal Drugs of India, Lahore.
- Mollison, J. W. Cultivation of the Betel-nut palm in the Bombay Presidency. Agric. Ledg. 1900 (4): 31-39.
- NADKARNI, K. M. 1908. Indian Plants and Drugs with Their Medical Properties and Uses, Madras (Bombay, 1927).
- NAIK, K. C., BHAT, S. S. AND CHEEMA, G. S. See under Bhat, Cheema and Naik.
- Nayar, S. L., Bhadwar, R. L. and Chopra, I. C. See under Badhwar, Chopra and Nayar.
- ---, --- AND CHOPRA, R. N. See under Badhwar, Chopra and Nayar.
- AND CHOPRA, I. C. See under Chopra and Nayar.
- O'SHAUGHNESSY, W. B. 1842. The Bengal Dispensatory. Chiefly compiled from the works of Roxburgh, Wallich, Ainslie, Wight, Arnot, Royle, Pereira, Lindley, Richard and Fee: including the results of numerous special experiments, Calcutta.
- PARAMANANDA MARIADASSOU. 1913. Le jardin des simples de l'Inde, Pondichery.

- PATWARDAN, C. B. 1928. Field Orchard and Garden Crops of the Bombay Province.
- PLEBST, G. AND STOLZ, G. Five Hundred Indian Plants: Their Use in Medicine and the Arts in Canarese, Mangalore.
- QAZILBASH, N. A. 1943. The Kurrum valley as a source of santonin. *Indian J. Pharm.* 5: 54-60.
- -----. 1943. The santonin-containing Artemisia of the Kurrum valley. *Ibid*. 5: 161-63.
- RADHA, K. S. AND CAIUS, J. F. See under Caius and Radha.
- RAIZADA, M. B. Minor Forest products of Chakrata, Dehra Dun and Saharanpur, etc., forest division. *Indian For. Rec.* (Chemistry) 1: 1-43.
- —— AND VARMA, B. S. Indian plants reputed as fish-poisons. *Indian For.* 63: 198-218.
- RAJASEKHARA MUDALIAR, C. AND SAKHARAM RAO, J. 1952. Essential oil yielding grasses and their possibilities in Madras State. *Madras Agric. J.* 39: 193-97.
- RAO, P. S. AND BERI, R. M. See under Beri and Rao.
- RODGER, A. Handbook of Forest Products of Burma, (See review in Indian For. 47: 347-49.)
- ROONWAL, M. K. AND BHASIN, C. D. See under Bhasin and Roonwal.
- Roy, D. L. 1906. The Crops of Bengal, Calcutta.
- ROYLE, J. F. 1832. List of articles of materia medica, obtained in the bazars of the Western and Northern Provinces of India. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 1: 458-71.
- . 1840. Essay on the Productive Resources of India, London.
- ..., 1855. The Fibrous Plants of India Fitted for Cordage, Clothing and Paper ..., London.
- SAINI, H. R. AND MALIK, H. C. See under Malik and Saini.
- SAKHARAM RAO, J. AND RAJASEKHARA MUDALIAR, C. See under Rajasekhara Mudaliar and Sakharam.
- SAWYER, A. M. 1904. The Commoner Vegetable Fibres of Travancore, Trivandrum.

 ———. 1905. The Vegetable Oils of Travancore, Trivandrum.
- Sevastopulo, D. G. 1949. A supplementary list of the food-plants of the Indian Bombycidæ, Agaristidæ and Noctuidæ. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 48: 265-76.
- SHAW, F. J. F. AND BOSE, R. D. See under Bose and Shaw.
- SHROTT, J. 1877. List of Wild Plants and Vegetables Used as Food by the People in Famine Times, Madras.
- 1878. List of wild plants and vegetables used as food by people in famine times. *Indian For.* 3: 232-38.
- SKINNER, T. W. 1862. Description and Strength of Some of the Indian and Burman Timbers, Madras.
- SMITH, STANISTREET & Co. 1894. Indigenous Drugs of India and Pharmaceutical Preparations Exhibited ..., Calcutta.
- SMYTHIES, E. A. 1924. India's Forest Wealth. (This is vol. 6 of the series India of Today published by Oxford University Press.)
- SRIVASTAVA, G. P. 1950...History of Indian Pharmacy. *Indian Pharm.* 6: 40-46...(Sixteen papers published in this series in the same journal).
- SYKES, COLONEL. 1837. Account of the cultivated oil and cordage plants of Dekkan. Proc. R. Asiat. Soc., Committee Agric. and Comm. June 16, 1837; 22-25.

- TROTTER, H. 1941. Common Commercial Timbers of India and The Uses (Revised edition), (1st edition 1929).
- TSCHIRCH, A. 1892. Indische Heil und Nutzpflanzen und deren Cultur, Berlin.
- VARMA, B. S. AND RAIZADA, M. B. See under Raizada and Varma.
- Vieuz, E. F. 1906. Materials used in making bead chains and rosaries in India. Agric. Ledg. 1906 (6): 69-75.
- Watt, G. 1889-96. Dictionary of the Economic Products of India, Calcutta, Vols. 6.
- _____. 1893. The groundnut or earth-nut. Agric. Ledg. 1893: (15) 1-46.
- ———. 1902. The Indian Acacias. A review of available information written mainly with the object of bringing out the chief commercial facts regarding the Indian Acacias. *Ibid.* 1902 (2): 57-86.
- 1902. The Indian Aconites. Their varieties, their distribution and their uses. *Ibid.* 1902 (3): 87-102.
- 1902. The Sola-pith plants: a review of existing information, Ibid. 1902 (6): 149-54.
- WATSON, J. F. 1866. Index to the Native and Scientific Names of Indian and Other Eastern Economic Plants and Products, London.
- ------. 1872. A List of Indian Products with Details Relative to Certain Operations Connected with the Industrial Survey of India... Part II, London.
- WITT, D. O. 1911. List of Fodder Grasses Found in the Berar Forest Circle, Allahabad.
- Anonymous. 1885. Mysore Products. Office Rep. Calcutta Internat. Exhib. 1883-84: Vol. 2: 250-78.
- . 1896. Names of the field and garden crops grown in the Punjab. Dept. agrlc. Punjab Bull. No. 1 of 1896; reprinted 1918.
- _____. 1909. Fibre-producing plants in India. Indian For. 35: 561-69, tt. 21-23.
- Madras bull. No. 119, 1923. The Ground, Earth or Pea-nut (Arachis hypogwa). Dept. agric
- Bombay. 1931. Groundnuts in cultivation. Leaflet No. 6 of 1931, Dept. Agric.
- . 1953. La culture du Poivre dans l'Inde. Agron. Tropic. 8: 482-505, illustr.

PART V

Genera and Species of Plants Described or Monographed

- ABRAHAM, A. AND KUMAR, L. S. S. 1943. The Papaya, its botany, culture and uses. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 44: 252-56, tt. 1-4.
- AHRENDT, L. W. A. 1941. A survey of the genus Berberis L. in Asia. New and old species from Bhutan, Assam, South Tibet, Upper Burma and North-West Yunan in their relationship to the analytical framework of the genus. J. Bot. Suppl. to 79: 1-24.
- Soc. Beng. II, 11: 1-5.

- ARY-SHAW, H. K. 1952. A new genus and species of Burmanniaceæ from South India. Kew Bull. 1952: 277-79, ff. 1-3.
- ALAM, Z. 1945. Nomenclature of oleiferous Brassicas cultivated in the Punjab. J. agric. Sci. 15: 173-81.
- ALLEN, C. K. 1941. Some critical and new species of Asiatic Lindera, with occasional notes on Litsea. J. Arnold Arbor. 22: 1-31.
- ALSTON, A. H. G. 1929. The Ceylon species of Glochidion. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Peradeniya 11: 1-10, t. 1.
- ANDERSON, N. J. 1860. On East Indian Salices. J. Proc. Linn. Soc. 4: 39-58.
- ANDERSON, T. 1853. On the identification of the Acantaceæ of the Linnean herbarium, in the possession of the Linnean Society of London. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 7: 111-18.
- N.S. 26; 52-54.
- Soc. 9: 425-526.
- _____, 1868. An enumeration of the Palms of Sikkim. Ibid. 11: 4-14.
- ARA, J. 1954. Orchids of Chota Nagpur. J. nat. hist. Soc. Beng. 26: 177-85.
- BAKER, E. G. AND PRAIN, D. 1902. Notes on *Indigofera*. J. Bot. 40: 60-67, 136-44.
- BAKER, J. G. 1873. Synopsis of the East Indian species of *Dracæna* and *Cordyline*. *Ibid.* 11: 261-66.
- 1874. On the Alliums of India, China and Japan. Ibid. 12: 288-95.
- BAKSHI, T. S. 1955. The Genus Cyathula Lour. in India. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 52: 533-35.
- BAMBER, E. F. 1866. An Account of the Cultivation and Manufacture of Tea in India, Calcutta.
- Bannerjee, M. L. 1954. Note on the distribution of Rhododendrons in Nepal. Sci. and Cult. 20: 92-93.
- Barber, C. A. 1915-18. Studies in Indian Sugarcanes. Mem. Dept. agric. India Bot. Ser. 7: 1-106, 1915; 8: 103-99, 1916; 9: 133-218, 1917-18.
- . 1916. The classification of the indigenous Indian canes. Agric. J. India 11: 371-76.
- Barnes, E. 1934. Some observations on the genus Arisama on the Nilgiri Hills, South India. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 37: 630-39, tt. 1-2.
- 1939. The species of Geraniaceæ occurring on the Travancore high range, including the description of a new Balsam. J. Indian bot. Soc. 18: 95-105.
- of Commelina from South India. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 46: 70-89.
- Beccari, O. 1902. Systematic enumeration of the species of Calamus and Dæmonorops with diagnoses of the new ones. Rec. bot. Surv. India 2: 197-230,
- ______, 1911. The species of Dæmonorops. Ibid. 12: 1-237, tt. 1-109.
- 1918. The species of the genera Ceratologus, Calospatha... Ibid. 12: 1-231, tt. 1-6; Atlas, tt. 1-118.
- BEDDOME, R. H. 1858. The genus Impatiens. Description of new species from the Annamalai Hills. Madras J. Litt. and Sci. N.S. 4: 66-70.
- 4: 70-75, t. 7.

- BEDDOME, R. H. 1859. Alterations in the paper on the genus Impatiens. Madras J. Litt. and Sci. N.S. 5: 59-60.

- BENTHALL, A. P. 1944. Note on the Corypha Palms of Bengal. J. R. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 10: 15-25, ff. 1-4.
- Bentham, G. 1832. Labiatarum genera et species, or, a description of the genera and species of plants of the order Labiata..., London, 1832-35.
- ______. 1835. Scrophularineæ Indicæ. A synopsis of the East Indian Scrophularineæ, London.
- Comp. Bot. Mag. 1: 356-84, tt. 19.
- Mus. Nat. 2: 61-142. (Published separately in 1837.)
- ——. 1841. Notes on Mimoseæ, with a short synopsis of species. *Hook. J. Bot.* 4: 323-418, 1841-42. *London J. Bot.* 1: 318-92, 494-528, 1842; 3: 82-112, 195-226, 1844; 4:577-622, 1845; 5: 75-108, 1846.
- 1843. Enumeration of Leguminosæ indigenous to Southern Asia, and Central and Southern Africa. Hook. Lond. J. Bot. 2: 423-81, 559-613, 1843;
 3: 338-65, 1844; 7: 580-657, 1848.
 - ----. 1857. Notes on Loganiaceæ. J. Proc. Linn. Soc. Bot. 1: 52-114.
- 1858. Synopsis of the genus Clitoria. Ibid. 2: 33-44.
- to vol. 4: 1-134.
- _____. 1861. Notes on Ternstræmiaceæ. Ibid. 5: 53-65.
- ——. 1861. Notes on Anonaceæ. Ibid. 5: 67-72.
- ---- 1862. Notes on Malvaceæ and Sterculiaceæ. Ibid. 6: 97-107.
- Phaseoleæ. J. Linn. Soc. Lond. 9: 121-26.
- nosæ. Trans. Linn. Soc. 25: 297-320, tt. 33-43.
 - ----. 1871. Revision of the genus Cassia. Ibid. 27: 503-91, tt. 60-63.
- of the Composite. J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 13: 335-577, tt. 8-11.
- ———. 1875. Revision of the suborder Mimosere. Trans. Linn. Soc. 30: 335-668, tt. 66-70.
- BHARADWAJA, R. C. AND RAIZADA, M. B. 1953. Indian species of Cleistachne Benth. Indian For. 79: 121-23.
- BHAT, S. S. 1944. Classification of Mango. Curr. Sci. 13: 135-36.
- BHATTACHARYA, S. 1955. List of the leguminous plants of Sagar and their distribution within the area. Bull. bot. Soc. Saugar Univ. 7: 45-54.
- BHIDE, R. K. 1911. New and revised species of Gramineæ from Bombay. J. Proc. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 7: 513-20, tt. 5-8.
- _____. 1921. Drought resisting plants in the Deccan. J. Indian Bot. 2: 27-43.
- Bidie, G. 1874. Report on the Neilgherry Loranthaceous Parasitical Plants Destructive to Exotic Forest and Fruit Trees, Madras.

- Biswas, K. 1932. Living Conifers of the Indian Empire. J. Proc. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 28: 359-77, tt. 18-23. -. 1933. The distribution of wild conifers in the Indian Empire. J. Indian bot. Soc. 12: 24-47, map tt. 1-2. -. 1934. A comparative study of Indian species of Avicennia. Notes bot. Gdn. Edinburgh 18: 159-66, tt. 243-46. ——. 1945. Cultivation and systematic study of the Tung oil yielding plants in India. J. Sci. Industr. Res. 4: 260-72. 1946. Prospect of cultivation and systematic study of the Tung oil yielding trees of India. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. II, 12: 77-114, tt. 1-6. -. 1950. Note on the Cactus plants of India. Poona Orient. 15: 143-45. BLATTER, E. 1910. History of the Sea Cocoanut (Lodoicea sechellarum Labill.). J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 19: 925-37. . 1910-18. The Palms of British India and Ceylon, indigenous and introduced. *Ibid.* 20: 33-64, t. 1, map, 1910; (In this series 20 parts were published between 1910 and 1919; published in revised form as a book by Oxford Univ. Press, in 1926). -. 1918. The edible date palm of Bombay. Ibid. 26: 306. Mountain (Madura District). Ibid. 32: 518-23, t. 1. 1929-30. The flowering of Ramboos. Ibid. 33: 899-921, 1929; 34: 135-41, 447-67, 1930. -. 1929. The Indian bamboos brought up-to-date. Indian For. 55: 541-59. (See remarks by R. N. Parker on this paper. Ibid. 55: 560-62.) ----. 1929. Revision of the genus Butea Koen. J. Indian bot. Soc. 8: 133-38. - 1929. The Indian species of Terminalia, Linn. Ibid. 8: 245-62. --- AND HALLBERG, F. 1918. New Indian Scrophulariaceæ and some notes on the same Order. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 25: 426-29. 25: 701-22; 26: 210-17. — AND McCann, C. 1935. The Bombay Grasses...(Sci. Monogr. No. 5, Imp. Council Agric. Res.). BONAVIA, E. 1885. The Date Palm of India, Calcutta. . 1890. The Cultivated Oranges and Lemons, etc., of India and Ceylon with Researches into Their Origin and the Derivation of Their Names, and Other Useful Information. With an atlas of illustrations, London. Bor, N. L. 1935, The Conifers of the Balipara Frontier tract, Assam. Indian
 - 1938. A list of the grasses of Assam. Indian For. Rec. N.S. 1 (3):
 47-102.

 1939. A new genus and species of Caryophyllaceæ. Indian For. 65:
 611-13.

 1940. Three new genera of Indian grasses. Ibid. 66: 267-72.

 1940. The genus Hystrix Moench. in India. Ibid. 66: 543-45.

 1940. Gramineæ (In Kanjilal, U., et al., Flora of Assam, 5).

 1941. Common grasses of the United Provinces. Indian For. Rec. 2 (1) -vii, 1-220, illustr.

For. 61: 313-19, tt. 17-19.

- Bor. N. L. 1942. The genus Aeluropus Trin. in India. Indian For. 68: 293-99, tt. 19-21.
- _______ 1948. New species of Poa from India, Burma and Tibet. Kew Bull. 1948: 138-44.
- ______. 1948. Bhidea Stapf: a new genus of Indian grasses. Ibid. 1948: 445-47, ff. 1-14.
- _____. 1951. Psammachloa and Timouria. Ibid. 1951: 186-92.
 - ______, 1951. Some new species of Indian Grasses. Ibid. 1951: 166-71.
- _____. 1951. Some new Indian grasses. Ibid. 1951: 445-53.
 - ____. 1951. The genus Orinus Hitch. Ibid. 1951: 453-55.
- 50: 340-43. The genus Vulpia Gmel. in India. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc.
- ———. 1952. The genus *Poa* Linn. in India. *Ibid.* 50: 787-838, ff. 1-13, tt. 1-3; 51: 61-103, ff. 14-38, 能. 1-8.
- _______. 1954. The genus Cymbogogon Spreng. in India, Burma and Ceylon. Ibid. 51: 890-916, 1954; 52: 149-83, ff. 1-27, 1954.
 - ---. 1952-56. Notes on Asiatic grasses.
 - 1. Danthonia DC. in India. Kew Bull. 1952: 75-81.
 - 2, The genus Apocopis Nees. Ibid. 1952: 101-16.
 - 3. New names in Poa Linn. Ibid. 1952: 130.
 - What is the correct name of Capillipedium assimile (Steud.) A. Camus? Ibid. 1952: 165-66.
 - 5. The genus Microstegium in India and Burma. Ibid. 1952; 209-23.
 - 6. A new species of Poa from Sikkim. Ibid. 1952: 223-24.
 - Calachyrum Hochstett, et Necs, a genus of grasses new to Pakistan. Ibid. 1952: 225-26.
 - 8. The genus Eremochloa Buse in India and Burma, Ibid. 1952: 309-17.
 - 9. The genus Lopholepis Decne, Ibid. 1952; 317-21,
 - 10. A confused species of Isachne R. Br. Ibid, 1952: 321-23.
 - The genus Dimeria Br. in India and Burma. Ibid. 1952: 553-92, ff. 1-2, t. no. 6.
 - 12. New Species. Ibid. 1953; 269-76.
 - 13. Corrugaria Hack, a subgenus of Ischemum Linn. Ibid. 1953: 371-72.
 - 14. The genus Duthiea Hack. Ibid. 1953: 547-53, ff. A-C.
 - 15. Triplogon Bor, a new genus of Indian grasses. Ibid. 1954: 51-56, ff. 1-2.
 - 16. Indochloa Bor, a new genus of Indian grasses. Ibid. 1954: 73-81, ff. 1-2.
 - 17. The species Agrostis zenkeri Trin. Ibid. 1954: 441-42.
 - 18. Indian species of Agrostis collected by Royle. Ibid. 1954: 453-60.
 - 19. New species and new names. Ibid. 1954: 497-502.
 - 20. Indian grasses in Roth's Herbarium. Ibid. 1954: 545-48.

- The species of Setaria P. Beauv, [Sect, Ptychophyllum (A. Braun) Pilger] in India. Kew Bull. 1954: 548-54.
- 22. Trikeraia Bor, a new genus of Stipeæ. Ibid. 1954: 555-57, t. 1.
- 23. Jansenella Bor, a new genus of Indian grasses. Ibid. 1955: 93-99, ff. 1-12.
- The genus Arundinella Raddi in India, Burma and Ceylon. Ibid. 1955: 377-414.
- Bourdillon, T. F. 1899. More information about Bamboos. Indian For. 25: 152-54.
- Brandis, D. 1895. An enumeration of the Dipterocarpacee, based chiefly upon the specimens preserved at the Royal Herbarium and Museum, Kew, and the British Museum; with remarks on the genera and species. J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 31: 1-148, tt. 1-3.
- ----. 1899. Biological notes on Indian bamboos. Indian For. 25: 1-25.
- 1899. The Indian species of Anogeissus. Ibid. 25: 286-87.
- ----. 1900. The Indian species of Dillenia. Ibid. 26: 429-31.
- Brühl, P. 1892. De Ranunculaceis Indicis disputationes. *J. Asiat. Soc. Beng.*, N.S. II, 61: 270-324, t. 6, ff. 1-77.
- ---- 1926. A Guide to the Orchids of Sikkim, Calcutta.
- BRYANT, F. B. 1885. The Boxwood forests of Kumaon and British Garhwal. Indian For. 11: 283-85.
- BUCHENAU, F. 1885. Die Juncaceen aus Indien, insbesondere die aus dem Himalaya. Bot. Jahrb. 6: 187-232, tt. 1-11.
- Burkill, I. H. 1906. Gentianacearum species asiaticas novas descripsit I. H. Burkill sequentes. J. Proc. Asiat. Soc. Beng., N.S. 2: 309-27.
- 1906. On Swertia angustifolia, Ham, and its allies. Ibid. 2: 363-81.
- -----. 1911. Determination of the prickly pears now wild in India. Rec. bot. Surv. India 4: 287-322, map.
- AND FINLOW, R. S. 1907. The races of jute. Agric. Ledg. 1907 (6): 41-137.
- --- AND PRAIN, D. 1904. On Dioscorea deltoidea, Wall., Dioscorea quinqueloba, Thunb., and their allies. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng., N.S. II, Suppl. 73: 1-11.
- ——. 1908. Dioscorearum novarum descriptiones quædam. J. Proc. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 4: 447-57.
- with descriptions of new species and varieties. *Ibid.* 10: 5-41.
- Bull, 1926. Ad Dioscorearum orientalium historiam commentarii. Kew Bull, 1926: 118-20.
- -----. 1936. An account of the genus Dioscorea. Ann. Roy. bot. Gdn. Calcutta 14: 1-528, tt. 150, 1936-38.
- Burns, W. and Prayag, S. H. 1921. The book of the mango. Bombay Dept. Agric, Bull. No. 103. (See review in Kew Bull. 1921: 285-86 by J. H. Holland.)
- Buuren, H. van. 1914-15. The root parasites of the Bombay Deccan. Poona agric. Coll. mag. 5: 193-96, 282-85, ff. 2-3, 1914; 6: 165-69, t. 1, 1915. [Reprinted in book form under the title: "Root Parasitism in Some Scrophulariaceæ of Western India (Rhinanthoideæ—Gerardieæ)," Poona, 1915.]
- CALDER, C. C. 1919. The species of Oxalis now wild in India. Rec. bot. Surv. India 6: 325-41, tt. 1-9.
- CANDOLLE, C. DE. 1908. A revision of the Indo-Malayan species of *Cedrela*. *Ibid.* 3: 357-76.
- CHARRAVARTY, D. AND H. L. 1954. Indian Aconites. Econ. Bot. 8: 366-76.

- CHAKRAVARTY, H. L. 1946. Studies on Indian Cucurbitaceae with special remarks on distribution and uses of economic plants. *Indian J. Agric. Sci.* 16: 1-90, tt. 1-12.
- 3: 45-71. A revision of the Indian Passifloracew. Bull. bot. Soc. Beng.
- bitacee. Sci. and Cult. 15: 31-32.
- ______ 1952. Indian Corchorus Linn. Ibid. 5: 75-86, tt. 2, maps 3.
- CHARRAVORTI, A. K. 1949. A preliminary note on the occurrence of the genus.

 Musa L. in India and the features of its distribution. J. Indian bot. Soc. 27: 84-90, tt. 1-3, map.
- M. agharkarii sp. nov. in the Chittagong Hill tracts (Bengal). Ibid. 27: 90-95, t. 1, ff. 1-5, map.
- CHANDARATNA, M. F. AND NANAYAKARA, K. D. S. S. 1951. Cultivated varieties of banana in Ceylon. *Trop. Agric.* 107: 70-91.
- CHANDRASEKHAR MUDALIAR, C. AND SAKHARAM RAO, J. 1951. A contribution to the taxonomy of the genus Turnera L. Madras Agric, J. 38: 369-70.
- CHATTERJEE, D. 1941. A revision of the Indian and Burmese species of Sagerwa (Anonaceæ). Proc. Linn. Soc. Lond. 154: 263-69.
- 1947. The genus Chonemorpha G. Don. (Apocynacea). Kew Bull.
- _____. 1948. A modified key and enumeration of the species of Oryza Linn. Indian J. Agric. Sci. 18: 185-92.
- ______, 1949. Indian species of Canavalia DC. J. Indian bot. Soc. 28: 83-95, col. plate, tt. 4.
- CHATTERJEE, R. 1953. Studies on Indian Berberidacee from botanical, chemical and pharmacological aspects. Rec. bot. Surv. India 16 (2): i-iv, 1-86, illustr.
- CHATTERJI, R. N. AND RAIZADA, M. B. 1954. A diagnostic key to the various forms of introduced Mesquite (*Prosopis juliflora* DC.). *Indian For.* 80: 675-80, tt. 1-2.
- CHEEMA, G. S. 1934. A study of Citrus varieties of Bombay Presidency. Curr. Sci. 2: 298-304.
- CHERIAN JACOB, K. 1952. Madras Bananas—a Monograph, Madras.
- CHOISY, J. D. 1833. Convolvulaceæ orientales nempe Indicæ, Napaulenses, Birmanicæ, Chinenses, Japonicæ, necnon et quædam Australasicæ, pleræque in ditissimis Britann. Societatis Indiæ Orientalis herbariis observatæ et descriptæ, celeberrimi Wallichii Catalogo comparatæ, et gallica præfatione de generibus intra Convolvulaceas admittendis comitatæ. Mem. Soc. Phys. Hist. Nat. Genève 6: 283-502, tt. 1-6. (Published separately in 1834 with new pagination, but without change of text.)
- 1838. De Convolvulaceis dissertatio secunda, complectens recensiones generum Butatas, Exogonium, Jacquemontia, Evolvulus, necnon et paucas spectabiles species intra genera Ipomæa, Aniseia et Breweria excerptus. Ibid. 8: 43-86, tt. 1-4.

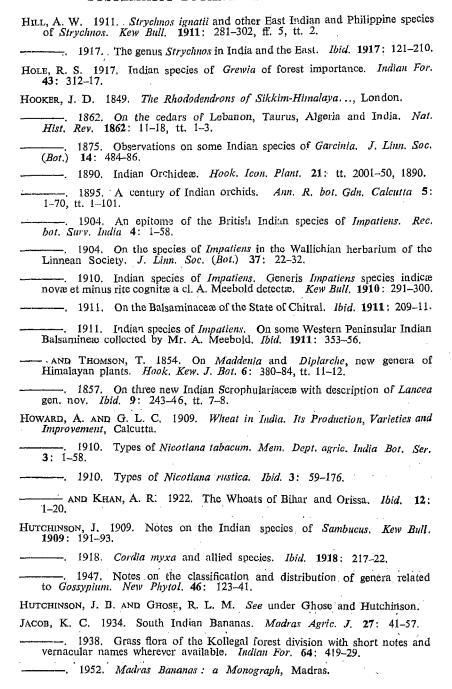
- Choisy, J. D. 1841. De Convolvulaceis dissertatio tertia complectens Cuscutarum hucusque cognitarum methodicam enumerationem et descriptionem... Mem. Soc. Phys. Hist. Nat. Genève 9: 261-88, tt. 1-5.
- _______. 1851. Description des Guttifères de l'Inde... Ibid. 12: 381-440, tt. 1-4.
- CHOWDHURY, K. A. AND GHOSH, S. S. 1953. Rice in ancient India. Sci. and Cult. 19: 207-09.
- CLARKE, C. B. 1871. On the Commelinaceæ of Bengal. J. Proc. Linn. Soc. 11: 438-54.

- ----. 1876. Compositæ Indicæ descriptæ et secus genera Benthamii ordinatæ, Calcutta.
- ----. 1880. On Indian Begonias. J. Linn. Soc. 18: 114-22, tt. 1-3.
- 1881. A revision of the Indian species of Leea, J. Bot. 19: 100-06, 135-42, 163-67.
- ----. 1881. Notes on Commelinaceæ. Ibid. 19: 193-202.
- --- 1881. Commelinaceæ, In DC. Monograph, Phaner, 3.
- . 1884. On the Indian species of Cyperus: with remarks on some others that specially illustrate the subdivisions of the genus. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 21: 1-202, tt. 1-4.
- ______. 1907. Reductions of the Wallichian herbarium. Kew Bull. 1907: 16-18, 94-97, 264-81.
- _____. 1909. Illustrations of Cyperaceae, London.
- Coldstream, W. 1889. Illustrations of some of the grasses of the Southern Punjab. being Photo-lithograph illustrations of some of the principal grasses found at Hissar. With short descriptive letter-press..., Illustrated with 39 plates, Calcutta,
- COLLETT, H. 1886. Some Simla grasses. J. Simla Nat. Soc. 2: 55-58.
- COWAN, I. M. 1932. The genus Wendlandia. Notes bot. Gdn. Edinburgh 16: 233-316, tt. 232-35.
- ———. 1934. Generis Wendlandiæ additamenta. Ibid. 18: 183-88.
- ------. 1942. The Rhododendrons of India. 150th Ann. vol. R. bot. Gdn. Calcutta, 105-08, tt. 8 (not numbered).
- —— AND A. M. 1922. The species of the genus Dipterocarpus found in the Chittagong District. Indian For. 48: 68-73, tt. 5-6.
- Dalzell, N. A. 1869. The Natural History and Biology of the Teak Tree, Bombay.
- ——. 1873. New Leguminosæ from Western India, J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 13: 185-88.
- Danser, B. H. 1929. On the taxonomy and the nomenclature of the Loranthaceæ of Asia and Australia. *Bull. Jard. bot. Buitenzorg*, Ser. 3 10: 291-373.

- Danser, B. H. 1933. A new system for the genera of the Loranthaceæ Loranthoideæ with a nomenclator for the Old World species of this subfamily. *Verhand. K. Akad. Wetensch.* (2), 29 (6): 1-128.
- 1941. The British-India species of Viscum revised and compared with those of South-Eastern Asia, Malaysia and Australia. Blumea 4: 261-319, tt. 1-3.
- D'CRUZ, R. 1950. Vernacular names of grasses and their botanical equivalents. *Poona agric. Coll. Mog.* 41: 215-31.
- Desai, M. C. and Murthi, S. N. 1950. Some grasses of Dharwar Agricultural college estate. *Dharwar agric. Coll. Mag.* 4: 27.
- DON, D. 1837. Description of Indian Gentianaceae. Trans. Linn. Soc. 17: 503-32.
- DRUMMOND, J. R. 1911. The Grewias of Roxburgh. J. Bot. 49: 329-37.
- AND PRAIN, D. 1906. Notes on Agave and Furcræa in India. Agric. Ledg. 1906 (7): 77-271.
- AND SPRAGUE, T. A. 1914. Asiatic species of Sageretia. Kew Bull. 1914: 175.
- DUNN, S. T. 1912. A revision of the genus Millettia, Wight et Arn. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 41: 123-43.
- ----. 1922. A revision of Canavalia. Kew Bull. 1922: 129-45.
- DUTHIE, J. F. 1883. A List of the Grasses of North-Western India, Indigenous and Cultivated, Roorkee.
- -----. 1886. Illustrations of the Indigenous Fodder Grasses of the Plains of North-Western India, Roorkee, tt. 1-80.
- ----- 1888. The Fodder Grasses of Northern India, Roorkee.
- . 1889. Note on Himalayan fodder grasses. Indian For. 15: 416-19.
- -----. 1898. On Afridia, a new genus of Labiatæ from the north-west frontier of India. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 11: 696-97.
- . 1902. Descriptions of some new species of Orchideæ from North-West and Central India. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng., N.S. II, 71 37-45.
- DUTTA, S. 1952. Some bananas of Assam. Indian J. Hort. 9: 26-35.
- ----. 1954. Jujubes of Assam. Ibid. 11: 53-56.
- Evans, G. 1908. Varieties of Wheat Grown in the Central Provinces and Berar, Nagpur.
- Evans, W. E. 1927. A revision of the genus Diapensia, with special reference to the Sino-Himalayan species. Notes R. bot. Gdn. Edinburgh 15: 209-36.
- FALCONER, H. 1852. Selections from the Records of the Bengal Government, No. IX Report on the Teak Forests of the Tennasserim Provinces...with other papers on the teak forests of India, Calcutta.
- Ferguson, J. 1907. All about the Areca mut, Colombo.
- Ferguson, W. 1880. Gramineæ or grasses indigenous to, or growing in Ceylon, as given in the *Enumaratio Plantarum Zeylaniae*, pp. 356-76 and Addenda, with

- notes on them, especially those useful as fodder plants or otherwise. J. Ceylon Br. Asiat. Soc. 6: 53-90; 6(2): 1-28.
- FINLOW, R. S. AND BURKILL, I. H. See under Burkill and Finlow.
- Fischer, C. E. C. 1907. Host plants of the Loranthaceæ. Indian For. 33: 353-55.
- ----. 1922. Host plants of Santalum album. Ibid. 48: 113.
- bot. Surv. India 11: 159-95, tt. 1-4.
- FLETCHER, F. 1906. Date Palm. Dept. Land. Rec. and agric. Bombay Bull. No. 28.
- FOULKES, F. 1914. Teak in Wynaad: a study. *Indian For.* 40: 173-93, 241-63, 315-30.
- Freeman, F. L. and Merrill, E. D. 1940. The Old World species of the Celastraceous genus *Microtropis* Wallich. *Proc. American Acad. Arts and Sci.* 73: 271-310. (Reprinted in *Mem. Gray Herb. Harvard Univ.* 5: 271-310.)
- Froederstroem, H. 1943. Enumeration of a Sedum collection from the Himalayas. Arkiv. Bot. 30 A (9): 1-8.
- Fyson, F. F. 1921-23. The Indian species of Eriocaulon. J. Indian Bot. 1: 49-53, 1921; 2: 133-50, 192-208, 259-66, 1921; J. Indian bot. Soc. 3: 12-18, 91-115, 1922. (Reprinted in book form in 1923, pp. 88, tt. 1-51.)
- GAGE, A. T. 1903. A census of the Indian Polygonums. Rec. bot. Surv. India 2: 371-452.
- 33: 115-25, ff. 11-13.
- ——. 1914. New Euphorbiaceæ from India and Malaya. Kew Bull. 1914: 236-41.
- GAMBLE, J. S. 1888. The Nilgiri Strobilanthes. Indian For. 14: 153-58.
- 1888. Notes on the small bamboos of the genus Arundinaria. Ibid. 14: 306-14, t. 1, ff (1-6.
- _____, 1904. The flowering of Bamboos. Nature 70: 423-24.
- -----. 1912. The Arundinarias of the hills of Sikkim. Kew Bull. 1912: 135-40.
- ——. 1917. The Himalayan species of Skimmia. Ibid. 1917: 301-03.
- ——. 1920. The Indian species of Mimosa. Ibid. 1920: 1-6, ff. 1-7.
- -----. 1925. New Lauraceæ from Southern India. Ibid. 1925: 126-32.
- —— AND PRAIN, D. 1901. Description of a new Himalayan genus of Orobanchaceæ. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. II 59: 488-99.
- GAMMIE, G. A. 1905-12. The Orchids of the Bombay Presidency. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 16: 429-32 (In all 13 parts were published in this series, with 11 col. plates).
- ——. 1907. The Indian cottons, Mem. Dept. Agric. India Bot. Ser. 2 (2): 1-23, tt. col. 1-14.
- 1911. Millets of the genus Setaria in Bombay Presidency and Sind. 1bid. 4: 1-8.

- Gangolly, S. R. and Singh, D. 1950. Distribution of the mango (Mangifera indica L.) and its varieties. Indian J. Hort. 7: 7-16.
- GARDNER, G. 1846. Observations on the structure and affinities of the plants belonging to the natural order Podostemacea together with a monograph of the Indian species. Calcutta J. Nat. Hist. 7: 165-89.
- GHOSE, B. N. 1953. Orchids of Sikkim. J. Bengal nat. hist. Soc. 26: 33-37.
- GHOSH, S. S. AND CHOWDHURY, K. A. See under Chowdhury and Ghosh.
- GHOSH, R. L. M. AND HUTCHINSON, J. B. 1937. The Classification of the cottons of Asia and Africa. *Indian J. agric. Sci.* 7: 253-57, tt. 12-14. ff. 1-28.
- GHOSE, T. P., GUPTA, B. L. AND KRISHNA, S. 1929. Ephedra. Indian For. 55: 215-26.
- Govindu, H. C. and Thirumalachar, M. J. 1949. Popular and vernacular names of some grasses in Mysore. J. Mysore Univ. 10 B: 17-24.
- ———. 1952. Grass flora of Mysore. Techn. Bull. No. 1, College Agric. Hebbal, Bangalore.
- Gowda, Mari. 1951. The genus *Pittosporum* in the Sino-Indian region. With four text-figures. J. Arnold Arbor. 32: 263-301, 303-43.
- GRAHAM, R. J. D. 1913. List of Grasses and Sedges Found on the Nagpur and Telinkeri Farms Including a Few Common Species from Other Parts of the Provinces, Nagpur.
- Provinces. Mem. Dept. Agric. India, Bot. 6: 209-30.
- GRANT, CAPT. B. 1895. The Orchids of Burma (including the Andaman Islands) described Rangoon,
- Gravely, F. H. AND MAYURANATHAN, P. V. 1931. The Indian species of genus Caralluma (Fam. Asclepiadaceæ). Govt. Mus. Madras Bull. N.S. (Nat. Hist. Sect.) 4(1): 22, tt. 4.
- GRIFFITH, W. 1836. Description of some grasses which form part of the vegetation in the Jheels of the district of Silhet. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 5: 570-75.
- _____. 1838. Report on the Tea plant of Upper Assam. Trans. Agric. Hort. Soc. India 5: 94-180, 3 maps, tt. A-C.
- ———. 1846. On the Indian species of *Balanophora* and on a new genus of the family Balanophoraceæ. *Trans. Linn. Soc.* 20: 93-108, tt. 3-8.
- tt. 229. 1850. Palms of British India...arranged by John M*Clelland, Calcutta,
- GUPTA, B. L., GHOSE, T. P. AND KRISHNA, S. See under Ghose, Gupta and Krishna.
- HAINES, H. H. 1919-21. Indian species of Carissa. Indian For. 45: 375-88, tt. 1-7, 1919; 47: 377-79, 1921.
- HALLBERG, F. AND BLATTER, E. See under Blatter and Hallberg.
- HAMEED, A. 1940. Notes on the orchids of Murrec Hill. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 41: 778-83, tt. 1-9.



- JAIN, S. K. AND RAIZADA, M. B. 1951. The genus Capillipedium n India. Indian For. 77: 747-55, ff. 1-5.
- Janaki Ammal, E. K. 1954. Cyto-geography of the genus Budleia in Asia. Sci. and Cult. 19: 579-81.
- KHAN, A. R. AND A. AND HOWARD, G. L. C. See under Howard and Khan.
- —— AND SHAW, F. J. F. 1929. The types of Capsicum. Mem. Dept. Agric. India Bot. Ser. 16: 59-82, tt. col. 2-5.
- KING, G. 1887. Observations on the genus Ficus with special reference to the Indo-Malayan and Chinese species. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 24: 27-44.
- Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Calcutta 1: i-xii, 1-185, tt. 1-225, 1887-89.
- 1889. The species of Artocarpus indigenous to British India. Ibid. 2: 1-16, tt. 1-14.
- _____. 1889. The Indo-Malayan species of Quercus and Castonopsis. Ibid. 2: 17-107, tt 15-104.
- _____. 1891. The Magnoliaceæ of British India. Ibid. 3: 197-226, tt. 38-74.
- ______. 1891. The species of Myristica of British India. Ibid. 3: 275-331, tt. 106-74.
- ______ 1893. The Anonaceæ of British India Ibid. 4: 1-169, tt. 1-220.
- ______. 1893. On some Indian species of Canarium. J Asiat. Soc. Beng., N.S. II 62: 184-88, tt. 10-13.
- ---- AND PANTLING, R. 1895. On some new orchids from Sikkim. Ibid. 64: 329-44.
- ----. 1896. A second series of new orchids from Sikkim. Ibid. 65: 118-34.
- ______, 1897. Some new Indo-Malayan orchids. Ibid. 66: 578-605.
- -----. 1898. The Orchids of the Sikkim Himalaya. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Calcutta 8: 1-342, tt. 1-444 bis. (Published in 4 vols.)
- AND PRAIN, D. 1896. On Croftia, a new Indo-Chinese genus of Scitamineæ. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng., N.S. II 65: 298-99, t. 9.
- Kostermans, A. J. G. H. 1954. Monograph of the Asiatic, Malaysian, Australian and Pacific species of Mimosaceæ, formerly included in *Pithecolobium Mart. Organ. Sci. Res. Indonesia Bull.* No. 20.
- Kottur, G. L. 1919. Classification and description of the jowars of Bombay Karnatak. Bull. Dept. agric. Bombay, No. 92, Poona.
- Krishnamurthi, S. 1953. Some notes on Citrus taxonomy—description and classification of Citrus species and near relatives. *J. Annamalai Univ.* 18: 173-76.
- Krishnaswamy, N. 1951. Origin and distribution of cultivated plants of South Asia: Millets. *Indian J. Genet. and Pl. Breed.* 11: 67-74.
- Kunnu, B. C. 1938. A note on Hodgsonia capniocarpa Ridley. J. Bot. 76: 364-66.
- 76: 9-14. New species and varieties of Trichosanthes from India. Ibid.

- KUNDU, B. C. 1942. A revision of the India species of Hodgsonia and Trichosanthes. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 43: 362-88.
- Kurz, S. 1866. Note on the plantains of the Indian Archipelago. J. Agric.-Hort. Soc. Ind. 14: 295-301.
- ______. 1867. Revision of the Indian Screw-pines and their allies. J. Bot. 5: 93-106, 125-36.
- 9: 264-68, t. 1.
- in the Indian archipelago. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng., N.S. II 38: 70-85.
- 1869. Remarks on the species of Pandanus. Ibid. 38: 145-5.
- ______. 1874. Note on the Indian species of Cratæva. J. Bot. 12: 193-96, tt. 147-48.
- ______. 1875. Notes on a few new oaks from India. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng., N.S. II 45: 196-98, t. 14.
- ----. 1877. On the species of Glycosmis. J. Bot. 14: 33-40, tt. 174-75.
- LINDLEY, J. 1857-59. Contributions to the orchidology of India. J. Proc. Linn. Soc. 1: 170-90, 1857; 3: 1-63, 1859.
- LISBOA, J. C. 1887. Notes on Mahableshwar and other Indian Arrow-root yielding plants. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 2: 140-47, t. 1.
- 1890-93. List of Bornbay grasses. Ibid. 5: 116-31, 226-32, 337-49, 1890; 6: 189-219, 1891; 7: 357-90, 1892; 8: 107-19, 1893. (Republished in book form under the title List of Rombay Grasses and Their Uses, Bombay, 1896.)
- LISBOA, Mrs. J. C. 1889. Short notes on the odoriferous grasses (Andropogons) of India and Ceylon, with a description of a supposed new species. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 4: 118-24, t. 1.
- _____. 1889. The odoriferous grasses of India and Ceylon. *Indian For.* 15: 283-88.
- new species of Andropogon. J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. 6: 64-71.

 LIVERA, E. J. 1925. The genus Chukrasia. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Peradeniya 9: 307-08.
- 1927. Aeginetiaceæ, a new natural family of flowering plants. *Ibid.* 10: 145-59.
- LLEVELYN, J. T. D. 1904. Himalayan Rhododendrons and their hybrids. J. R. Hort. Soc. 29: 26-31.
- LUDLOW, F. 1951. The Primulas of Kashmir. Ibid. 76: 191-95
- LUSHINGTON, A. W. 1902. Identification of the Loranthaceæ by their leaves. Indian For. 28: 58-68.
- _____, 1910. The genus Citrus. Ibid. 36: 323-53.
- LUSHINGTON, P. M. 1900. Notes on the Sandal Tree in Southern India, Calcutta.
- MACALPINE, R. I. 1932. The identification of the Garjans (Dipterocarpus spp.) Cox's Bazar Division, Bengal. Indian For. 58: 359-61, tt. 17-20.
- MARIES, C. 1902. Indian Mangoes. J. R. Hort. Soc. 26: 755-70.

- MARQUAND, C. V. B. 1937. Contributions to the Gentian flora of South Eastern Tibet, North-East Burma and Bhutan. Kew Bull. 1937: 180-91.
- MAYURANATHAN, P. V. AND GRAVELY, F. H. See under Gravely and Mayuranathan.
- McCann, C. 1930. Notes on some of the wild species of Aroids. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 34:-518-21, ff. 1-2, tt. 1-3.
- 1930. Notes on Tacca pinnatifida, Forst. Ibid. 34: 597-98.
- 1942. Observations on Indian Duckweeds, Lemnaceæ. *Ibid.* 43: 148-62, tt. 9, ff. 1.
- ——. 1942. Occurrence of Synantherias sylvatica Schott in the Bombay Presidency, and notes on some other Araceæ of interest. *Ibid.* 42: 796-99, tt. 1-4.
- 1944. The genus Brachystelma R. Br.: an addition to the flora cf the Bombay Presidency. Ibid. 44: 494-95, t. 1.
- ——. 1945. New species of *Ceropegia* and the synonymy of the Indian species. *Ibid:* 45: 209-11.
- ——. 1945. Notes on the genus Ruppia (Ruppiaceæ). Ibid. 45: 396-402, ff. 12.
- 1946. Field observations on the Sterculias of Bombay Presidency. *Ibid.* 46: 445-53, t. 1.
- McClure, F. A. 1936. The Bamboo genera Dinochloa and Melocalamus. Kew Bull. 1936: 251-54.
- MERRILL, E. D. AND FREEMAN, F. L. See under Freeman and Merrill.
- AND PERRY, L. M. 1938. On the Indo-Chinese species of Syzygium Gaertner. J. Arnold Arbor. 19: 99-116.
- METCALF, F. P. 1941. Notes on Cayratia and Tetrastigma. J.R. Asiat. Soc. Beng. 7: 57-59.
- MIDDLETON, T. H. 1895. Descriptions on certain Indian botanical forms of cotton (Gossypium). Agric. Ledg. 9: 1-27.
- MILLARD, W. S. 1911. The varieties of *Hibiscus* cultivated in gardens. *J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc.* 20: 892-94.
- MILLER, G. A. 1905. The orchids in the collection of St. Joseph's College, North Point. The North Point Ann. 1905: 97-128.
- MILNE, D. 1918. The Date Palm and Its Cultivation in the Punjab (Place of publication?)
- MITRA, J. N. 1952. Review and revision of Commelinacea of Eastern India. Bull. bot. Soc. Beng. 6: 63-70.
- MOONEY, H. F. 1947. The occurrence of some indigenous species of Rosaceæ in Bihar, Orissa and the neighbouring states. J. Indian bot. Soc. 27: 75-83.
- MUDALIAR, C. R. 1953. Studies in the nomenclature of South Indian cucurbits, Cucurbita spp. South Indian Hort. 1: 13-24.
- MUKERJEE, S. K. 1940. A revision of the Labiatæ of the Indian Empire. Rec. bot. Surv. India 14 (1): 1-228, i-viii.
- India. J. Indian bot. Soc. 21: 313-17, f. 1.

- MUKERJEE, S. K. 1953. The genus Moghania St. Hill. in India and Burma. Bull. bot. Soc. Beng. 6(1): 8-24.
- bot. Gdn. Edinburgh 21: 149-54.
- MUKHERJEE, S. K. 1948. The varieties of Mango (Mangifera indica L.) and their classification. Bull. bot. Soc. Beng. 2: 101-33, ff. 1-36.
- . 1949. A monograph on the genus Mangifera L. Lloydia 12: 73-136.
- _____. 1949. The Mango and its relatives. Sci. and Cult. 15: 5-9.
 - ——. 1950. Wild Mangoes of India. *Ibid.* 15: 469-71.
- ——. 1950. Survey and collection of wild sugarcane relatives from India. *Indian Farm.* 11: 404-07.
- nomy. J. Indian bot. Soc. 30: 49-55.
- _______. 1953. Origin, distribution and phylogenetic affinity of the species of Mangifera L. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 55: 65-83, maps 3.
- MUNNS, E. N. 1925. The varieties of Acacia arabica. Indian For. 51: 180-81.
- Munro, W. 1861. On the identification of the grasses of Linnaeus's herbarium... J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 6: 35-55.
- 1868? A monograph of the Bambusaceæ, including descriptions of all the species. Trans. Linn. Soc. 26: 1-157, tt. 1-6.
- MURTHI, S. N. AND DESAI, M. C. See under Desai and Murthi.
- NAIK, K. C. 1941. South Indian Mangoes. Bull. No. 24, Dept. agric. Madras.
- —— AND GANGOLLY, S. R. 1950. A Monograph on Classification and Nomenclature of South Indian Mangoes, Madras.
- NANAYAKARA, K. D. S. S. AND CHANDARATNA, M. F. See under Chandaratna and Nanayakara.
- Nandi, H. K. 1937. Studies in the Podostemaceæ of Khasi Hills, Assam. J. Dept. Sci. Calcutta Univ. 1 (1): 25-51.
- NARAYANASWAMI, V. 1940. A note on Cassia javanica L. and Cassia nodosa Ham. with a key to the cultivated Cassias. J. R. Asiat. Soc. Beng., II 6: 31-38, ff. 1-2.
- AND SESHAGIRI RAO, R. 1951. A preliminary note on the Indo-Burmese species of Grewia Linn, J. Indian bot. Soc. 29: 177-90.
- NAYAR, B. K. AND P. N. 1952. On the range of hosts of Cassytha fillformis Linn. Sci. and Cult. 17: 383-84.
- Nees von Essenbeck, C. G. 1832. Acanthaceæ Indiæ Orientalis. (In Wallich, Pl. Asiat. Rar. 3: 70-117.)
- Bot. Mag. 2: 310-13.
- 1837. Monograph of the East Indian Solanaceæ. Trans. Linn. Soc. 17; 37-82.
- -----, 1841. Lepidagathidis... illustratio monographica, Vratislaviæ ad Viadrum.

- OLIVER, D. 1859. The Indian species of Utricularia. J. and Proc. Linn. Soc. 3: 170-90.
- ______. 1861. The natural order Aurantiaceæ, with a synopsis of the Indian species. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 5: Suppl. 1-44.
- PAMPANINI, R. 1927-32. Materiali per lo studio delle Artemisia asiatiche. Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. N.S. 34: 632-713, 1927; 36: 375-88, 1929; 39: 19, 1932.
- PANTLING, R. AND KING, G. See under King and Pantling.
- Parkinson, C.E. 1934. The Indian species of Xylocarpus. Indian For. 60:136-43, tt. 15-17.
- ————. 1936. On some little known and confused Indian Terminalias. *Ibid.* 62: 406-09.
- 1937. Indian Terminalias of the section *Pentaptera*. Indian For. Rec. 1 (1): 1-27, tt. 1-3.
- AND RAIZADA, M. B. 1933. Indian Wendlandias. Indian For. 59: 349-72, tt. 19-20.
- PARKER, R. N. 1913. Eucalyptus in North-West India. Ibid. 39: 81-86.
- Bull. 1921. N.W. Himalayan Astragali of the subgenus Aegacantha, Kew Bull. 1921: 266-70.
- _____. 1925. The genus Sonneratia. Indian For. 51: 505-10.
- . 1929. Indian climbing Acacias of the Casia group. Ibid. 55; 325-33. (On the same subject see Craib in Kew Bull. 1915: 407 seq.)
- -----. 1929. The Indian species of Nyssa, Linn. Indian For. 55: 642-45.
- -----. 1932. The genus Cymbopogon in North-West India. Ibid. 58: 687-89
- 1937. Notes on *Ulmus villosa* and other Elms in the North-West Himalayas. *Ibid.* 63: 729-31.
- PATEL, J. S. 1938. The Coconut. A Monograph, Madras.
- PATEL, M. L. AND G. B. 1928. Studies in the Jowars of Gujerat. Mem. Dept. Agric. India, Bot. 16: 1-57, tt. 1-6.
- Pennell, F. W. 1943. The Scrophulariacea of the Western Himalayas. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia, Monogr. No. 5.
- PERRY, L. M. AND MERRILL, E. D. See under Merrill and Perry.
- Petch, T. 1929. Notes on Cryptocoryne. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Peradeniya 11: 11-26, tt. 2-5.
- PHATAK, M. G. AND SABNIS, T. S. 1935. A preliminary note on the classification of cultivated Indian mustards. *Indian J. agric. Sci.* 5: 559-79.
- ----. 1935. A note on the classification of Indian Safflower. Ibid. 5: 705-14.
- Prain, D. 1890. The species of *Pedicularis* of the Indian Empire and its frontiers. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Calcutta 3: i-iv, 1-196, tt. 1-37, map.
- tt. 75-105. An account of the genus Gomphostemma, Wall. Ibid. 3: 227-73,
- 3: 570-87. A revision of the genus Chelidonium. Bull. Herb. Boissier.
- . 1895. An account of the genus Argemone. J. Bot. 33: 1 9-35, 176-78 207-09, 307-12, 325-33, 363-71.

- Prain, D. 1897. Note on the races of wheat cultivated in Bengal. Agric. Ser. No. 2, Dept. Land Rec. and agric. Bengal, Bull. No. 3. (Reprinted in Bot. Nat. Pap. 121-39, 1901.)
- . 1898. A note on the mustards cultivated in Bengal. *Ibid. Bull.* No. 4. (Also in Agric. Ledg. 1898, No. 38; also in Bot. Nat. Pap. 145-222, 1901.)
- ——. 1900. Report on the Indian species of *Pterocarpus*. Stray Leaves, Calcutta (issued as an appendix to *Indian For*. 26).
- NS. II 69: 175-86. (See also "The Asiatic species of Ormosia." Ibid. 73: 45-46, 1904.)
- -----. 1904. The species of Dalbergia of South-Eastern Asia. Ann. R. bot Gdn. Calcutta 10: i-iv, 1-114, tt. 1-91.
- -----. 1904. Notes on the Roxburghiaceæ, with a description of a new species of Stemona. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng., N.S. II 73: 39-44.
- -----. 1906. A review of the genera Meconopsis and Catheartia. Ann. Bot 20: 323-70, tt. 24-25.
- -----. 1907. Meconopsis, Papaveracearum genus, speciebus nonnullis aucta. Fedde, Repert. 4: 217-22.
- 1908. A new species of Butea, with notes on the genus. Kew Bull 1908: 381-87.
- tt. 2. 1915. Some additional species of *Meconopsis*. *Ibid.* 1915: 129-77.
- . 1899-1904. Noviciæ Indicæ. J. Asiat. Soc. Beng., N.S. II,
 - 1. Some additional species of *Pedicularis*. 58: 255-78, 1889.
 - 2. An additional species of Ellipanthus. 59: 208-10, t. 8, 1890.
 - 3. Some additional species of Labiatæ. 59: 294-318, 1890.
 - 4. Two additional species of Glyptopetalum. 60: 206-10, 1891.
 - 6. A review of the genus Colquhonia. 62: 30-38, 1893.
 - 7. Description of a new species of *Meconopsis* from Sikkim. 63: 81-82, 1894.
 - 8. Some additional species of Convolvulaceæ. 63: 83-115, 1894.
 - 9. Some additional Papaveraceæ. 64: 303-27, 1895.
 - 10. Some additional Fumariaceæ, 65: 10-41, 1896.
 - 11. Two additional species of Lagotis. 65: 57-66, tt. 1-2, 1896.
 - 12. Description of a new genus of Orchidaceæ, 65; 106-07, 1896.
 - Further notes on Indian Convolvulaceæ with descriptions of three additional species. 65: 536-39, 1896.
 - 14. Some additional Solanaceæ. 65: 541-43, 1896.
 - 15. Some additional Leguminosæ. 66: 347-518, 1897.
 - 16. More additional species of Labiatæ. 66: 518-22, 1897,
 - 17. The Asiatic species of Dalbergia. 70: 39-65, 1901.
 - 18. Some additional Scrophulariaceæ. 72: 11-23, 1903.

- 19. Four orchids new to the Indian Flora. 73: 189-91, 199.
- 20. Some new Indian plants. 73: 192-207, tt. 7-8, 1904.
- PRAIN, D. AND BURKILL, I. H. See under Burkill and Prain.
- AND DRUMMUND, J. R. See under Drummond and Prain.
- AND GAMBLE, J. S. See under Gamble and Prain.
- AND KING, G. See under King and Prain.
- Puri, G. S. 1948. The genus Buxus in India. Indian For. 74: 354-57.
- RAIZADA, M. B. 1942. New or noteworthy Apocynaceæ from India and Burma. *Indian For.* 68: 361-68, t. 23.
- t. 1.
- ______. 1951. Filipedium, a new genus of Gramineæ. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 49: 682-84, t. 1.
- 73-81. The genus Capillipedium in India. Indian Far. Rec. (Bot.) 4 (4):
- ------. 1954. Grasses of the Upper Gangetic Plain and some aspects of their ecology. *Indian For.* 80: 24-46.
- AND BHARADWAJA, R. C. See under Bharadwaja and Raizada.
- AND CHATTERII, R. N. See under Chatterji and Raizada.
- AND JAIN, S. K., See under Jain and Raizada.
- AND PARKINSON, C. E. See under Parkinson and Raizada.
- AND SHAHI, R. The genus Aegopodium Linn. from India. J. Indian bot. Soc. 30: 75-79.
- RAMASWAMI, S. 1950. Indian canes (rattans). Indian For. 76: 159-63.
- RANGACHARIAR, K. AND TADULINGAM, C. 1918. A note on certain species of Sporobolus and Chloris. Madras Agric. Dept. Year Book 1918: 69-84.
- . 1921. A Handbook of South Indian Grasses, Madras.
- RAO, P. S. J. 1923. A note on South Indian Loranthaceæ and their host plants. Indian For. 49: 416-28, tt. 16-17.
- RIBBENTROP, B. 1885. Report on the Box-wood supply in the Punjab. *Ibid.* 11: 25-28.
- Rock, J. F. 1922. The Chaulmoogra tree and some related species; a survey conducted in Siam, Burma, Assam and Bengal. U.S. Dept. Agric. Bull. No. 1957, 1-29, tt. 1-16.
- ROXBURGH, W. 1812. Descriptions of several of the monandrous plants of India... Asiat. Res. (London edit.) 11: 318-62, tt. 1-6.
- ROYLE, J. F. 1850. Report on the progress of the culture of the China tea plant in the Himalayas, from 1835 to 1847. J. R. Asiat. Soc. 12: 125-52.

- ROYLE, J. F. 1851. On the Culture and Commerce of Cotton in India and Elsewhere, with an Account of the Experiments made by the Hon. East India Company, London.
- RYAN, G. M. 1899. The spread of Loranthus in the Konkan. Indian For. 25: 472-76.
- SABNIS, T. S. 1936. Studies in Indian Millets. The types of Jowar isolated at the Govt. Research Farm, Cawnpore. Agric. and Livestock in India 6 (4).
- --- AND PHATAK, M. G. See under Phatak and Sabais.
- SAKHARAM RAO, J. AND CHANDRASEKHAR MUDALIAR, C. See under Chandrasekhar Mudaliar and Sakharam Rao.
- Santapau, H. 1944-52. The flowering of Strobilanthes. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 44: 605, 1944; 49: 320-21, 575-76, 1950; 50: 430-31, 1952.
- ______. 1946. Artificial key to the Composite of Bombay Presidency. *Indian Ecol.* 1(1): 63-66.
- ______. 1947. Notes on the Convolvulaceæ of Bombay. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 47: 337-54.
- _____. 1948. Notes on the Solanaceæ of Bombay. Ibid. 47: 652-62.
- . 1949. Artificial key to the Papilionaceæ of Bombay Province. *Ibid.* 48; 277-82.
- ———. 1949. Notes on the Gesneriaceæ of Bombay. Ibid. 48: 489-92.
- _____. 1950. Notes on the Scrophulariaceæ of Bombay. Ibid. 49: 25-49.
- . 1950. Notes on the Lentibulariaceæ of Bombay. Ibid. 49: 217-21.
- _____. 1951. The genus Dioscorea in Bombay State. Ibid. 49: 624-36, tt. 1-3.
- -----. 1952. Critical notes on the identity and nomenclature of some Bombay plants. *Ibid.* 50: 305-12.
- _____. 1953. The genus Dipteracanthus Nees in India, Indian For, 79; 321-23.
- plants. II. The genus Zizyphus Mill. J. Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 51: 801-04.
- _____. 1954. The species of Crotalaria in Bombay. Ibid. 51: 960-63.
- ______, 1955. The genus Murdannia in Bombay State. Ibid. 52: 658.
- SAXENA, B. P. AND SETHI, R. L. 1930. Classification and study of characters of the cultivated rices in the United Provinces. *Mem. Dept. agric. India Bot.* 18 (6): 149-209, tt. 1-6.
- SAYED, I. A. 1940. Botanical study of exotic pineapple varieties. *J. Univ. Bombay* 8 (5 B): 75-81.
- SEDGWICK, L. J. 1914. A list of grasses from Ahmedabad and Surat...

 Bombay nat. hist. Soc. 23: 110-17.
- For. 45: 67-74. On the species of Zizyphus in the Bombay Presidency. Indian

- SEDGWICK, L. J. 1919. On the Alysicarpus rugosus DC, and its allied species. J. Indian Bot. 1: 14-18.
- Seshagiri Rao, R. 1953. A revision of the Indo-Malayan species of Chonemorpha G. Don. J. Indian bot. Soc. 32: 34-45, ff. 1-4.
- SETHI, R. L. AND SAXENA, B. P. See under Saxena and Sethi.
- SHAHI, R. AND RAIZADA, M. B. See under Raizada and Shahi.
- SHAW, F. F. AND Bose, R. D. 1928. Studies in Indian Pulses. I. Lentil (Ervum lens Linn.). Mem. Dept. agric. India Bot. 16 (6): 159-89, tt. 1-4.
- AND KHAN, A. R. See under Khan and Shaw.
- --- AND RAM, K. 1932. Studies in Indian Tobaccos. No. 7. The types of Nicotiana tabacum Linn. Indian J. agric. Sci. 2: 345-57, tt. 30-35.
- Shebbeare, E. O. 1930. The Malatas of Northern Bengal. Indian For. 56: 1-5, t. 1. (Malata = Maccaranga sp.)
- 1934. The conifers of the Sikkim Himalaya and adjoining country. *Ibid.* 60: 710-13.
- SHERRIFF, G. AND TAYLOR, G. 1940. Some Himalayan Primulas. Quart. Bull. Alpine Gdns. Soc. 8: 111-19.
- SHORT, J. 1888. A Monograph on the Coconut Palm, or Cocos nucifera. Illustrated, Madras.
- SINGH, D. AND GANGOLLY, S. R. See under Gangolly and Singh.
- SINGH, L. AND S. 1939. The distinguishing characters and behaviour of some grape vine varieties introduced at Lyallpur in the Punjab. *Indian J. agric. Sci.* 10: 552-99, ff. 1-3.
- Singh, S. 1951. The nomenclature and distinctive characters of some Citrus rootstocks tried in the Punjab. *Ibid.* 21: 1-9.
- SINHA, J. C. 1931. Jute in the early British days. J. Astat. Soc. Beng. 27 149-56, tt. 2-7.
- SMITH, A. C. 1941. Notes on Old World Hippocrateaceæ. J. Arnold Arboi 28: 438-43.
- SPRAGUE, T. A. AND DRUMMOND, J. R. See under Drummond and Sprague.
- STAPF, O. 1892. On the Sonerilem of Asia. Ann. Bot. 6: 291-320, t. 17.
- ______. 1904. Himalayan Bamboos. Gdn. Chron. 35: 305-06, 225-26, 340, 356, 409.
- _______. 1905. The Aconites of India: a monograph. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Calcutta 10 (2): i-ii, 115-97, tt. 92-116.
- . 1906. The oil-grasses of India and Ceylon. Kew Bull. 1906: 297-463.
- STEBBINS, G. L. 1939. Notes on some Indian species of Lactuca. Indian For. Rec. 1 (6): 237-45, ff. 1-3.
- the Sino-Himalayan region. Mem. Torrey bot. Cl. 19 (3): 1-76.
- STEPHENSON, C. C. S. 1940. A Manual of Tropical Citrus Culture (Peradeniya; first English edition, 1940; Tamil edit. 1941; second English edit., 1942).
- STEWARD, A. N. 1930. Polygonaceæ of East Asia, Contrib. Gray Herb. 88: 1-129, tt. 1-4.

- STEWART, R. R. 1945. The grasses of North-West India. Brittonia 5: 404-68.
- STIBAL, P. 1936. Revision der indischen und tibetanischen Arten der Gattung Salvia L. Fedde, Repert 39: 173-86.
- STONOR, C. R. AND ANDERSON, E. 1949. Maize among the hill peoples of Assam, Ann. Missouri bot. Gdn. 36: 355-404, tt. 18-22, ff. 1-5.
- Suxena, M. R. Date? A Study of the Grasses in H.E.H. the Nizam's Dominions, Hyderabad-Deccan.
- SWAMY, B. G. L. 1953. A taxonomic revision of the genus Ascarina For. Proc. nat. Inst. Sci. India 19: 371-88, ff. 1-8.
- Symonds, T. J. 1886. Indian Grasses... illustrated with lithographic plates. Second edition, revised and enlarged, Madras.
- TADULINGAM, C. 1918. Preliminary note on the grasses growing in coconut stations—Kasargod Taluk, South Kanara. *Madras Agric. Year Book* 1918: 87-92.
- --- AND RANGACHARIAR, K. See under Rangachariar and Tadulingam.
- TANAKA, T. 1929. Chalcas, a linneau genus which includes many new types of Asiatic plants. J. Soc. Trop. Agric. Taiwan 1: 23-42.
- Aurantiacearum VI). J. Bot. 68: 225-36.
- . 1937. Further revision of Rutaceæ—Aurantioideæ of India and Ceylon. (Revisio Aurantiacearum VIII). J. Indian bot. Soc. 16: 227-40.
- TAYLOR, C. S. AND WOODHOUSE, E. J. 1912. The varieties of Soy beans found in Bengal, Behar and Orissa and their commercial possibilities. Mem. agric. Dept. India 5: 103-76.
- TAYLOR, G. AND SHERRIFF, G. See under Sherriff and Taylor.
- THEIN, M. M. AND YANG, P. 1953. The grasses of Rangoon University estate. J. Burma Res. Soc. 36 (Pt. I): 21-59.
- THRUMALACHAR, M. J. AND GOVINDU, H. C. See under Govindu and Thirumalachar,
- THISELTON DYER, W. Y. 1878. Introduction of rubber plants into India. Indian For. 4: 42-46.
 - THOMSON, T. 1867. On two new genera of Composite Mutisiace from India. J. Linn. Soc. 9: 342-44, tt. 3-4.
- Thurston, E. 1894. The palmyra palm, its occurrence, cultivation and uses. Agri. Ledg. 1894, No. 20.
- THWAITES, G. H. K. 1854. Note on the genus Ancistrocladus of Wallich. Trans. Linn. Soc. 21: 225-26.
- TIWARI, S. D. N. 1954. The grasses of Madhya Pradesh. *Indian For.* 80: 601-11, 681-89.
- Toppin, S. M. 1920. Notes on the Balsams of Chitral and the Kachin Hills. Kew Bull. 1920: 345-67, ff. 20.
- TSE-TSUN-YU. 1954. Cotoneasters from the Eastern Himalayas. Bull. British Mus. (Nat. Hist.) 1 (5): 123-42, tt. 3-4.
- TSITSIN, N. V. 1940. Wheat and Couch grass hybrids. Sci. and Cult. 6: 18-20,
- VENKATARAMANI, K. S. 1946. Studies on Indian Bananas: I. A descriptive study of twenty-four varieties. *Proc. Indian Acad. Sci.* 23 B: 113-28.

- VENKATARAMANI, K. S. 1950. Classification of the bananas—a resume, Madras agric. J. 37: 439-47.
- ______. 1955. The Banana complex. J. Indian bot. Soc. 34: 79-84.
- Venkatesh, C. S. 1947. Key to the Composite of Bangalore. J. Mysore Univ. 8 B: 1-8.
- WALKER-ARNOTT, G. A. 1836. New species of Indian Balsamineæ. Hook. Comp. bot. Mag. 1: 320-25, t. 18.
- 1837. Synopsis of the East Indian species of *Drosera* and *Parnasia*.

 18id. 2: 313-15.
- WARD, F. KINGDON. 1930. The distribution of Primulas from the Himalaya to China, with descriptions of some new species. Ann. Bot. 44: 111-25.
- Watt, G. 1882. On some undescribed and imperfectly known Indian species of *Primula* and *Androsace. J. and Proc. Linn. Soc.* 20: 1-18, tt. 1-18.
- ——. 1904. Coix spp. or Job's Tears. A review of all available information. Agric. Ledg. 11: 189-229.
- of the Genus Gossypium..., London,
- Wight, H. 1904. The genus Diospyros in Ceylon: its morphology, anatomy and taxonomy. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Peradeniya 2: 1-106, 134-210, tt. 1-20.
- Wight, R. 1840. Remarks on the fruit of the natural order Cucurbitaceæ. *Madras J. Litt. and Sci.* 12: 43-54, t. 1.
- ——. 1840. Remarks on Cambogia gutta (Linn.); Stalagmitis cambogioides, (Murray); and on Laurus Cassia (Linn.). Hook. J. Bot. 2: 324-42.
- abridged from DeCandolle's Prodromus—with a few additions and occasional notes. Calcutta J. nat. hist. 7: 287-322.
- ---- AND GARDNER, G. 1845. Observations on the structure and affinities of the genus Azima of Lamarck. *Ibid.* 6: 49-56.
- WILLIS, J. C. 1902. A revision of the Podostemaceæ of India and Ceylon. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Peradeniya 1: 181-250.
- WITT, D. O. 1911. List of Fodder-grasses Found in the Berar Forest Circle... Allahabad. (See also Illustrations of Grasses, by the same author, no date, no place of publication.)
- Woodhouse, E. J. 1909. The Mangos of Bhagalpur. Quart. J. Dept. agric. Beng. 2: 168-87.
- --- AND TAYLOR, C. S. See under Taylor and Woodhouse.
- Woodrow, M. 1904. The Mango: Its Culture and Varieties, Paisley.
- WRIGHT, H. L. 1914. Eucalyptus experiments in the Simla Hills. *Indian For.* 40: 360-65.
- YAMAZAKI, T. 1954. New Pedicularis from Nepal collected by Sasuke Nakao. Acta Phytot. and Geobot. 15: 147-48.
- YANG, P. AND THEIN, M. M. See under Thein and Yang.

Anonymous Papers

- 1869. The Cocoanut Tree and Its Cultivation, Cottayam.
- 1882. The Cultivation of Cinchona in Ceylon. Trop. Agric. 2: 187-89.
- 1902. A Preliminary List of Grasses Indigenous to Southern India (no place of publication indicated).
- 1910. Literature on the races of rice in India. Agric. Ledg. 1: 1-594.
- 1931. Introduction of Cinchona in India. Kew Bull. 1931: 113-17.
- 1949. Varieties and forms of the Cocoanut—(Cocos nucifera Linn.). Madras agric. J. 36: 349-66.

Supplement

- Bonnier, G. 1905. Les plantes des Nilgherries comparées à cèlles des environs de Paris. Rev. Gen. Bot. Paris 17: 289-303.
- 1905. Les plantes du plateau des Nilgherries. C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris 140: 975-80.
- Bor, N. L. 1955. The genus Digitaria Heist, in India and Burma. Webbia 11: 301-67, tt. 1-2.
- Brown, R. N. 1907. Forest trees, palms and plants noticed at the Mergui Archipelago. Scot. Geogr. Mag. 23: 463-83.
- BRUCE, C. W. 1921. The forests of Burma. (In Scott's Burma..., 3rd edit., pp. 219-36.)
- BUCHANAN, F. 1819. An Account of the Kingdom of Nepal and of the Territories Annexed to this Dominion by the House of the Gorkha, Edinburgh.
- 1820. An Account of Assam, with Some Notices Concerning the Neighbouring Territories, London.
- published, in the *Transact*. Linnean Society, London, between 1822 and 1837.)
- BURKILL, I. H. 1909. A Working List of the Flowering Plants of Baluchistan, Calcutta.
- CALDER, C. C. 1937. An outline of the vegetation of India. Outl. Field Sci. India, 25th Anniv. Indian Sci. Congr. 71-91.
- CLARKE, F. C. H. 1888. Key to the Natural Orders of the Chief Ceylon Trees and Undergrowth, Colombo.
- CLARKE, C. B. 1898. On the subsubareas of British India, illustrated by the detailed distribution of the Cyperaceæ in that Empire. J. Linn. Soc. (Bot.) 34: 1-146.
- Collett, H. and Botting Hemsley, W. 1890. On the collection of plants from Upper Burma and the Shan States. *Ibid.* 28: 1-150, tt. 22, map.
- COMMELYN, C. 1696. Flora malabarica seu horti malabarici catalogus, Lugd. Batay
- DE, R. N. 1923. Assam to Burma across the hills. Indian For. 49: 529-37.
- HAMILTON, A. 1912. In Abor jungles, being an account of the Abor Expedition, the Mishimi Mission and the Miri Mission, London.
- HARVEY, W. H. 1854. Ceylon Botanic Gardens, Colombo.

- HOFMEISTER, W. 1848. Travels in Ceylon and Continental India including Nepal and Other Parts of the Himalayas to the Borders of Tibet. With appendices, Edinburgh. (Append. 2: On the Vegetation of the Himalayan Mountains.)
- HOOKER, J. D. 1854. Notes of a Naturalist in Bengal, London, 2 vols.
- HOPWOOD, J. C. 1919. The Forest Timbers of Tavoy, Rangoon.
- IVES, E. 1773. A Voyage from England to India in the Year 1754 and an Historical Narrative... Also...a description of most of the trees, shrubs and plants of Lil India with their real or supposed medicinal virtues, London.
- KAPADIA, G. A. 1947. A note on Porbandar grasses. J. Gujerat Res. Soc. 9: 122-30.
- _____. 1950. Plant life in Mahagujerat. Ibid. 11-12: 191-225, tt. 1-11.
- -----. 1954. Timber wealth of Mahagujerat. J. Gujerat Res. Soc. 16: 3-25.
- _____. 1954. Notes on Kutch grasses. Ibid. 16: 329-40.
- King, G. 1893. A short account of Colonel Kyd, the founder of the Royal Botanic Garden. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Calcutta 4: portrait, i-xi.
- 1895: A brief memoir of William Roxburgh, author of the Flora Indica.

 1bid. 5 (2): portrait, 1-9.
- Lace, J. H. 1923. List of Trees, Shrubs and Principal Climbers, etc., recorded from Burma, Rangoon. (This is 2nd edit.)
- LINNAEUS, C. 1748. Flora Zeylanica, Amsterdam.
- MARTIN, M. 1838. The History, Antiquities, Topography...of Eastern India... in Relation to Their Geology, Mineralogy, Botany, Agriculture.., London, 3 vols.
- MASON, F. 1851. Flora Burmanica.
- ——. 1852. Tenasserim: Fauna, Flora, Minerals and Nation of Burma and Pegu, Moulmein.
- MAYNARD, F. P. AND PRAIN, D. 1897. A note on the botany of the Baluch-Afghan Boundary Commission, 1896. Rec. bot. Surv. India 1: 125-37.
- MURRAY, J. A. 1881. The Plants and Drugs of Sind, being a Systematic Account, with Descriptions, of the Indigenous Flora, and Notices of the Value and Uses of Their Products in Commerce, Medicine and the Arts, London and Bombay.
- Prain, D. 1905. A sketch of the life of Francis Hamilton (once Buchanan) sometime Superintendent of the Honourable Company's Botanic Garden, Calcutta. Ann. R. bot. Gdn. Calcutta 10: i-lxxv. (On pages lxiii-lxviii there is a complete bibliography of the works of Hamilton.)
- RANSONET, D. 1867. Sketches of the Inhabitants, Animal Life and Vegetation in the Low Lands and High Mountains of Ceylon, London.
- RHEEDE TOT DRAAKENSTEIN, H. VAN. 1686... Horti Malabarici pars prima, de variis arboribus et fruticibus siliquosis... Amsterdam, 12 vols.
- . 1689. Malabaarse Kruidhof, Vervattende het reetate slag van allerle soort van Planten..., Amsterdam.
- RIDLEY, H. N. 1942. Distribution areas of the Indian floras. 150th. Anniv. Vol. R. bot. Gdn. Calcutta 49-52.
- RODGER, A. 1921. A Hand-Book of the Forest Products of Burma, Rangoon.

- ROXBURGH, W. 1815. Observations of the Late Dr. William Roxburgh...on the various specimens of fibrous vegetables, the produce of India, which may prove valuable substitutes for Hemp and Flax, on some future day, in Europe. Edited by a friend, London.
- SONNERAT, P. 1806. Voyage aux Index orientales et à la Chine, Paris, 4 vols. tt. 140.
- STOLICZKA, F. 1866. Ueber den Charakter der Flora und Fauna von Chini, nordestl. Himalaya, Viena.
- SIMONDS, P. L. AND SYMONDS, G. J. 1879. Catalogue of Works on Tropical and Economic Botany, London.

Torfrida	AND DA	ART, M	I. 194	14. <i>Fl</i> o	wering	Trees of Inc	lia, Bomba	у.	
1944. Wild Flowers of India, Bombay.									
WARD, F. KINGDON. 1921. In Farthest Burma, London.									
	1923.	From	the Y	angtze	to the	Irrawaddy.	Geogr. J.	62:	6–20.
	1923.	The M	fystery	Rivers	of Tib	et, London.			